

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Group maintains a prudent and sustainable financial structure to ensure that it will be able to access adequate capital at favourable terms. The Group's core businesses, F&B and P&P, as well as dividends from Vinamilk are its main sources of cash flows.

Management monitors the Group's cash flow position, debt maturity profile, cost of funds, interest rate exposures and overall liquidity position on a continual basis. To ensure that F&N has adequate overall liquidity to finance its operations and investments, it maintains a significant amount of available banking facilities with many banks. The Group's Debt Issuance Programmes also provide F&N continued access to the debt capital markets.

As at 30 Sep 2025, the Group's borrowings, net of cash, increased from \$635.5M to \$725.0M during the year as cash reserves were reduced due to capital expenditure incurred in relation to the Group's integrated dairy farm in Malaysia and dairy plant in Cambodia. Consequently, the Group's net gearing increased to 0.22 times of total equity. Cash generative businesses, adequate funding sources and debt headroom continue to put F&N in a good position to tap further growth opportunities.

Interest cost in FY2025 was \$43.0M, up from \$42.1M in the prior year due to higher interest rates upon refinancing of maturing borrowings.

SOURCE OF FUNDING

Besides cash flow from its businesses, the Group also relies on the debt capital markets, the equity market and bilateral banking facilities for its funding. As at 30 Sep 2025, the Group has an aggregate banking facility of \$1.3B, and \$3.4B in Debt Issuance Programmes to meet its funding requirements.

AVAILABLE BANK LINES AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

The Group maintains an active relationship with a network of more than 15 banks of various nationalities, located in various countries where the Group operates. Its principal bankers are Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited, DBS Bank Ltd, Crédit Industriel et Commercial, Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Ltd and MUFG Bank Ltd.

The Group adopts the philosophy of engaging the banks as its core business partners. It has very strong support from its relationship banks across all segments of

the Group's businesses. Total banking facilities (utilised and unutilised) extended to the Group, as at 30 Sep 2025, amounted to \$1.3B. The principal bankers of the Group provided 73% of these banking facilities. All banking relationships for the Group are maintained by Corporate Treasury in Singapore.

DEBT CAPITAL MARKETS

The Group has a \$2.0B multi-currency debt issuance programme and a \$0.5B short-term commercial paper programme in Singapore. The Group also has an Islamic commercial paper programme ("ICP Programme"), and an Islamic medium term notes programme ("IMTN Programme"), with an aggregate limit of RM3.0B, in Malaysia to tap the debt capital markets.

The Group does not expect refinancing issues for its \$351.6M loans maturing within one year. These borrowings can be repaid with the Group's existing cash balances or refinanced with existing revolving credit facilities.

MATURITY PROFILE OF GROUP DEBT (EXCLUDES FINANCE LEASES)

Time to maturity	\$'million
< 1 year	351.6
1-2 years	159.1
2-5 years	577.8
> 5 years	0
Total	1,088.5

INTEREST RATE PROFILE AND DERIVATIVES

The Group manages its interest costs by maintaining a mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings. On a portfolio basis, 83% of the Group's borrowings are in fixed rates, with an average fixed rate tenor of 2.8 years as at 30 Sep 2025. The fixed-rate borrowings consist largely of fixed-rate notes issued under the Group's Debt Issuance Programme and bilateral bank term loans that have been hedged with interest rate swaps. The remaining 17% of the Group's borrowings are in floating rates.

In managing the interest rate profile, the Group considers the interest rate outlook, expected cash flow generated from its business operations, holding period of long-term investments and acquisition and divestment plans.

The Group makes use of interest rate derivatives for the purpose of hedging

interest rate risks and managing its portfolio of fixed and floating rate borrowings from time to time. It does not engage in trading of interest rate derivatives. The Group's total interest rate derivatives and the mark-to-market values as at 30 Sep 2025 are disclosed in the financial statement in Note 37.

GEARING AND NET INTEREST COVER

The Group aims to keep its net gearing ratio below 0.8 times of total equity and maintain a net debt to EBITDA of below 3.5 times. As at 30 Sep 2025, the Group has net gearing of 0.22 times of total equity and a net debt to EBITDA of 1.83 times. Total interest expense for the year amounted to \$43.0M. The total interest income credited to profit statement for the year was \$10.4M. The interest coverage ratio for FY2025 was at 7.17 times.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND DERIVATIVES

The Group has exposure to foreign currency risks as a result of transactions denominated in foreign currencies arising from operational, financing and investment activities. Where exposures are certain, it is the Group's policy to hedge these risks. For those exposures that are less certain in their timing and extent, it is the Group's policy to cover 50% to 90% of anticipated exposures for a maximum period of 12 months forward. The Group uses foreign exchange forward contracts and certain currency derivatives to manage these foreign currency risks.

The Group does not engage in the trading of foreign currencies and foreign currency derivatives. The Group uses foreign currency contracts and derivatives solely for hedging actual underlying foreign currency requirements in accordance with hedging limits set by the Audit and the Board Committees under the Group Treasury Policy. These policies are reviewed regularly to ensure that the Group Treasury Policy are in line with its current needs, objectives and strategy of the businesses. The Group's foreign currency contracts and derivatives and mark-to-market values as at 30 Sep 2025 are disclosed in the financial statement in Note 37.

The Group does not hedge the foreign currency risks of its investments in overseas subsidiaries, joint venture and associated companies. Such investments are long term in nature and therefore not feasible and economical to hedge. The Group only hedges dividends payable from its overseas subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies.