

TOWARDS A **SUSTAINABLE FUTURE**















20 new F&B products launched in FY2016

7.5¢
Earnings Per
Share (Basic)^{1,2}
+70%





Notes:

Key Highlights

- 1 Continuing operations
- 2 Before exceptional items
- PBIT denotes profit before interest, taxation and exceptional items; continuing operations only



Key Highlights

\$179m PBIT³



F&N NUTRISOY is



Soya Milk in Singapore and Malaysia





\$908m Net Cash



Key Highlights

106







TOWARDS A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

F&N is delivering on our commitment towards a sustainable future. Leveraging our capillaries Reach in existing markets, building on the strength and Diversity of our Brands, and seeking out Growth opportunities in new markets, we are delivering sustainable value every day to our stakeholders. Together with our reputation for Professionalism, integrity and innovation, we are geared towards delivering on our vision to be a stable and sustainable Food & Beverage leader in the ASEAN region.

CONTENTS

34	Food & Beverage Overview
	Food & Beverage - Beverages
38	Core market • Malaysia
42	Core market • Singapore
	Food & Beverage - Dairies
46	Core market • Malaysia
49	Core market • Thailand
52	Core market • Singapore
54	Ice Cream
	Food & Beverage - New Market
56	Myanmar
58	Vietnam
60	Thailand
62	Publishing & Printing Group Results
63	Publishing
61	Drint

CEO Business Review

Retail & Distribution

FY2016 Key Highlights Towards A Sustainable Future Milestones

- **02** Corporate Profile
- Performance at a Glance
- Group Financial Performance 07
- Global Presence 08
- The F&N Integrated Business Model 10
- Vision 2020 12
- Message from our Chairman 18
- Board of Directors 22
- 29 **Group Management**
- Corporate Structure 32
- Corporate Information 33

Investor Relations 66 67 Capital Resources

Enterprise-Wide Risk Management

Corporate Governance 70

Financial Report 91

174 Notice of Annual General Meeting Proxy Form

Accompanying this report: F&N Sustainability Report



JOURNEYING TOGETHER

Since 1883

1931

John Fraser and David Chalmers Neave established The Singapore and Straits Aerated Water Company to produce carbonated soft drinks.

1883



1898

The Singapore and Straits Aerated Water Company went public as Fraser and Neave, Limited.



Formation of Malayan Breweries Limited (renamed Asia Pacific Breweries ("APB") in 1990. APB is now known as Heineken Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd.) with Heineken to produce beer. Tiger beer was launched the next year.



2013

1936

Coca-Cola's franchise was secured for Singapore and Malaysia.

2014

2015

Acquired Warburg, a leading player in Singapore's vending market.

2016



F&N secured a
22-year licensing
agreement with
Nestle for the
manufacture and
distribution of
Nestle's canned milk
products in ASEAN

F&N sold its 55% stake in a brewery ir Myanmar for a cash consideration of US\$560 million. Centrepoint Limited ("FCL") via a distribution in-specie of two FCL shares for each F&N share, at no cost to shareholders. FCL was successfully listed on the SGX on 9th Jan 2014.

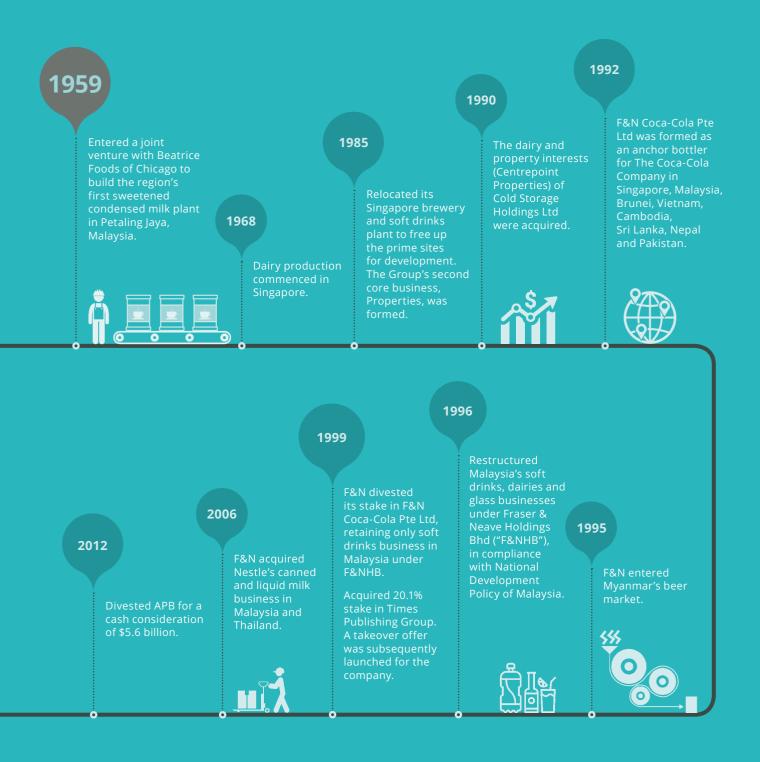




F&N became a part of Thailand's TCC Group, one of the largest companies in Thailand with businesses in food and beverage, real estate, industrial trading and consumer products, insurance and agriculture.

F&N distributed \$3.28 per share in cash to shareholders, an aggregate amount of \$4.73 billion, which was substantially the Company's gain from the APB sale.

Over 130 years ago, two visionaries set up a modest company to produce carbonated soft drinks. This company eventually became Fraser and Neave, Limited ("F&N"), a leading Asia Pacific Consumer Group in the region with expertise and prominent standing in the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing industries.



CORPORATE PROFILE

VISION

To be a stable and sustainable Food & Beverage leader in the ASEAN region.

MISSION

To be ASEAN's leading owner and provider of quality and innovative products that consumers choose and trust. To support our mission, we are guided firmly by our commitment to great value, the community, diversity and the environment.



Established in 1883, Fraser and Neave, Limited ("F&N") is a leading Southeast Asia Consumer Group with expertise and prominent standing in the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing industries.

Leveraging its strengths in marketing and distribution; research and development; brands and financial management; as well as years of acquisition experience, F&N provides key resources and sets strategic directions for its subsidiary companies across both industries.

Listed on the Singapore stock exchange, F&N ranks as one of the most established and successful companies in the region with an impressive array of renowned brands that enjoy strong market leadership. F&N is present in 12 countries spanning Asia Pacific, Europe and the USA, and employs 6,813 people worldwide.



For more information visit www.fraserandneave.com

STRATEGIC DIRECTION

Our goal is to be the ASEAN consumer's trusted source of dairy and beverage products, embodying the Group's 'PURE ENJOYMENT. PURE GOODNESS' philosophy. To achieve our goals, we have established several strategic pillars:

CLEARLY-TARGETED PORTFOLIO OF BRANDS AND PRODUCTS

F&N embraces a brand portfolio strategy in order to maximise consumer reach. This approach allows the Group to seize opportunities from multiple segments, providing distinct and relevant products to a wide demographic spectrum of consumers. While we continue with our brand portfolio strategy, we will also focus our investment on and drive the growth of our Power Brands.

LEADING THROUGH INNOVATION

F&N fosters a culture of creative thinking and embraces changes. The Group requires its businesses to generate new innovation each year, in product development or processes, so as to maintain sustainable leadership in the industry.

STRIVING FOR COMMERCIAL EXCELLENCE

Commercial excellence is all about strengthening the way we market, distribute and sell our products in order to deliver excellent customer experiences and forge closer relationships with consumers – and ultimately drive consumer loyalty.

We continuously identify and strengthen levers to improve operational efficiency, increase brand presence and sell-through, and streamline internal processes to accelerate decision-making and make our organisation leaner and more efficient.

INVESTMENTS FOCUSING ON RIGHT TO WIN

F&N targets leading market positions in all markets in which we compete. We prioritise our investments in markets where we have a *right to win*. We look at markets that offer the best medium- to long-term growth and profitability opportunities, encompassing the way we compete, our capabilities with which we will compete, and portfolio decisions. In this respect, we place considerable emphasis on expanding our activities in Southeast Asia, particularly Indonesia, Myanmar and Vietnam.

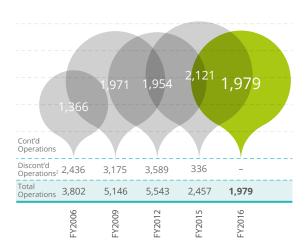
COMMITTING TO TALENT DEVELOPMENT

F&N recognises that its People are a key enabler of its strategies. Our People are at the centre of our universe. Our strategy incorporates a roadmap for attracting, developing and retaining our most valuable asset – People. The Group sets out specific, actionable steps that are either already in place, or under development, to support our businesses in becoming the best at what they do.

PERFORMANCE AT A GLANCE

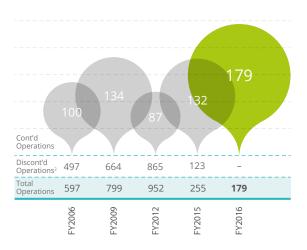
Revenue (\$m)

10-Year CAGR	+4%3
Increase from FY2006	+45%³



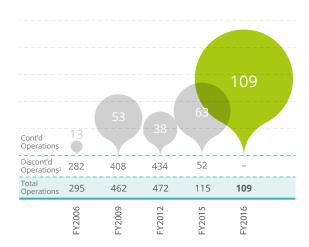
Profit Before Interest & Taxation (\$m)

10-Year CAGR	+6%³
Increase from FY2006	+ 79% ³



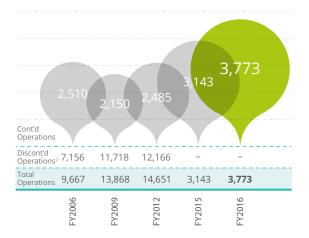
Attributable Profit Before Fair Value Adjustment & Exceptional Items (\$m)

10-Year CAGR	+24% ³
Increase from FY2006	+725% ³

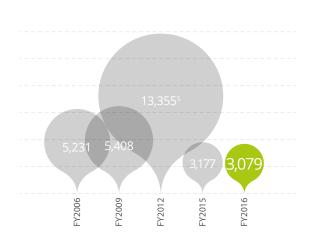


Total Assets (\$m)

10-Year CAGR	+4%3
Increase from FY2006	+50% ³



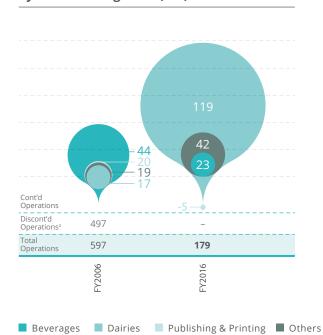
Market Capitalisation⁴ (\$m)



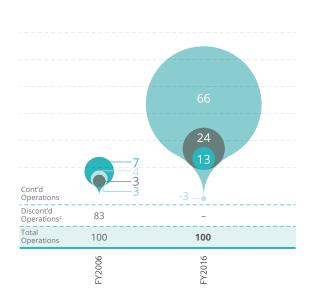
Distribution



Profit Before Interest & Taxation By Business Segment (\$m)



Share of Profit Before Interest & Taxation By Business Segment (%)

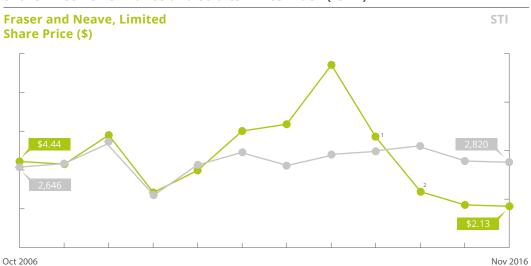


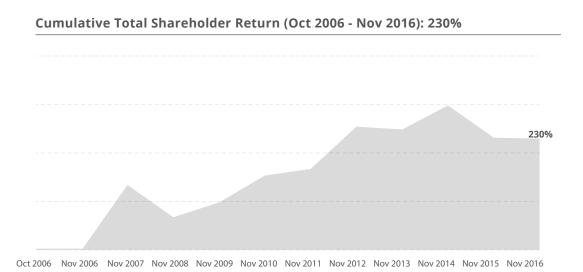
Notes:

- 1 FY2006, FY2009, FY2012 and FY2015: As previously reported
- 2 Upon the disposal of Asia Pacific Breweries Limited/Asia Pacific Investment Pte Ltd ("APB/APIPL") and Myanmar Brewery Limited ("MBL"), and the distribution in-specie of Frasers Centrepoint Limited ("FCL"), the results have been classified as discontinued operations
- 3 Excludes discontinued operations of APB/APIPL, FCL and MBL
- 4 Based on issued shares at close of business on the first trading day after preliminary announcement of results
- F&N distributed approximately \$5.4b to shareholders via two capital reduction exercises in July 2013 (\$4.7b) and April 2014 (\$607m). In January 2014, F&N relisted its property arm, FCL by undertaking a distribution in-specie of FCL shares to F&N shareholders. F&N shareholders received, without cash outlay, two FCL shares for each F&N share owned. Shares of FCL were listed by way of introduction on the Mainboard of SGX on 9 January 2014
- 6 In April 2014, the Group distributed \$607m (or \$0.42 per share) to shareholders in a capital reduction exercise
- 7 Excludes capital distribution of \$3.28 per share in FY2013 and \$0.42 per share in FY2014

PERFORMANCE AT A GLANCE

Share Price Performance and Straits Times Index ("STI")





Notes:

- 1 In July 2013, the Group distributed \$4.7b (or \$3.28 per share) to shareholders in a capital reduction exercise
- 2 In April 2014, the Group distributed \$607m (or \$0.42 per share) to shareholders in a capital reduction exercise

GROUP FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

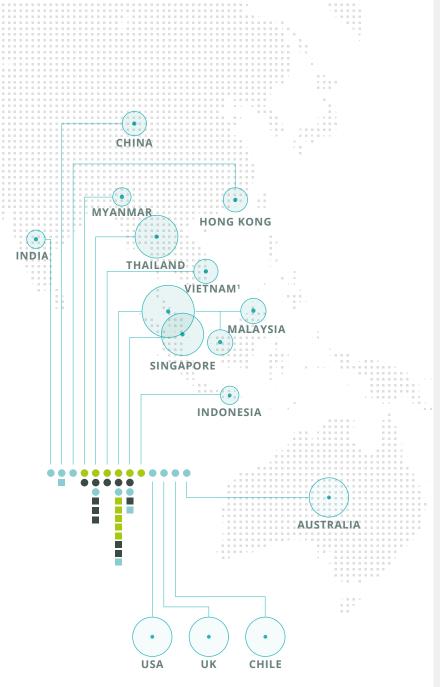
5-Year Statistics

Year en	ded 30 September	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016
Notes						
1, 2	Profit Statement (\$ million)					
	Revenue	5,543	4,344	3,052	2,457	1,979
	Profit before taxation					
	- before interest	952	785	453	255	
	before fair value adjustment & exceptional itemsafter fair value adjustment & exceptional items	868 1,239	763 907	452 354	255 225	
	Attributable profit	1,239	307	334	223	100
3	- before fair value adjustment & exceptional items	472	545	263	115	109
	- after fair value adjustment & exceptional items	838	5,430	147	633	108
1	Balance Sheet (\$ million)					
4	Net asset value	7,603	8,505	1,605	2,268	2,843
	Total assets employed	14,651	14,145	2,679	3,143	
	Long-term borrowings	2,972	2,583	119	98	125
	Market Capitalisation (\$ million)					
	at close of business on the first trading day after		7	8,9		
	preliminary announcement of results	13,355	8,361	4,277°,9	3,177	3.079
1 2	Financial Batic (0/)					,
1,2	Financial Ratio (%)					
	Return on average shareholders' equity - profit before fair value adjustment & exceptional items	12.0	9.5	8.9	13.2	7.4
3	- attributable profit before fair value adjustment &					
	exceptional items	6.5	6.8	5.2	6.0	4.3
5	Gearing ratio					
	- without non-controlling interests	29.7	17.6	(13.6)	(38.1)	
	- with non-controlling interests	27.3	16.9	(10.9)	(33.8)	(28.8)
1,2	Per Share					
	Profit before fair value adjustment,					
	taxation & exceptional items (cents)	61.1	52.9	31.3	17.6	13.1
	Attributable profit (cents) (basic)					
	- before fair value adjustment & exceptional items	33.2	37.8	18.2	8.0	
	- after fair value adjustment & exceptional items	59.0	376.8	10.2	43.7	
4	Net asset value (\$)	5.32	5.90	1.11	1.57	1.97
	Dividend - net (cents)	18.0	15.5 ¹⁰	5.010	5.0	1 E
6	net (cents)cover (times)	1.8	2.4	3.6	1.6	
0		1.0	∠,⊤	5.0	1.0	,
	Stock Exchange Prices (\$)					

Notes:

- 1 FY2012 FY2015: As previously reported
- 2 Upon the disposal of Asia Pacific Breweries Limited/Asia Pacific Investment Pte Ltd ("APB/APIPL") and Myanmar Brewery Limited ("MBL"), and the distribution in-specie of Frasers Centrepoint Limited ("FCL"), the results have been classified as discontinued operations
- 3 Attributable profit before fair value adjustment and exceptional items: Profit after taxation and non-controlling interests, but before fair value adjustment and exceptional items
- 4 Net asset value: Share capital and reserves
- 5 Gearing ratio: Sum of bank borrowings and term loans, less fixed deposits and cash and bank balances, expressed as a percentage of equity
- 6 Dividend cover: Attributable profit before fair value adjustment and exceptional items per share, divided by net dividend per share
- 7 In July 2013, the Group distributed \$4.7b (or \$3.28 per share) to shareholders in a capital reduction exercise
- 8 In January 2014, the Group completed the relisting of its property arm, FCL by undertaking an in-specie distribution of FCL shares to F&N shareholders. F&N shareholders received, without cash outlay, two FCL shares for each F&N share owned. Shares of FCL were listed by way of introduction on the Mainboard of SGX on 9 January 2014
- 9 In April 2014, the Group distributed \$607m (or \$0.42 per share) to shareholders in a capital reduction exercise
- 10 Excludes capital distribution of \$3.28 per share in FY2013 and \$0.42 per share in FY2014

GLOBAL PRESENCE



Legend:



Note

Following the acquisition of an additional 5.4% stake in Vinamilk on 12 December 2016, our stake has been increased to 16.35%

CONTRIBUTION BY SEGMENT















23%

\$857m

+5% from FY2015

44%

\$1,673m

+50% from FY2015

4%

\$138m

-7% from FY2015

Notes:

1 Other ASEAN: Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam and Indonesia

29%

\$1,105m

+4% from FY2015

2 Outside ASEAN: China, Taiwan, India, Australia, Europe and USA

THE F&N INTEGRATED **BUSINESS MODEL**

OUR KEY RESOURCES

VALUE CREATED

Managing and deploying our resources and assets efficiently and effectively to create value for our stakeholders

BRANDS

- Trusted brands with leadership positions
- Intellectual property
- Industry-specific knowledge

DRIVING INNOVATION IN OUR PRODUCTS AND PROCESSES

Staying ahead of the curve through continuous innovation.

0000 0000

Food & Beverage and Printing manufacturing facilities

PROCESS

- · Efficient plants and warehouses
- Responsible supply chains

DEPLOYING EFFICIENT AND INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING **FACILITIES AND DEEPENING OUR DISTRIBUTION**

reduce our impact on the environment. F&B Products and Flavours

Our state-of-the-art, environmentally friendly facilities, including our existing plants in Rojana, Thailand and Pulau Indah, Malaysia, as well as the upcoming Soft

Drinks plant in Kota Kinabalu, Malaysia,

and achieve cost efficiencies, but also

not only enhance our production capabilities

FINANCIAL

- Stable and healthy financial position
- Strong cash position
- Access to capital

FOCUSING ON SUSTAINABLE SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

000000



product and process excellence awards



(0000000000000

PEOPLE

- Strong leadership
- · Team of experienced professionals

FOCUSING ON A SAFE AND CONDUCIVE WORKING ENVIRONMENT

SERVING OUR STAKEHOLDERS



\$179m

Profit Before Interest, Taxation & Exceptional Items¹



\$166m Profit After Taxation¹





\$908m Net Cash

STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIPS

- Delivering quality and innovative products to customers and consumers
- Regular and transparent shareholder engagement
- Supporting communities

FIVE STRATEGIC IMPERATIVES

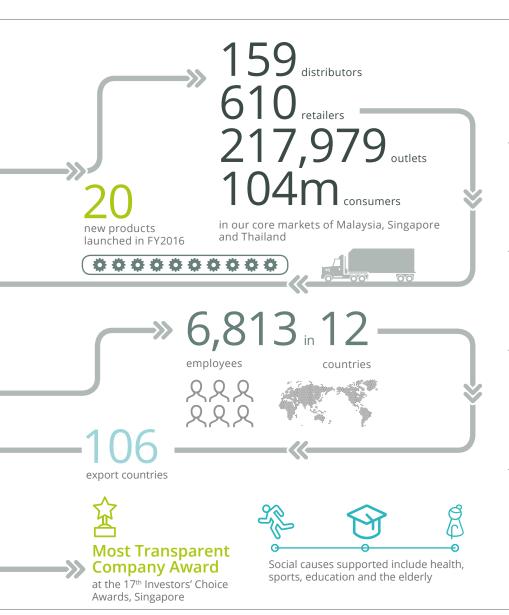
EFFECTIVELY

DIVERSITY

Note:

Continuing operations

VALUE SHARED



CONSUMERS

With the end consumer in mind, we produce a range of products that address evolving consumer preferences and a wide spectrum of lifestyles.

PARTNERS

We partner responsible and sustainable businesses. Throughout our supply chain, we create value and support job creation beyond our business.

SHAREHOLDERS

Managing our resources effectively enables us to maximise profits which benefit shareholders through sustainable shareholder returns.

EMPLOYEES

Our employees are our partners in shaping our success. We foster a culture of continual learning, development and reward for our employees in a healthy and safe work environment.

COMMUNITIES

Our business is built in a profitable, responsible and sustainable manner. We give back to local communities through job creation, useful products and services, social responsibility programmes and minimisation of environmental impact.

VISION 2020

Together with our strategic partner, Thai Beverage Plc Limited ("ThaiBev"), our aim is to increase the size and scale of the F&N ThaiBev Group by harnessing each other's strengths. Vision 2020 charts a roadmap to help us achieve our ambition of becoming a stable and sustainable leader in Southeast Asia ("SEA"). The roadmap centres on the Group building a solid platform for overseas expansion, focusing on SEA, via a two-pronged approach:

STRENGTHENING MARKET POSITIONS

In Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand: Leveraging both F&N and ThaiBev's portfolio of brands, as well as distribution and bottling systems, one of the largest and most extensive in SEA.

OVERSEAS EXPANSION

Using its operations in Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand as the platform, F&N intends to replicate its successful business models in other ASEAN countries, in particular Indonesia, Myanmar and Vietnam by 2020. The Group aims to establish itself as one of the top three food and beverage players in key markets outside of Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand.

VISION

20

20

The five strategic imperatives of Vision 2020

1 GROWTH

2 DIVERSITY

3 REACH

4 BRANDS

5 PROFESSIONALISM

1 GROWTH

By driving product innovation, diversifying our portfolio, leveraging distribution networks in core markets, and expanding our business in SEA, the F&N ThaiBev Group aims to be the largest and most profitable beverage company in SEA.

F&B Revenue (\$m)



-6% from FY2015

20

New F&B products launched in FY2016 SINGAPORE

#2

vending player following acquisition of Warburg

No. of active vending machines increased almost

3x

F&B Profit Before Interest & Taxation (\$m)



+32% from FY2015

Profit Before Interest & Taxation Margin (%)



VIETNAM

F&N Vietnam LLC incorporated for the distribution and trading of non-alcoholic beverages and beer

\$70m
invested in capacity expansion in FY2016

2 DIVERSITY

Diversify revenue and earnings through geographic expansion and product diversification.

NO OF PRODUCTS AND FLAVOURS IN PORTFOLIO AS AT FY2016

87

Smd.

Soft Drinks

144



Dairies

105



Ice Cream



Beer

CONTRIBUTION BY GEOGRAPHY



■ Malaysia ■ Other ASEAN¹



Outside ASEAN²

Notes:

Singapore

- 1 Other ASEAN: Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam and Indonesia
- 2 Outside ASEAN: China, Taiwan, India, Australia, Europe and USA



Strengthen and build our route-to-market in priority markets, and to be the most trusted and preferred beverage partner.

F&B export markets across 5 continents



11

F&B manufacturing plants in Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand



Note:

Beverages

1 Following the acquisition of an additional 5.4% stake in Vinamilk on 12 December 2016, our stake has been increased to 16.35%

Office

Office

Manufacturing Plant 🔳 Manufacturing Plant 🔲 Manufacturing Plant



To be amongst the top three players in our markets.

We are honoured that our **Brands** in our core and new markets are amongst the greats.































MESSAGE FROM OUR CHAIRMAN

Dear Shareholders,

I am heartened to report that F&N continued to experience strong growth momentum in our core markets of Malaysia, Singapore and Thailand in FY2016. We also made inroads into new markets in the region. The strategies we undertook and results are in line with our Vision 2020 of becoming a stable and sustainable Food & Beverage leader in the ASEAN region.

RESULTS FOR FY2016

The Group delivered strong results for the year under review amid challenging market conditions.

Profit after tax of our continuing operations (excluding Myanmar Brewery which was sold last year) grew strongly to \$166 million, on the back of a strong dairies performance from volume growth and favourable commodity prices, partially offset by the loss of the *RED BULL* distribution franchise in Malaysia, higher marketing spend to support the launches of new products in existing and new markets, and a negative currency translation effect. At the end of the financial year, the Group maintained a strong financial





position through prudent balance sheet management, with net cash increasing \$43 million to \$908 million.

The Group has invested in future growth to strengthen our positions in our primary markets. We have installed a new filling and packaging line in Rojana which became operational during the year. We will also be building a new soft drinks plant in East Malaysia to double capacity (operational by 2021), installing a new aseptic cold-fill PET bottle line and constructing a new state-of-the-art storage facility in Shah Alam, and a new UHT line in Kuching. The new facilities in Shah Alam and Kuching will come on stream from the end of 2016 to 2018.

CORPORATE AND STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENTS

In late 2014, F&N, together with the Thai Beverage Public Company Limited ("ThaiBev") Group initiative, launched Vision 2020, a strategic roadmap conceived to increase the size and scale of our businesses to become a stable and sustainable Food & Beverage leader in the ASEAN region. I am pleased to report that we have continued





to reap synergies with ThaiBev and strengthen our portfolio of core brands, taking them into new markets as well as innovate to introduce new products in our core markets of Malaysia, Singapore and Thailand.

Following the relaunch in Malaysia last year, *OISHI* has become the leading ready-to-drink green tea brand in Malaysia. Meanwhile, sales of *RANGER*, a new energy drink launched in Malaysia have continued to grow. Both *OISHI* and *RANGER* are brands licensed from the ThaiBev Group. We continue to build *100PLUS'* brand presence in

MESSAGE FROM OUR CHAIRMAN







Thailand following its launch last year, and steps are being taken to increase trial and acceptance and improve our distribution reach.

We recognise the importance of growth markets like Vietnam and Myanmar. During the year, we expanded our operations in Vietnam through the establishment of a wholly-owned foreign-invested enterprise in Vietnam to take control and manage the import, marketing, distribution and sale of F&N products. Our regional office in Myanmar continued to grow sales via exports, with plans to eventually increase our presence and penetration in the near future. We have made good progress with 100PLUS, with the launch of 100PLUS Orange and 100PLUS Edge in the year which followed launches of F&N NUTRISOY, F&N SEASONS and TEAPOT canned milk. In Indonesia, our subsidiary, PT Yoke Food Industries continued to expand the presence of our brands in the market.

Our Malaysian subsidiary, Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd, continued to

Realised synergies through acquisition of Warburg

make progress with its transformational Project Bluesky – a major strategic initiative to realign its soft drinks and dairies operations in Malaysia to create greater synergy and a more resilient business by leveraging the combined strengths of our people, our brands, and our wide network of business partners and distributors to achieve the ambition to be the leading total beverage company in Malaysia by 2020.

F&N Foods in Singapore acquired its vending machine partner, Warburg Group of Companies, and has successfully integrated it to operate as one vending unit, increasing the focus on performance and accountability and realising synergies.

On the Publishing & Printing front, Marshall Cavendish Education ("MCE") continued to be in the forefront of education publishing, and expanded its footprint in new international markets, in Latin America and Spanish speaking countries. Key to this was efforts to expand our digital product offerings, developing strategic partnerships and building brand awareness to cement the position of MCE in education. Our printing operations continued to make progress following restructuring efforts last year to align our capacity with demand. As a result, a small loss was incurred. We successfully renewed several major accounts in the year, in both Singapore and Malaysia, thanks to Times Printer's long-standing relationships and good reputation for delivering on its commitments. Times Bookstores Singapore was also rebranded to meet changing consumer needs.









Marshall Cavendish
Education
in the forefront of
education publishing

DIVIDENDS

The Board recommends a final dividend of 3 cents per share for approval of shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. Taken with the interim dividend paid in June 2016, the total dividend for the year will be 4.5 cents per share. This represents a payout ratio of 60%, above our guide of 50% of the Group's Attributable Profit Before Fair Value Adjustment and Exceptional

Items, and takes into account the capital position and near-term capital needs of the Group.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I would like to convey my gratitude to my fellow directors for their guidance and commitment in the year. I should also like to thank management and all our employees for their hard work and wholehearted support of our Vision 2020 objectives and targets. My thanks also go to our stakeholders – our shareholders, customers, suppliers and other business associates for your continued support.

We are pleased to have Mr Edmond Neo and Mr Bennett Neo join us in October 2016, as Chief Executive Officer, Beer and Chief Executive Officer, Food, respectively. Edmond succeeds Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot who will focus on his new role as Spirit Product Group CEO at ThaiBev. The extensive knowledge and operational experience in multiple leadership roles of Edmond and Bennett will build upon the Group's strengths to bring us closer to achieving our Vision set for 2020.

I am confident that notwithstanding the headwinds and uncertainties we are likely to face in the coming year, with your support, we shall continue to grow long-term stakeholder value.

CHAROEN SIRIVADHANABHAKDI Chairman

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



CHAIRMAN / NON-EXECUTIVE AND NON-INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of first appointment as a director: **28 Feb 2013**

Date of last re-election as a director: **29 Jan 2016**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016):

3 years 07 months

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

NIi

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Buddhism (Social work) from Mahachulalongkornrajavidyalaya, Thailand
- Honorary Doctorate Degree in Business Administration, Sasin Graduate Institute of Business Administration of Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Hospitality Industry and Tourism, Christian University of Thailand, Thailand

- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Sciences and Food Technology, Rajamangala University of Technology Lanna, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in International Business Administration, University of the Thai Chamber of Commerce, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Management, Rajamangala University of Technology Suvarnabhumi, Thailand
- Honorary Doctor of Philosophy in Business Administration, Mae Fah Luang University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Business Administration, Eastern Asia University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Management, Huachiew Chalermprakiet University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Industrial Technology, Chandrakasem Rajabhat University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Agricultural Business Administration, Maejo Institute of Agricultural Technology, Thailand

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016)

Listed companies

- Berli Jucker Public Company Limited (Chairman)
- Big C Supercenter Public Company Limited (Chairman)
- Frasers Centrepoint Limited (Chairman)
- Thai Beverage Public Company Limited (Chairman)

Others

- Beer Thai (1991) Public Company Limited (Chairman)
- Red Bull Distillery Group of Companies (Chairman)
- · Southeast Group Co., Ltd. (Chairman)

- TCC Corporation Limited (formerly TCC Holding Co., Ltd.) (Chairman)
- TCC Land Co., Ltd. (Chairman)

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

Nil

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

Nil

OTHERS

Nil



VICE-CHAIRMAN / NON-EXECUTIVE AND NON-INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of first appointment as a director: **28 Feb 2013**

Date of last re-election as a director: **29 Jan 2016**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016):

3 years 07 months

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

Nil

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Honorary Doctoral Degree (Management), Mahidol University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctorate of Philosophy (Business Management), University of Phayao, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree from the Faculty of Business Administration and Information Technology, Rajamangala University of Technology Tawan-ok, Thailand
- Honorary Doctor of Philosophy in Social Sciences, Mae Fah Luang University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Business Administration, Chiang Mai University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Agricultural Business Administration, Maejo Institute of Agricultural Technology, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree in Bio-technology, Ramkhamhaeng University, Thailand

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016)

Listed companies

- Berli Jucker Public Company Limited (Vice-Chairman)
- Big C Supercenter Public Company Limited (Vice-Chairman)
- Frasers Centrepoint Limited (Vice-Chairman)
- Thai Beverage Public Company Limited (Vice-Chairman)

Others

- Beer Thip Brewery (1991) Co., Ltd. (Chairman)
- Sangsom Group of Companies (Chairman)
- TCC Corporation Limited (formerly TCC Holding Co., Ltd.) (Vice-Chairman)

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

Nil

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

OTHERS

Nil



NON-EXECUTIVE AND LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of first appointment as a director: **08 Jan 2014**

Date of last re-election as a director: **29 Jan 2016**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016): 2 years 08 months

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

Nominating Committee (Chairman)

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

 Master of Arts in Law & History, University of Cambridge, UK

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016)

Listed companies

- Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd (Chairman)
- Hwang Capital (Malaysia) Berhad (formerly Hwang-DBS (Malaysia) Berhad)

Others

- Berkat Restu Sdn Bhd
- · Besar Holdings Sdn Bhd
- · HDM Capital Sdn Bhd
- Mega SPJ Sdn Bhd
- · Vacaron Company Sdn Bhd

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)
Nii

OTHERS

- Hwang Investment Management Berhad
- HwangDBS Commercial Bank Plc
- HwangDBS Investment Bank Berhad
- Asian Islamic Investment Management Sdn Bhd

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of first appointment as a director: **08 Jan 2014**

Date of last re-election as a director: **27 Jan 2014**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016): 2 years 08 months

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

- Audit Committee
- Remuneration Committee (Chairman)

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

 Bachelor of Science cum laude, majoring in Management, Fairleigh Dickinson University, USA

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS Listed companies

- · Banyan Tree Holdings Limited
- Ceylon Guardian Investment Trust PLC
- Ceylon Investment PLC
- Malaysia Smelting Corporation Berhad
- The Straits Trading Company Limited

Others

- Gracefield Holdings Limited (Chairman)
- Hup Soon Global Corporation Private Limited (Chairman)
- · HS Global Holdings Pte Ltd
- Parkesville Pte Ltd
- Singapore Power Limited
- United Motor Works (Siam) Public Co Ltd (Chairman)
- · Vertex Venture Holdings Ltd

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

- ASEAN Business Club (Member, Advisory Council & Co-Chair, Singapore)
- Asian Civilisation Museum (Member, Advisory Board)
- Singapore Management University (Member, Board of Trustees)

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

InnoTek Limited*

Others

- Coutts & Co Ltd
- EQT Funds Management Ltd
- Guan Leng Holdings Pte Ltd
- JM Financial Singapore Pte Ltd
- PowerGas Limited
- SP PowerAssets Limited
- SPI (Australia) Assets Pty Ltd
- · United Motor Works (Mauritius) Ltd
- * Held office from 26 Feb 2014 to 10 Mar 2014



NON-EXECUTIVE AND NON-INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR / ADVISER TO THE BOARD

Date of first appointment as a director: **03 Apr 2013**

Date of last re-election as a director: **29 Jan 2016**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016):

3 years 05 months

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

- Board Executive Committee (Chairman)
- Risk Management Committee (Chairman)

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

 Bachelor of Science, University of Singapore, Singapore

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016)

Listed companies

- Delfi Limited (formerly Petra Foods Limited)
- · Raffles Medical Group Ltd
- SATS Ltd
- · United Engineers Ltd

Others

- National Kidney Foundation (Chairman)
- Singapore Kindness Movement (Chairman)
- The Great Eastern Life Assurance Company Limited
- Times Publishing Limited (Chairman)
- Yunnan Yulinquan Liquor Co Ltd (Chairman)

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

 Member, Evaluation Panel, Casino Regulatory Authority on Integrated Resorts' Tourism Performance, Ministry of Trade and Industry

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

 Ezra Holdings Limited (Chairman and Senior Advisor)

OTHERS

- PSA Corporation Ltd
- PSA International Pte Ltd



NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of first appointment as a director: **31 May 2013**

Date of last re-election as a director: **27 Jan 2014**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016): **3 years 04 months**

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

- Audit Committee (Chairman)
- Nominating Committee
- · Remuneration Committee

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Master of Business Administration, Wichita State University, Kansas, USA
- Bachelor of Arts (Commerce), Chulalongkorn University, Thailand

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016) Listed companies

- · Sermsuk Public Company Limited
- Thai Solar Energy Public Company Limited
- Thanachart Capital Public Company Limited

Others

· Solaris Asset Management Co., Ltd.

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

• Frasers Centrepoint Limited*

OTHERS

Nil

* Held office from 07 Jan 2014 to 10 Mar 2014

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



NON-EXECUTIVE AND NON-INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of first appointment as a director: **19 Feb 2013**

Date of last re-election as a director: **30 Jan 2015**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016):

3 years 07 months

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

Nil

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Master of Business Administration, Finance, University of Missouri, USA
- Bachelor of Laws, Thammasat University, Thailand

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016)

Listed companies

- Big C Supercenter Public Company Limited
- Frasers Centrepoint Limited
- Golden Land Property Development Public Company Limited
- Sermsuk Public Company Limited (2nd Vice-Chairman)

Others

- · Australand Investments Limited
- · Australand Property Limited
- Frasers Property Australia Pty Limited
- · Frasers Property Limited
- Southeast Capital Co., Ltd. (Chairman of Executive Board)
- Southeast Group Co., Ltd. (President)
- Southeast Insurance Public Company Limited (Chairman of Executive Board)
- Southeast Life Insurance Public Company Limited (Chairman of Executive Board)
- TCC Assets Limited
- TCC Technology Co., Ltd.

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

Nil

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

OTHERS

Nil



NON-EXECUTIVE AND NON-INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of first appointment as a director: **19 Feb 2013**

Date of last re-election as a director: **30 Jan 2015**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016): **3 years 07 months**

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

- Board Executive Committee (Vice-Chairman)
- Nominating Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Risk Management Committee

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Honorary Doctoral Degree of Business Administration in Strategic Logistic and Supply Chain Management, Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University, Thailand
- Honorary Doctoral Degree of Philosophy in General Management, Ramkhamhaeng University, Thailand
- Master of Science Administration in Financial Economics, Boston University, USA
- Bachelor of Business Administration (Finance), Boston University, USA

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016)

Listed companies

- Berli Jucker Public Company Limited
- Golden Land Property Development Public Company Limited
- Oishi Group Public Company Limited (Vice-Chairman)
- Sermsuk Public Company Limited (3rd Vice-Chairman)
- Thai Beverage Public Company Limited
- Univentures Public Company Limited (Vice-Chairman)

Others

- Berli Jucker Group of Companies
- InterBev Investment Limited
- International Beverage Holdings Limited (President)
- Plantheon Group of Companies
- Pracharath Rak Samakkee (Thailand)
 Co., Ltd.
- South East Group of Companies (Vice-Chairman)
- TCC Group of Companies
- Thai Beverage Group of Companies
- Univentures Group of Companies

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (OTHER THAN DIRECTORSHIPS)

 Thai Beverage Public Company Limited (President and Chief Executive Officer)

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

 Siam Food Products Public Company Limited*

OTHERS

Nil

* Held office from 2007 to 11 August 2015



NON-EXECUTIVE AND NON-INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of first appointment as a director: **22 Feb 2013**

Date of last re-election as a director: **29 Jan 2016**

Length of service as a director (as at 30 Sep 2016): 3 years 07 months

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

- Audit Committee
- Board Executive Committee
- · Risk Management Committee

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Bachelor of Accountancy (First Class Honors), Thammasat University, Thailand
- Diploma in Computer Management, Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
- Certificate of the Mini MBA Leadership Management, Kasetsart University, Thailand

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016)

Listed companies

- · Berli Jucker Public Company Limited
- Big C Supercenter Public Company Limited
- Frasers Centrepoint Limited
- Golden Land Property Development Public Company Limited
- Oishi Group Public Company Limited
- Sermsuk Public Company Limited
- Siam Food Products Public Company Limited
- Thai Beverage Public Company Limited
- Univentures Public Company Limited

Others

- Berli Jucker Group of Companies
- InterBev Investment Limited
- International Beverage Holdings Limited
- Plantheon Group of Companies
- TCC Group of Companies
- Thai Beverage Group of Companies
- · Univentures Group of Companies

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

 Thai Beverage Public Company Limited (Chief Financial Officer)

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

Nil

OTHERS

Nil

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



ALTERNATE DIRECTOR TO MR SITHICHAI CHAIKRIANGKRAI

Date of first appointment as an alternate director:

21 Mar 2013

Date of last re-election as an alternate director:

27 Jan 2014

Length of service as an alternate director (as at 30 Sep 2016):

3 years 06 months

BOARD COMMITTEE(S) SERVED ON

- Board Executive Committee
- Risk Management Committee

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Advanced Management Programme, INSEAD, France
- Master of Science in Finance, Georgia State University, USA
- Master of Business Administration, Mercer University, USA
- Bachelor of Business Administration, Assumption University, Thailand
- Listed Company Director Programme, Singapore Institute of Directors, Singapore

PRESENT DIRECTORSHIPS (as at 30 Sep 2016)

Listed companies

Nil

Others

- · Beer Chang International Limited
- · Chang International Co., Ltd.
- · Dhospaak Co., Ltd.
- · InterBev Investment Limited
- International Beverage Holdings Limited
- Modern Trade Management Co., Ltd.
- P.M.T. Mansion Co., Ltd.
- Thai Beverage Group of Companies
- Thai Drinks Co., Ltd.

MAJOR APPOINTMENTS (other than Directorships)

 Thai Beverage Public Company Limited (Executive Vice President - Chief Executive Officer, Spirit Product Group)*

PAST DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED COMPANIES HELD OVER THE PRECEDING THREE YEARS (from 01 Oct 2013 to 30 Sep 2016)

Nil

OTHERS

Held various senior executive positions in the TCC Group, namely Senior Vice President for Finance in Thai Beverage Public Company Limited, Director in Thai Beverage Marketing Co., Ltd., Senior Executive Vice President for Land Development and Investment Management in TCC Land Group, Senior Executive Vice President for Corporate Services in Plantheon Group and TCC Land Group, and Senior Executive Vice President for Finance in TCC Land Group

* Effective 1 Oct 2016

GROUP MANAGEMENT



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

Date of appointment: **01 May 2015**

Length of service in the F&N Group (as at 30 Sep 2016):

13 years 10 months

JOB DESCRIPTION

Mr Lee is responsible for driving the growth strategies of the Group's non-alcoholic beverages business, which has operations and investments in Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, Myanmar, Indonesia and Vietnam.

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Advanced Management Program, Harvard Business School, USA
- Masters in Business Administration, Imperial College, London, UK
- Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), National University of Singapore, Singapore

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Chief Executive Officer, Wildlife Reserves Singapore Group
- Chief Corporate Development Officer, Food & Beverage Division, Fraser and Neave, Limited

- Chief Executive Officer, China, Heineken-APB (China) Management Services Co., Ltd and Regional Director, China, Asia Pacific Breweries Ltd
- Vice President & Deputy Head, Education Services and Corporate General Manager (Projects), Times Publishing Ltd
- Vice President (E-business & Operations), Fannet Online Pte Ltd
- Senior Manager, New Ventures, Fraser and Neave, Limited
- Deputy General Manager, Sembawang Leisure Pte Ltd
- Deputy Director, Regional Tourism, Singapore Tourism Board
- Assistant Head, International Business Development, Singapore Economic Development Board
- Owner, Wokabout Pte Ltd
- Assistant Treasurer, Corporate Banking, DBS Bank Ltd

OTHERS

Nil



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, BEER

Date of appointment: **01 October 2016**

Length of service in the F&N Group (as at 30 Sep 2016): 24 years 02 months

IOB DESCRIPTION

Mr Neo is responsible for overseeing and driving the growth strategies of Group's beer business.

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

• Bachelor of Accountancy, National University of Singapore, Singapore

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Managing Director, Chang International Co., Ltd
- General Manager, Regional Brand Development, F&N Interflavine Pte Ltd
- Director, Group Commerce, Asia Pacific Breweries Ltd
- Chief Executive Officer, Asia Pacific Breweries (Lanka) Ltd
- Commercial Manager, Cambodia Brewery Limited
- Assistant General Manager, Group Commerce, Asia Pacific Breweries Ltd
- Regional Marketing Manager, Philips Electronics Singapore
- Senior Marketing Manager, Asia Pacific Breweries Ltd
- Senior Brand Manager, DB Breweries Limited
- Senior Brand Manager, Asia Pacific Breweries Singapore
- Corporate Banking Officer, Overseas Union Bank
- · Auditor, Price Waterhouse

OTHERS

Nil

GROUP MANAGEMENT



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, FOOD

Date of appointment: **01 October 2016**

Length of service in the F&N Group (as at 30 Sep 2016):

8 years 10 months

JOB DESCRIPTION

Mr Neo is responsible for overseeing and driving the growth strategies of the Group's food business.

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

 Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), Nanyang Technological University, Singapore

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Chief Executive Officer, YCH Group
- Chief Executive Officer Marine, EMAS Offshore Services Pte Ltd
- Regional Director, Asia Pacific Breweries Ltd
- General Manager, Asia Pacific Breweries (S) Pte Ltd
- Managing Director, Tiger Beer UK Ltd
- Country Manager/General Manager, ExxonMobil Unique (Vietnam) Co Ltd
- Logistics Manager, ExxonMobil Asia Pacific Pte Ltd

- Global Marketing Advisor, Passenger Vehicle Lubricants, ExxonMobil Asia Pacific Pte Ltd
- Business Analyst, Exxon Company International
- Lubricants Manager South China, Guangzhou Esso Petroleum Services Company

OTHERS

- Strategic Advisor, Go-Ahead Loyang Pte Ltd
- Chairman, Board of Trustees, Migrant Workers' Assistance Fund
- · Co-Chairman, Migrant Workers' Forum
- Board Member, National Kidney Foundation
- Chairman, Donor Relations Committee, National Kidney Foundation
- Council Member, Football Association of Singapore
- Chairman, Business Development Committee, Football Association of Singapore

Length of service in the F&N Group (as at 30 Sep 2016):

4 years 05 months

JOB DESCRIPTION

Mr Siew has direct oversight of Times Publishing Group's Publishing, Print, Retail and Distribution divisions.

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Bachelor of Accountancy, National University of Singapore, Singapore
- Chartered Accountant of Singapore, Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants, Singapore

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer, Times Publishing Limited
- Chief Financial Officer, Times Publishing Limited
- Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Executive Director, HTL International Holdings Ltd
- Chief Financial Officer, HTL International Holdings Ltd
- Group Financial Controller, HTL International Holdings Ltd

OTHERS

Nil



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, TIMES PUBLISHING GROUP

Date of appointment: **01 October 2014**



GROUP COMPANY SECRETARY

Date of appointment: **01 October 2002**

Length of service in the F&N Group (as at 30 Sep 2016):

15 years 04 months

JOB DESCRIPTION

Mr Cheong oversees the Corporate Secretariat, Group Legal, Management Services, Group Human Capital, Group Internal Audit, Risk Management and Sustainability functions.

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Associate, The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, UK
- Fellow, Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants, Singapore

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Corporate General Manager, Finance, Times Publishing Limited
- Company Secretary, CarnaudMetalbox Asia Ltd
- Manager, Corporate Recovery Services, Ernst & Young

OTHERS

Nil



CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Date of appointment: **01 October 2012**

Length of service in the F&N Group (as at 30 Sep 2016):

16 years 08 months

JOB DESCRIPTION

Mr Hui is responsible for the Group Finance, Treasury, Taxation, Investor Relations and Corporate Communications, and Corporate Information Technology functions.

ACADEMIC & PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION(S)

- Master of Business Administration, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore
- Bachelor of Business, Curtin University of Technology, Australia
- Chartered Accountant of Singapore, Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants, Singapore

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Group Financial Controller, Fraser and Neave, Limited
- Deputy Group Financial Controller/ General Manager, Corporate Communications, Fraser and Neave, Limited

- General Manager, Treasury and Budget, Fraser and Neave, Limited
- General Manager, Corporate Communications & Special Projects/ Budget Manager, Chairman's Office, Fraser and Neave, Limited
- Deputy General Manager, Corporate Planning & Business Development/ Budget Manager, Chairman's Office, Fraser and Neave, Limited
- Assistant General Manager, Corporate Planning & Business Development, Fraser and Neave, Limited
- Senior Manager, New Ventures, Fraser and Neave, Limited
- Manager, Corporate Finance, Schroder International Merchant Bankers Limited
- Assistant Vice President, Investment Banking, Keppel Bank of Singapore Limited
- Executive Consultant, Ernst & Young Consultants Pte Ltd
- · Audit Senior, Ernst & Young

OTHERS

 Member, Finance Committee, National Kidney Foundation

CORPORATE STRUCTURE



Listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")

Stock Code: F99

Number of Ordinary Shares Outstanding 1,445,773,703 Shares
(Excluding 1,304,051 Treasury Shares)

FOOD & BEVERAGE

FRASER & NEAVE HOLDINGS BHD

23 Subsidiary companies

1 Associated company

Listed company

Cocoaland Holdings Berhad

1 Joint venture company

OTHER LISTED & UNLISTED COMPANIES

16 Subsidiary companies

Asia Dairies (S) Pte Ltd

F&NBev Manufacturing Pte. Ltd.

F&N Dairy Investments Pte Ltd

F&N Foods Pte Ltd

F&N Interflavine Pte Ltd

F&N Services (F&B) Sdn Bhd

F&N United Limited

F&N Vietnam Limited Liability Company

Magnolia – PDL Dairies (1993) Sdn. Bhd.

PT. F&N Indonesia

Tiger Tavern Sdn. Bhd.

Warburg Engineering Pte. Ltd.

Warburg Vending Pte Ltd

Warburg Vending Services Pte. Ltd.

F&N Creameries Group 4 Subsidiary companies

Yoke Food Industries Group
2 Subsidiary companies

PUBLISHING & PRINTING

TIMES PUBLISHING GROUP

35 Subsidiary companies

- 1 Joint operation
- 3 Associated companies

Listed company

PMP Limited

OTHERS

OTHER UNLISTED COMPANIES

6 Subsidiary companies

F&N Investments Pte Ltd

F&N Services (L) Bhd

F&N Treasury Pte Ltd

Fraser & Neave (Singapore) Pte. Limited

Fraser & Neave Investments (Hong Kong) Limited

InterF&B Pte. Ltd.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi (Chairman)

Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi (Vice-Chairman)

Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail (Lead Independent Director)

Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming

Mr Koh Poh Tiong

Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan

Mr Chotiphat Bijananda

Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi

Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai

Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot (Alternate Director to Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai)

BOARD EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Mr Koh Poh Tiong (Chairman)

Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi (Vice-Chairman)

Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai

Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr Koh Poh Tiong (Chairman)

Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi

Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai

Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan (Chairman)

Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming

Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail (Chairman)

Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan

Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming (Chairman)

Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan

Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank

DBS Bank Ltd

Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited

Standard Chartered Bank

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

GROUP MANAGEMENT

Mr Lee Meng Tat Chief Executive Officer, Non-Alcoholic Beverages

Mr Edmond Neo Chief Executive Officer, Beer

Mr Bennett Neo Chief Executive Officer, Food

Mr Siew Peng Yim Chief Executive Officer, Times Publishing Group

Mr Anthony Cheong Fook Seng Group Company Secretary

Mr Hui Choon Kit Chief Financial Officer

REGISTERED OFFICE

438 Alexandra Road #20-00 Alexandra Point Singapore 119958 Tel: (65) 6318 9393 Fax: (65) 6271 0811

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services 80 Robinson Road #02-00 Singapore 068898 Tel: (65) 6236 3333 Fax: (65) 6236 3405

AUDITOR

KPMG LLP

Partner-in-charge: Quek Shu Ping (with effect from financial year 2016)

FOOD & BEVERAGE

I am pleased to report that despite a still-difficult macroeconomic environment, our F&B division made good progress this year.

MR LEE MENG TAT Chief Executive Officer, Non-Alcoholic Beverages



FOOD & BEVERAGE OVERVIEW

Our Vision 2020 is to be the leading Food & Beverage ("F&B") player in ASEAN. In pursuing this vision, F&N is continually faced with the twin challenges of performing in the near-term while making longer term transformative moves to realise future growth opportunities and sustain long-term shareholder value amid a rapidly changing market environment. Last year, we embarked on our first regionalisation plan and started to strategically invest beyond our core markets of Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand. This year, we continued on our journey of transformation. In our core markets, we stepped up investments in our power brands, capabilities and infrastructure, and solidified our leadership positions, in order to achieve the goals of Vision 2020. We focused on strategic initiatives to make our business more efficient, particularly in Malaysia where we began to align the operating structure to fully leverage the scale of our soft drinks and dairy businesses in that market. We continued to develop new pillars of growth by putting significant investment in new markets of Myanmar, Vietnam and Thailand (soft drinks). We also

boosted our investment in research and development ("R&D") to build a stronger platform for future growth. We have also beefed up our management bench strength and talent pool.

I am pleased to report that despite a still-difficult macroeconomic environment, our F&B division made good progress this year.

- F&B FY2016 PBIT was up 32% to \$142m, from \$107m
- F&B FY2016 PBIT margin improved 2pp, from 6% to 8%
- Dairies powered F&B earnings growth; its FY2016 earnings jumped 72% to \$119m
- F&N retained leadership positions in core markets
 - Dairies Thailand maintained its No. 1 position in canned milk segment with market share improvement; and continued to gain market share in the ready-to-drink ("RTD") milk segment
 - Dairies Malaysia maintained its No. 1 position in canned milk segment; its market share gain

- in liquid milk was ahead of industry growth
- Beverages Malaysia maintained leadership position with 100PLUS, the No. 1 RTD soft drinks brand in Malaysia
- We extended our product offerings and deepened our presence in new markets
 - 100PLUS is now the leading isotonic drink in Myanmar; we launched additional 100PLUS variants and TEAPOT Sweetened Beverage Creamer and Evaporated Milk
 - Vietnam recorded significant volume growth of 100PLUS; its growth outpaced the projected 19% market growth rate of Vietnam's isotonic segment in 2016
- Capital expenditure amounting to about S\$100m (RM300m) has been planned in Malaysia to cater to increasing demand in core markets, as well as to support our regional expansion plans
- F&N is now the No. 2 vending player in Singapore, following the acquisition of Warburg

In This Section	
Food & Beverage Overview	34
Beverages • Core Market • Malaysia	38
Beverages • Core Market • Singapore	42
Dairies • Core Market • Malaysia	46
Dairies • Core Market • Thailand	49
Dairies • Core Market • Singapore	52
Dairies • Ice Cream	54
New Market • Myanmar	56
New Market • Vietnam	58
New Market • Thailand	60

F&B REVENUE

Despite recording volume gains, F&B FY2016 revenue fell 6%, to \$1,671m. The fall in revenue was mainly due to negative translation effect from our operations in Malaysia, adverse impact from competitive pricing and the loss of *RED BULL* sales. F&N, in September 2015, ceased to be the *RED BULL* distributor in Malaysia. Excluding *RED BULL* and translation impact, in constant currency, F&B revenue would have grown 3%.

This year, the core brands of 100PLUS, F&N SEASONS, OISHI and F&N MAGNOLIA each recorded volume gains, on effective execution of consumer and trade marketing programmes over the festive periods and a strengthened route-to-market. In particular, 100PLUS continued to grow from strength to strength, registering a 5% increase in volume from FY2015. As a result of our focus on execution, we were able to retain our leading positions for Soft Drinks in Malaysia and Singapore, as well as Canned Milk in Malaysia and Thailand, and Chilled Juices in Singapore.





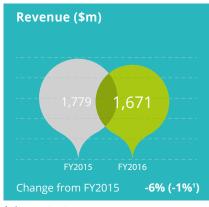


F&B PROFIT

Despite the fall in revenue, F&B FY2016 profit before interest and taxation ("PBIT") jumped 32%, to \$142m.

Strong growth in Dairies bolstered our full-year earnings, marking Dairies' third consecutive year of profit growth.

Despite translation losses, Dairies FY2016 PBIT jumped 72% (+81% in constant currency) to \$119m, as a result







FOOD & BEVERAGE

of strong canned milk volumes across key brands, lower input costs and improved operational efficiencies. Consequently, Dairies PBIT margin improved significantly, to 11% from 6% in FY2015.

Beverages recorded a weaker performance in FY2016 compared to FY2015. Despite successful execution of consumer and trade promotions, earnings were adversely impacted by intense pricing pressures, loss of contribution from *RED BULL*, weaker Malaysian Ringgit, continued brand investments and operating expenses associated with new product launches and regional expansion in new markets. As a result, Beverages FY2016 PBIT declined 40% to \$23m. In constant currency, earnings of Beverages would have fallen 33%.

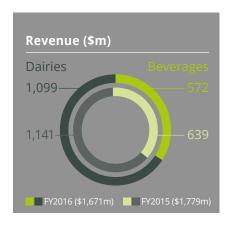
CORPORATE DEVELOPMENT

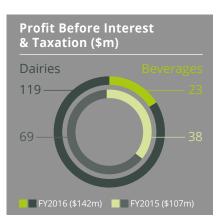
In July 2016, the Group acquired Warburg Vending Pte Ltd, Warburg Engineering Pte. Ltd. and Warburg Vending Services Pte. Ltd. (collectively, "Warburg") for approximately \$29m in cash. Warburg is a leading vending player in Singapore with over 18 years of operational experience, and has been our partner since 2011.

The acquisition of Warburg was a strategic fit with F&N's food and beverage business. Together with Warburg, we increased our total number of active vending machines by almost threefold. We expanded our vending network and increased our brand visibility in both public and private segments, across educational, industrial and commercial sectors in Singapore.

REACH

This year, we undertook a major restructuring exercise to integrate our soft drinks and dairies operations in Malaysia. The result was a stronger and more efficient operation. We were able to apply the combined assets, operating resources and capabilities of soft drinks and dairies to derive more efficient logistics and distribution through scale, and ultimately better satisfy customer needs. This restructuring of our operations in Malaysia will continue into FY2017. We will further integrate functions and extract synergies to reap maximum benefits for the Group.











INNOVATION

We have had one of the strongest line-up of new products last year. We launched flavour extensions for 100PLUS and OISHI; rejuvenated packaging for 100PLUS and F&N Sparkling Drinks; introduced limited edition F&N Sparkling Drinks Pink Grapefruit; entered new categories with COCO LIFE and F&N MAGNOLIA Ginkgo Plus. This year, while we nurture the products that were introduced last year, we continued to delight our growing consumer base with even more launches. We rolled out close to 20 new products/flavours, including F&N ICE MOUNTAIN Sparkling Water, F&N MAGNOLIA UHT Kids, F&N NUTRIWELL Snow Fungus with Wolfberry and introduced limited edition KING'S Potong Teh Tarik and Mao Shan Wang ice cream, in Malaysia, Singapore and Thailand.

Going forward, we will intensify our R&D and marketing efforts on our portfolio of healthier products, in particular the isotonic, soya, RTD tea and milk categories, in anticipation of the increased government and consumer focus on health and wellness.

FY2017 AND BEYOND: OUR TRANSFORMATION JOURNEY CONTINUES

With good progress made and strong foundations laid, we are confident in forging ahead, fully cognizant that there will be challenges along the way. The weaker global economy and volatile financial markets may weigh on consumer confidence and demand. In addition, we are also contending with,

amongst other factors, the ever intensifying competition, ongoing pricing pressures, changing regulatory environment and rising input and operating costs.

We have clear strategies in place to continue to shape the F&B business while delivering results. We will continue to drive growth in our

existing markets by leveraging our brand strength, channels of distribution and manufacturing capabilities. To ensure sustainable revenue and profit growth, the Group will continually evaluate investment opportunities while keeping our focus on deepening our presence in the new markets of Myanmar, Thailand and Vietnam.









BEVERAGES • CORE MARKET

MALAYSIA

BEVERAGES MALAYSIA: RESULTS

Despite challenging market conditions, cautious consumer spending and the loss of contribution from RED BULL, Beverages Malaysia FY2016 volume increased 2%. The volume gains were supported by 100PLUS, F&N SEASONS, F&N ICE MOUNTAIN and F&N Sparkling Drinks, on the back of effective execution of consumer and trade marketing programmes over festive periods, a strengthened route-tomarket, as well as the success of its new launches. OISHI, est COLA and RANGER - ThaiBev's brands distributed by Beverages Malaysia – also enjoyed strong volume growth.

While Beverages Malaysia recorded volume gains in its core brands, the soft market condition in Malaysia has exerted downward pressure on pricing.

Volume (%)

^2%

Revenue (%)

16% (**9**%¹)

Profit Before Interest & Taxation (%)

49% (**45**%¹)

Profit Before Interest & Taxation Margin (%)

*****3pp

1 In constant currency

Negative translation effects and loss of contribution from *RED BULL* further contributed to the 16% decline in FY2016 revenue (-9% in constant currency). Lower revenue, a one-off consultancy expenses in relation to a restructuring exercise, higher tactical discounts and the loss of agency margin contribution eroded gains from favourable product mix, resulted in an overall 49% fall in its FY2016 PBIT.

This year, leading positions of core brands 100PLUS and F&N NUTRISOY were maintained as Beverages Malaysia has remained steadfast in marketing and branding initiatives, focusing on promoting active and healthy living. 100PLUS, for instance, reinforced the importance of hydration while leading active lifestyle by launching special packaging throughout the year and in conjunction with international sports events. It also continued to lend support to Malaysia's athletes, as well as regional and national sports events.

Beverages Malaysia continued to position F&N NUTRISOY range of soya milk as a tasty and nutritious beverage alternative. To emphasise the health benefits of its low-fat-low-sugar content, it rebranded F&N NUTRISOY Less Sweet variant to F&N NUTRISOY Lite.

The Group undertook a major restructuring exercise to integrate its soft drinks and dairies operations in Malaysia this year. This exercise aims to improve operational efficiency, realise greater economies of scale and harness the full potential of its brands and distribution capabilities as a combined operation. A new commercial structure was formed, and an optimised and integrated route-to-market was rolled out on 1 October 2015. The associated one-off consultancy expenses related to this exercise was recorded in this financial year.

As testament to the Group's confidence in the growth potential of its brands and its role in Malaysia, Beverages Malaysia announced investments of over RM300m (S\$100m) on a new soft drinks plant in Kota Kinabalu, an aseptic cold-filling PET bottle line and an integrated warehouse in Shah Alam, and a new UHT line in Kuching. Aimed at optimising its manufacturing and distribution facilities to meet the growing demand for its healthier range of beverages, these investments by Beverages Malaysia are aligned with the Group's Vision 2020 of strengthening our key market positions and supporting our regional expansion.

While the restructuring exercise to optimise its resources in Malaysia continues into the new year, Beverages Malaysia will also continue to focus its marketing and R&D efforts on maintaining its leading positions in Malaysia. It will continue to engage consumers, responsibly, to heighten brand awareness as well as to invest in the development of products that foster active, healthy living, in line with our tagline 'PURE ENJOYMENT. PURE GOODNESS'.

ISOTONIC: 100PLUS

F&N's flagship brand and Malaysia's No. 1 soft drink, 100PLUS, continued to cement its position as the enabler



of active lifestyle through its support of a series of sports-sponsorship including national athletes, major sports events and several national sports bodies. This year, 100PLUS extended its support of the national badminton team to include more of its athletes and launched a special "Thirst for Victory" gold can to garner public support for the badminton team during Olympics 2016. For 2017, *100PLUS* has pledged RM3m to the 29th Southeast Asian Games and 9th ASEAN Para Games, to be held in Malaysia, as the Official Isotonic Beverage in support of the country's sportsmen.

To generate excitement, 100PLUS rolled out several limited edition packaging throughout FY2016. Starting with its Chinese New Year gold cans packaging, 100PLUS conducted above- and below-the-line activations, including partnering the leading media and entertainment group in Malaysia to spread festive cheer in its annual carnivals held in four locations nationwide. At the carnivals, 100PLUS engaged youths and families through contests and product sampling. The successful execution of the 100PLUS festive gold cans campaign resulted in a 14% increase in volume as compared with the same period last year.

For Hari Raya, a limited edition packaging was launched for the 100PLUS 1.5L variant, in Berry and Lemon Lime flavours. To increase brand visibility and top-of-mind awareness, 100PLUS sponsored television programming and a tele-movie featuring two of Malaysia's popular actors, in addition to conducting samplings at local bazaars and mosques.

In conjunction with 2016 UEFA Europa League, a pair of limited edition glass bottles of 100PLUS Original flavour featuring global football stars, Pelé and Oscar, who were 100PLUS ambassadors in FY2015, was launched as collectibles. It also rewarded 10 winners of its consumer contest with an all-expense paid trip to Brazil to catch the football matches live. Besides leveraging its partnership with the League's main broadcaster to drive brand visibility on air, 100PLUS also activated nationwide roadshows and impactful in-store displays.

SOYA: F&N NUTRISOY

Research has shown that the main reason for soya milk consumption is to satiate one's hunger pangs in between meal times. To reinforce this consumption occasion, F&N NUTRISOY, Malaysia's No. 1 soya milk,



implemented an integrated campaign consisting of above- and below-the-line channels, consumer promotions and mobile sampling to instill the concept of drinking F&N NUTRISOY during break times for sustenance.

In line with the increasing focus on healthy beverages, F&N SEASONS NUTRISOY Less Sweet was rebranded to F&N NUTRISOY Lite, to better reflect its low-fat and low-sugar content. Its packaging was also refreshed this year to give it a more updated look. A 360-degree marketing campaign including a nationwide consumer contest was launched to promote visibility and awareness of the new look and rebranding. The consumer contest







BEVERAGES • CORE MARKET

MALAYSIA



included other F&N products such as F&N SEASONS NUTRIWELL, F&N FRUIT TREE, F&N SEASONS and OISHI to encourage an increase in average basket size and purchase frequency. The hugely popular contest garnered more than 50,000 entries over a two-month period.

TEA: F&N SEASONS AND OISHI

F&N commands Malaysia's ready-todrink tea segment with F&N SEASONS and OISHI leading the black tea and green tea segments, respectively.

Malaysia's No. 1 brand of ice lemon tea, F&N SEASONS Ice Lemon Tea, continued to convey the importance of taking a break and remaining optimistic in its "Janji Chillax" campaign. Focusing its consumer engagement initiatives on digital platforms and sampling activities this year, F&N SEASONS was able to extend its reach to more consumers both on-ground and on its social media pages.

Riding on the popularity of its flavours launched since 2014, OISHI introduced the new Lychee flavour to create more excitement and variety in the RTD green tea segment. It also made available the Original, Genmai, Honey Lemon and Lychee flavours in a new 250ml tetra pack in conjunction with Chinese New Year for convenience. *OISHI* continued to focus its brand communications on the authenticity and quality of its 100% organic Japanese green tea leaves in its campaign.

Besides conducting sampling at retail outlets, *OISHI* participated in the annual Bon Odori Festival, the largest outdoor event in Malaysia, held in Shah Alam, Penang and Johor Bahru, to create more sampling opportunities. It also supported the month-long Japanese Film Festival with on-ground and online contests to reward festivalgoers with *OISHI* products.

CARBONATED SOFT DRINKS: F&N SPARKLING DRINKS AND EST COLA

F&N Sparkling Drinks continued to build relevance and brand affinity amongst

















Flavoured Carbonated Soft Drinks

youths by collaborating with a popular local band in its integrated campaign. An original song, 'Warnai Dunia', was written by the band for the campaign, and embodied the brand's essence of spreading cheer and fostering

togetherness. Leveraging the band's strong fan base, the song's music video generated over 1.2 million views online within two months of its launch.

As a new entrant in the local cola segment with its launch in 2015, est COLA intensified its publicity efforts this year with an on-ground activation at a popular shopping mall in Kuala Lumpur. On top of sampling est COLA, shoppers could immerse in experiential activities such as experiencing snowfall, an interactive photo booth and 3D optical illusion street art. These activities were aimed at promoting est COLA as a unique and preferred cola brand.

To create more trial opportunities, est COLA was the main beverage sponsor of the Kuala Lumpur Food Truck Parade, targeting an

estimated 25,000 people at the largest food truck gathering in Malaysia. It also conducted product sampling at the Petaling Jaya City Council's 10th anniversary event which saw more than 12,000 participants.



BEVERAGES • CORE MARKET

SINGAPORE

BEVERAGES SINGAPORE: RESULTS

Despite a softening retail market, Beverages Singapore and Export, consisting of Soft Drinks and Beer, recorded 13% volume growth, mainly due to the successful launches of new products F&N ICE MOUNTAIN Sparkling Water, COCO LIFE, OISHI and CHANG beer. Beverages Singapore began the distribution of CHANG beer in October 2015.

Coupled with favourable product mix, effective brand building initiatives and a strong distribution network of 25 distributors, 23 retailers and 4,414 outlets, Beverages Singapore FY2016 revenue expanded 19%. Boosted by the surge in both Domestic and Export revenue, as well as lower input cost, Beverages Singapore FY2016 earnings jumped 63%.

Volume (%)

13%

Revenue (%)

19%

Profit Before Interest & Taxation (%)

^63%

Profit Before Interest & Taxation Margin (%)

^2pp

Following the acquisition of Warburg, completed in July 2016, Beverages Singapore was able to harness its complementary capabilities and skill sets to strengthen its position in the vending market and scale up its infrastructure in Singapore. With a threefold increase in the number of its vending machines, Beverages Singapore successfully increased its brand visibility and product availability in both public and private segments, across educational, industrial and commercial sectors in Singapore. Through its expanded vending network, Beverages Singapore was able to offer consumers more convenience and a wider product range, from pasteurised products, to bottled and canned soft drinks, hot beverages as well as snacks, at more locations islandwide.

In addition to expanding and deepening its route-to-market, Beverages Singapore continued its emphasis on product innovation, focusing on healthier beverages. New products launched in response to the rising health and wellness trend included F&N ICE MOUNTAIN Sparkling Water and F&N NUTRIWELL Snow Fungus with Wolfberry. The latter, the latest addition to the F&N NUTRIWELL range which commands market leadership in the Pasteurised Asian Soft Drinks segment, uses natural ingredients,







contains 25% less sugar and is certified a 'Healthier Choice' by Singapore's Health Promotion Board. In addition to new variants, Beverages Singapore also rolled out new 1L-pack for its healthier range of beverages such as COCO LIFE and F&N NUTRISOY UHT Reduced Sugar.

Through consistent and effective brand building programmes, this year, 100PLUS, F&N NUTRISOY and F&N ICE MOUNTAIN maintained their leading market positions in Singapore, with market share gains in the isotonic, soya and water segments, respectively.

ISOTONIC: 100PLUS

As Singapore's No.1 isotonic drink, 100PLUS remains the isotonic drink of choice for athletes and individuals in pursuit of an active lifestyle. This year, 100PLUS continued to support sports development and endorse active lifestyles through sponsorships and brand building activities.







As part of the successful "Let's Move" campaign introduced in FY2015, 100PLUS organised the "Run for Good" event in Singapore. This event was aimed at encouraging Singaporeans to lead active lifestyles by rewarding them with a fitness tracker for clocking 1.5km in 10 minutes on a treadmill. 100PLUS also took the opportunity to raise awareness for SportCares, an organisation which works to improve the lives of underprivileged children and youth-at-risk through sports, by donating to SportCares Foundation for every kilometer covered by participants. Over the two-day event, 100PLUS highlighted the importance of exercise to the public and clocked over 1,360 km by 814 participants.



As a fervent advocate of active lifestyles for both national athletes and individuals, 100PLUS continued its support for several major events



including OCBC Cycle, Standard Chartered Marathon Singapore, SGX Bull Charge, The New Paper Big Walk, Sundown Marathon, The Color Run, SMBC Singapore Open, HSBC Rugby Sevens and WTA Finals Singapore.

Having achieved a record brand equity score amongst youths in Singapore, 100PLUS clinched Best Youth Marketing at the Singapore Media Awards 2016 for its "Go for Gold" SEA Games 2015 campaign. The campaign achieved close to five million online impressions based on a media strategy that focused on using celebrities and social media, online placements, and print and outdoor advertising at train stations with high footfall. Over a six-week period, about one million 100PLUS gold cans were sold.





BEVERAGES • CORE MARKET

SINGAPORE







SOYA: F&N NUTRISOY

F&N NUTRISOY, Singapore's No. 1 soya milk, aimed to raise awareness of its low-glycemic-index attribute and educate consumers on the importance of protein for the body's daily functions through its "Protein Goodness Your Muscles Need" campaign. On top of print and online advertisements, and placements at train stations to build top-of-mind awareness, F&N NUTRISOY also partnered with a celebrity chef to demonstrate recipes using F&N NUTRISOY to drive in-home consumption. During this period, volume of F&N NUTRISOY 1L-pack jumped 25% as compared to the previous year.

F&N NUTRISOY also launched the F&N NUTRISOY UHT Reduced Sugar in 1L-pack, in response to the increasing focus on beverages with less sugar. The 1L-pack, catered for in-home consumption, contributed to volume growth of 24% of F&N NUTRISOY's ambient range over a four-month period as compared to the previous year. Consequently, market share of the ambient range increased close to 2 percentage points.

WATER: F&N ICE MOUNTAIN

One of F&N's innovations of FY2016 was F&N ICE MOUNTAIN Sparkling Water,

in lemon and grapefruit flavours. These launches offer consumers a carbonated water that is both affordable and healthy, with no sugar and zero calories. The 360-degree campaign aimed at driving brand awareness included an interactive on-ground activation which helped to convey the campaign's message of "Sparkle from Within" – a user was transformed into a mass of bubbles through a digital screen, and a custombuilt mobile bubbling water bar created refreshing sampling opportunities.



Since its launch, F&N ICE MOUNTAIN
Sparkling Water has contributed to the growth of the water category and has performed in line with management's expectations.

TEA: F&N SEASONS AND OISHI

F&N SEASONS continued its "Chill with Your Favourite F&N SEASONS Tea" campaign this year, supported by in-store displays and eye-catching advertisements at train stations, on print and social media. As at FY2016, F&N SEASONS maintained its No. 2 position in the RTD black tea segment.





FY2016 saw the launch of two additional flavours - Honey Lemon and Lychee - to add to the already popular OISHI Green Tea Original and OISHI Green Tea Genmai. To maximise brand exposure, OISHI Honey Lemon Green Tea partnered a popular local blockbuster television drama and engaged one of its lead actresses to front its television commercial aired during prime time evening. Coupled with an effective 360-degree campaign, OISHI Green Tea doubled its market share in the RTD green tea segment in December 2015. Riding on the success of OISHI Honey Lemon Green Tea, OISHI Lychee Green Tea was introduced in September 2016, also backed by a consumer promotion and integrated marketing activities to raise awareness and generate trials.

CARBONATED SOFT DRINKS: F&N SPARKLING DRINKS

As a brand synonymous with festive celebrations, F&N Sparkling Drinks rolled out a Chinese New Year-themed 24-can pack, and a limited edition flavour, F&N Pineapple in 1.5L-pack during Hari Raya. As with past Chinese New Year activations, Beverages Singapore engaged two celebrities to front its television commercial and social media advertisements. The performance

of the festive 24-can pack was a success – volume increased 14% over the Chinese New Year period compared with the corresponding period in the previous year. The response for *F&N* Pineapple was another success; its volume exceeded 2015's Hari Raya period.

BEER: CHANG

Since Beverages Singapore started distributing *CHANG* beer in October 2015, both volume and distribution coverage have increased in the span of one year. Total volume was up 8% as at FY2016, while September's volume jumped 37% compared to the year-ago period, before the Group took over the





distribution. Volume growth was most significant in the modern trade and general retail channels, at 34% and 25% respectively, due to Beverages Singapore's earnest efforts to expand coverage. The number of distribution points more than doubled as compared to September 2015, with new convenience stores and food service outlets added to its network this year.

The strong performance of CHANG beer was attributed to the successful execution of strategic trade promotions and on-ground activations. Consumer promotions, eye-catching in-store displays and outdoor sampling opportunities at large-scale events encouraged consumer trials and improved brand visibility. CHANG beer's consumer engagement programmes that focused on football, music and Thai food and culture also extended its reach to a wider audience, effectively boosting brand awareness and consumption. In the coming year, Beverages Singapore has plans to increase both volume and distribution coverage through targeted trade and consumer promotions.



DAIRIES • CORE MARKET

MALAYSIA

DAIRIES MALAYSIA: RESULTS

On the back of effective brand building programmes, Dairies Malaysia maintained its No. 1 canned milk position with F&N, TEAPOT and CARNATION brands amid a slowdown in retail and consumer spending and rising cost of living. Impacted mainly by the depreciation of the Malaysian Ringgit against Singapore Dollar, revenue fell 9%, to \$325m, on a 1% decline in volume. While domestic volume recorded marginal decline, the strong performance of its Export business cushioned the fall. In constant currency, revenue would have fallen 1%.

Aided by lower input costs and ongoing productivity improvements, Dairies Malaysia PBIT jumped 34% against the previous year, to \$48m,

Volume (%)

1 %

Revenue (%)

▼9% (**▼**1%¹)

Profit Before Interest & Taxation (%)

^34% (**^**46%¹)

Profit Before Interest & Taxation Margin (%)

^5pp

1 In constant currency

despite negative translation effects. In constant currency, its profit would have risen 46%. On the back of strong profit growth, PBIT margin improved 5 percentage points, to 15%.

Leveraging its strengthened distribution network – more than 63 distributors, 37 modern trade retailers and 76,560 stores nationwide – and marketing campaigns focusing on the application of its canned milk products in food and beverage, Dairies Malaysia was able to maintain its leadership positions in the condensed milk and evaporated milk segments in Malaysia.

Like its canned milk brands, Dairies Malaysia saw double-digit volume growth in its liquid milk brands, F&N MAGNOLIA and FARMHOUSE, in FY2016. FARMHOUSE, in particular, remained the leading premium pasteurised milk in Malaysia. This year, Dairies Malaysia continued to focus its efforts on growing its presence in the RTD liquid milk segment in Malaysia. Riding on the very successful launch of FARMHOUSE UHT milk and reintroduction of F&N MAGNOLIA Lo-Fat Hi-Cal pasteurised milk in FY2015, the Group started offering F&N MAGNOLIA UHT milk, in different flavours and pack sizes, to milk lovers in Malaysia.

In addition to reinforcing its market leading position in the canned milk category in Malaysia, Dairies Malaysia will also move forward with a focus on growing its presence in the RTD milk category. Building on our tagline 'PURE ENJOYMENT. PURE GOODNESS', Dairies Malaysia will continue with its targeted marketing activities to drive the growth of this segment in the years ahead. The Group believes that F&N MAGNOLIA and FARMHOUSE are well-positioned to leverage the Group's in-house expertise, product offering and trusted relationships with consumers

to support the growth of Dairies Malaysia in the future.

The Group started a restructuring exercise to integrate its soft drinks and dairies operations in Malaysia. This exercise seeks to combine the strengths of both Soft Drinks Malaysia and Dairies Malaysia brands and streamline their procurement, distribution, logistics and services to better serve their customers and improve the scalability of Malaysia F&B's operations. The integration of the Malaysian operations will continue into FY2017.







CANNED MILK: GETTING CREATIVE WITH CONDENSED AND EVAPORATED MILK

F&N

F&N Canned Milk reinforced its
No. 1 Condensed and Evaporated
Milk position by focusing its marketing
campaign on the application of canned
milk in food and beverage. This year,
a major marketing highlight was
the "Aroma Kasih Sayang" campaign –
a key campaign launched with one of
Malaysia's celebrity couples aimed at
strengthening bonding moments for
friends and family. In addition to
trade promotions, the campaign
also offered eight deliciously

easy-to-make F&N recipes, to highlight the theme of togetherness.

Another key initiative was the launch of "F&N Bake Off Challenge" campaign. The challenge saw 24 students demonstrating their ability to create amazing multi-layered mousse-based cake using F&N Full Cream Sweetened Condensed Milk and Evaporated Creamer, for the coveted title of "Entremet Maestro".

CARNATION

CARNATION, Nestle's brand licenced to F&N, has become the leading evaporated creamer brand in Malaysia. In collaboration with, for the second consecutive year, international recording artiste and MasterChef Soo Wincci, the "Go Gourmet" campaign introduced her signature dishes using CARNATION Evaporated Creamer, positioning the brand as a reliable cooking helpmate that allows one to create consistently delicious meals.

To further drive in-home consumption, Dairies Malaysia organised a series of live cooking demonstrations nationwide. At the demonstrations, *CARNATION* Evaporated Creamer was used to showcase the ease of incorporating the product into everyday dishes and beverages.









TEAPOT

In FY2016, TEAPOT refreshed its brand imagery and rolled out a nationwide consumer promotion, "Tradition in a TEAPOT", to communicate its brand heritage and consistent quality. To maintain brand visibility and strengthen its brand positioning, the campaign employed above-the-line advertisements, sampling opportunities and in-store displays.

LIQUID MILK: NEW GROWTH PILLAR

F&N MAGNOLIA

Having established a foothold in the pasteurised and sterilised milk segments, F&N MAGNOLIA further entrenched its presence in the local

DAIRIES • CORE MARKET MALAYSIA

UHT milk segment – the largest in terms of market size in the RTD milk segment – with F&N MAGNOLIA UHT Milk. Available in full-cream, low-fat and chocolate milk variations, in 1L and 200ml packs, the new product offers Malaysians a wider choice and convenience when it comes to RTD milk.

As part of its integrated campaign which included television, radio and print advertisements, as well as roadshows, F&N MAGNOLIA also partnered brand ambassador Farah Ann in educating consumers about the importance of drinking milk daily for a healthy body and mind. Farah Ann is Malaysia's national youth gymnast, a medallist and a role model for youths. To create further awareness and trials for F&N MAGNOLIA UHT Milk, product sampling was carried out in schools, retail outlets and shopping malls nationwide.

In the food service industry, or Hotels, Restaurants and Cafés ("HORECA") segment, F&N MAGNOLIA introduced the trade to its Barista Fresh Milk. Through sponsorship and participation in barista competitions, latte art workshops and coffee expos, F&N MAGNOLIA aimed to encourage conversion of HORECA customers to its specially formulated Barista Fresh Milk.

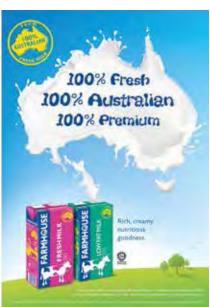
FARMHOUSE

FARMHOUSE continued to focus communication of freshness and creamy texture of its Australia-sourced milk in its above- and below-the-line advertisements for its pasteurised and UHT milk. To drive higher brand awareness and acceptance of FARMHOUSE UHT Milk, which was launched last year, samplings were conducted in stores and at offices. A cross promotion with breakfast cereals was also conducted to drive breakfast consumption, the main consumption occasion of milk.









DAIRIES • CORE MARKET

THAILAND

Volume (%)

^3%

Revenue (%)

^0% (**^**2%¹)

Profit Before Interest & Taxation (%)

^65% (^68^{%1})

Profit Before Interest & Taxation Margin (%)

^5pp

1 In constant currency

DAIRIES THAILAND: RESULTS

Growth of the Group's best performing operation, Dairies Thailand, continued unabated in FY2016. Volume grew 3%, despite lost sales from Nestle's BEAR BRAND and MILO UHT milk products, due to strong demand for its RTD milk and canned milk brands. The strong demand was supported by effective consumer and trade marketing activities, contribution from new launches of F&N MAGNOLIA UHT milk products and increased distribution coverage. Revenue increased marginally year-on-year, to \$539m, due to adverse foreign exchange translation effects. In constant currency, Dairies Thailand would have recorded a 2% revenue growth. In spite of flat revenue, its PBIT jumped 65% year-on-year, to \$67m, mainly due to favourable input costs,

improved operational efficiencies and more cost-effective trade distribution. Consequently, PBIT margin improved 5 percentage points, to 12%.

One of Dairies Thailand's success factors is its ability to harness its extensive distribution network, which is supported by 18 distributors, 350 retailers and 137,000 stores. In FY2016, Dairies Thailand continued to expand its distribution coverage, mainly in the convenience channel, in line with the shift in consumer buying behaviour from planned purchase to frequent and spontaneous purchase based on convenience, promotions and product range. Dairies Thailand's effective distribution strategy has allowed it to reap positive sales growth particularly in the convenience channel.

While the canned milk market in Thailand recorded single-digit growth rate, Dairies Thailand saw a double-digit volume growth in its canned milk business, supported by *TEAPOT* and *CARNATION* brands. The strong performance was due to focused marketing campaigns and initiatives, as well as effective distribution strategy. Consequently, as at FY2016, F&N's market share improved to retain its No. 1 total canned milk position in Thailand.

Dairies Thailand's first functional UHT milk, F&N MAGNOLIA Ginkgo Plus, continued to perform strongly in this fiscal year. Targeted marketing investment behind the brand resulted in double-digit volume growth and a 3% market share in the UHT Milk (All Family) segment in Thailand. This year, to maintain the growth momentum and to tap the rapidly growing UHT Milk (Kids) segment, Dairies Thailand extended its offering of UHT milk products by introducing the new F&N MAGNOLIA Kids Milk for young children. Within three months of its launch, F&N MAGNOLIA Kids Milk gained credible market share,



a testament to the strength of F&N MAGNOLIA brand and Dairies Thailand's route-to-market abilities.

In the coming year, Dairies Thailand will continue to fortify its market leading position in the canned milk category in Thailand. It will continue with its targeted marketing activities to drive the growth of this segment in the year ahead. As a reflection of our commitment and confidence in the canned milk segment, Dairies Thailand invested in a new filling and packaging line for evaporated milk, which was ready in February 2016, following the renewal of the Nestle's trademark licence agreement in 2015. The Nestle's licence was renewed for 22 years, until 2037, for the manufacturing and distribution of Nestle's products in Singapore, Thailand, Malaysia, Brunei and Laos.

In addition to canned milk, Dairies Thailand will continue to build market shares in the RTD milk segment with F&N MAGNOLIA (UHT milk segment) and BEAR BRAND (sterilised milk segment). It looks to build on its growing market positions of these brands in their respective segments to gain a leadership position in the growing RTD milk segment.

DAIRIES • CORE MARKET THAILAND















CANNED MILK: INSPIRING GOURMET CREATIONS

CARNATION

CARNATION, one of Nestle's brands licenced to F&N, maintained its No. 1 canned milk position in Thailand with double-digit volume growth by reinforcing its image as the premium and preferred choice in food and beverage applications. This year, to drive in-home consumption, Dairies Thailand rolled out a new thematic television commercial "Perfect Harmony" to promote the dual usage of CARNATION Sweetened Beverage Creamer and CARNATION Evaporated Milk to ensure a better taste in food and beverages.

Coupled with its efforts in the trade through loyalty campaigns in key channels, premium promotions and point-of-sale materials, *CARNATION* retained its No. 1 Premium Evaporated Milk brand with two-thirds of the market share.

TEAPOT

TEAPOT launched a new campaign this year to lift its brand image and increase on-premise and in-home consumption. It worked with a celebrity chef, who is known for his simple cooking style, to use TEAPOT in his creations to demonstrate and inspire all to use TEAPOT Sweetened Beverage Creamer in their beverages and dishes.



- F&N MAGNOLIA Kids Milk. The UHT Milk (Kids) segment, a fast-growing category, recorded a 10% and 13% year-on-year growth in 2016 in value and volume, respectively. Catered specifically for young children in today's digital world, the new F&N MAGNOLIA Kids Milk is a functional beverage with goji berry and lutein added to promote eye health.

The launch of F&N MAGNOLIA Kids Milk was supported by an integrated marketing campaign that included broadcast, outdoor and online advertisements, as well as roadshows and samplings in schools and retail outlets. Three months after the launch, as at FY2016, F&N MAGNOLIA Kids Milk recorded gains in market share from positive consumer demand.

F&N MAGNOLIA Ginkgo Plus, which was launched last year, has continued to perform well, gaining 2.8% market share in the UHT Milk (All Family) segment as at FY2016. Fortified with ginkgo extract, vitamin B12 and calcium, F&N MAGNOLIA Ginkgo Plus promotes cognitive function. In the brand's television and online commercials, its newly appointed brand ambassador, May Ratchanok Intanon, World No. 1 in Women's Singles and Thailand's top badminton player, conveyed the brand's key message of boosting one's brain health to support the pursuit of goals. Large-scale in-store sampling carried out in convenience stores further boosted brand visibility and encouraged product trials of F&N MAGNOLIA Ginkgo Plus.

As part of Dairies Thailand's strategy to continuously improve and innovate its products, this year, it rolled out a new packaging for *TEAPOT* Sweetened Beverage Creamer in the form of a squeezable tube. Introduced in all channels nationwide to cater to customers' busy lifestyles, this portable 180ml tube packaging offers both affordability and convenience to consumers.

Besides creating consumption opportunities throughout the day in its consumer sampling activities using popular food applications, *TEAPOT* also strengthened its online engagement with young adults and young families. It successfully garnered 40,000 fans on its Facebook page, "*TEAPOT* Happy Society", within three months of its launch.

LIQUID MILK: NEW GROWTH PILLAR

F&N MAGNOLIA

To tap into the rapidly growing UHT Milk (Kids) segment, Dairies Thailand extended *F&N MAGNOLIA*'s offering of UHT milk to include a children's range









DAIRIES • CORE MARKET

SINGAPORE

DAIRIES SINGAPORE: RESULTS

A rise in Dairies Singapore's export business due to the Group's increased distribution in newly-added markets cushioned the drop in domestic sales. As a result, Dairies Singapore FY2016 revenue fell 4%. Coupled with higher marketing spend in new markets, its FY2016 earnings fell 15%.

Aided by effective brand building activities and new product launches, Dairies Singapore maintained its No.1 and No. 2 positions in the Chilled Juices and Liquid Milk categories, respectively. New product launches of the improved F&N MAGNOLIA Plus Oats Lo-Fat Hi-Cal Milk and F&N FRUIT TREE FRESH Apple, Beetroot & Carrot ("ABC") No Sugar Added Mixed Juice Drink, in addressing consumers' growing demand for healthier drinks with nutritional benefits, generated positive response and lifted sales.

Volume (%)

^2%

Revenue (%)

4%

Profit Before Interest & Taxation (%)

15%

Profit Before Interest & Taxation Margin (%)

▼0pp









LIQUID MILK AND YOGHURT DRINK: F&N MAGNOLIA

Started in 2014 and extended to 2015. F&N MAGNOLIA brought back its successful "Drink Milk Fresh" campaign in 2016 to continue advocating the importance of drinking milk at its freshest, within three days of opening. This is in line with the recommendation of Singapore's Agri-Food and Veterinary Authority. F&N MAGNOLIA encouraged consumers to drink from 1L-pack, instead of 2L-pack, to enjoy milk at its freshest. Besides consumer promotion, F&N MAGNOLIA encouraged the exchange of empty 2L milk bottles for a free F&N MAGNOLIA 1L-pack, via in-store roadshows and its

roving milk truck, to boost trials and consumption. The campaign, which was further supported by above-the-line advertising, resulted in a sales uplift and volume share increase within the Liquid Chilled Milk segment during the month of execution.

To generate consumer interest, F&N MAGNOLIA collaborated with a popular Hollywood animated movie in a joint promotion supported by a 360-degree campaign. The movie characters were featured on the packaging of F&N MAGNOLIA's pasteurised and UHT milk products, as well as its yoghurt drink range. Consumer response was very positive; F&N MAGNOLIA recorded sales and





volume growth, and market share increase across the liquid milk and yoghurt drink segments.

Back by popular demand, the F&N MAGNOLIA Plus Oats Lo-Fat Hi-Cal Milk was reintroduced in Singapore this year. Reformulated with added beta glucan to boost the body's immune system, F&N MAGNOLIA Plus Oats Lo-Fat Hi-Cal Milk is the only pasteurised milk in Singapore to be fortified with oats for more nutritional benefits. Above-the-line communications, in conjunction with in-store roadshows resulted in successful conversions to consumer purchases. The huge success of F&N MAGNOLIA Plus Oats Lo-Fat Hi-Cal Milk doubled F&N MAGNOLIA's volume compared to the previous year and contributed to the brand's highest volume share in three years.





JUICE: F&N FRUIT TREE FRESH

For the year in review, new flavour F&N FRUIT TREE FRESH ABC No Sugar Added Mixed Juice Drink was introduced to inject excitement in Dairies Singapore's juices portfolio. Out-of-home, print and social media advertising, product trials executed in the form of roving bicycles distributing samples, eye-catching in-store displays and in-store roadshows helped boost its sales. Within two months of its launch, F&N FRUIT TREE FRESH ABC No Sugar Added Mixed Juice Drink has become one of the most popular flavours within the F&N FRUIT TREE FRESH juice portfolio.

F&N FRUIT TREE FRESH will continue to innovate to excite consumers with healthier, more refreshing flavours of fruit juices.

DAIRIES

ICE CREAM

DAIRIES ICE CREAM: OVERVIEW

F&N's Ice Cream division has commercial operations in about 10 countries (primarily in Malaysia, Singapore and Thailand), with wellestablished and trusted brands like F&N MAGNOLIA, KING'S and MEADOW GOLD. The commercial operations are supported by two manufacturing plants in Malaysia and Thailand. This year, through continuous product innovation, Dairies Ice Cream continued to excite its consumers by introducing new variants in the various markets.

MALAYSIA

Despite subdued consumer sentiment amid a softened economic environment in Malaysia, the ice cream market remained stable and has been forecast to grow at a steady rate in the medium term. This is due to growth in discretionary income, as well as ice cream being regarded as a treat amid consumers' busy schedules.

This year, the Group introduced several new products in Malaysia. In particular, three new innovative flavours of *KING'S* Potong have seen strong consumer acceptance. *KING'S* Potong Teh Tarik was launched in December 2015 to offer Malaysians the convenience of enjoying their favourite local tea



beverage in an ice cream stick form. Developed based on F&N's original recipe using F&N Sweetened Beverage Creamer, KING'S Potong Teh Tarik was also extended to Singapore in limited quantities. In April 2016, KING'S Potong Gold Mao Shan Wang, made with 100% Mao Shan Wang puree, was launched as a limited edition flavour. Also launched in April 2016, KING'S Potong Coconut used 100% fresh Thai coconut milk and coconut flesh to create a refreshing creamy treat.

As part of KING'S continuous efforts to generate excitement, it updated the look of KING'S Sundae-licious to give it a more fresh and premium look. In addition, a new flavour, KING'S Sundae-licious Mixed Berries, a vanilla ice cream topped with mixed berries swirls, was also introduced this year.

MEADOW GOLD was launched in four new flavours in October 2015 to offer Malaysia's discerning ice cream lovers more variety in the tub ice cream segment. Roadshows were conducted to encourage trials and social media interactions with consumers helped boost awareness and consumer engagement.

In the coming years, multi-pack and take-home ice cream are expected to register the fastest growth as consumers remain price sensitive amid a rising cost of living and deem these ice cream formats as better value-for-money. Impulse, or single portion ice cream, will continue to register growth in the convenience stores and smaller independent grocers due to accessibility. F&N is poised to seize these growth opportunities as we have well established multi-packs, value tubs and single portion ice cream brands to cater to various consumer needs.





SINGAPORE

This year, F&N MAGNOLIA Gotcha, catered for children, underwent a packaging revamp, to reflect its 'Healthier Choice Snack' status endorsed by Singapore's Health Promotion Board. Recognising the increasing importance Singaporeans place on their health, all newly developed ice cream products by F&N for the Singapore market in the future will go through a strict R&D process to ensure that they satisfy the criteria of a 'Healthier Choice Snack'.

KING'S Potong remains Singapore's No. 1 Potong brand. With the purpose of extending its product offering and delighting consumers with new flavours, KING'S Potong Gold Mao Shan Wang was launched as a limited edition variant, to favourable consumer reception. Even though it was distributed exclusively through one retailer, KING'S Potong Gold Mao Shan Wang performed beyond management's expectations and was sold out within a few weeks of its launch.

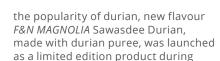
In its efforts to build brand engagement, drive trials and convey its brand essence of positivity and energy, F&N MAGNOLIA Mag-A-Cone organised a Lip Sync Battle Competition in April 2016. Supported by radio, print and social media communication, the competition generated significant buzz, both on- and offline. Extending its reach to more families and children, F&N secured the title of Exclusive Ice Cream Partner for the POSB Passion Run 2016 and supported the event with 8,000 sticks of F&N MAGNOLIA Mag-A-Cone and F&N MAGNOLIA Gotcha.

THAILAND

Capitalising on consumers' growing demand for impulse ice cream in Thailand, Ice Cream division focused its new launches this year on single portion stick ice cream. Riding on









the durian harvest season. This flavour was so well received that it sold out quickly, and the Group has plans to bring it back in 2017. Another one of Ice Cream division's innovations was F&N MAGNOLIA Gotcha Space Captain, where jelly was added to ice confection, and was met with good response from its target audience of children aged six to nine.

Thailand's ice cream market, projected to grow between 12% to 15% in the coming year, will continue to be driven mainly by impulse single portion ice cream. As one of the top three players in this market, F&N will continue to invest in brand building activities and product innovation to drive demand and grow market share.

NEW MARKET

MYANMAR



MYANMAR: MARKET OVERVIEW

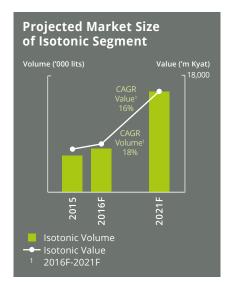
An agriculture supply shock from heavy flooding, slowdown in new foreign investment and inflationary pressures eased Myanmar's economic growth to 7% in 2016, from an average of 8.5% in the last two years. Nevertheless, as the economy recovers from the effects of the floods, Myanmar's prospects remain optimistic, with real GDP growth rate projected to rise to 7.8% in 2016-2017, and average 8.2% per year over the medium-term¹. The increasing levels of discretionary expenditure and changes in consumption habits among a burgeoning, largely urban

middle-class population will present tremendous growth opportunities for the Group.

RESULTS

Since the establishment of the F&N branch office in Yangon in 2014 to conduct market research, coordinate sales and marketing efforts, and provide support to local distributors, the Group, with 100PLUS, has recorded market share gains year-on-year. Started with 100PLUS Original and 100PLUS Lemon Lime, the Group also offers 100PLUS Orange, 100PLUS Edge, F&N NUTRISOY, F&N SEASONS, OISHI and TEAPOT, and has further expanded the Group's footprint in Myanmar, much to the delight of our consumers.

As a result of focused and consistent support behind the brand, coupled with a rapidly expanding route-to-market, 100PLUS has established itself as the leading isotonic beverage in the country. Riding on the successes of 100PLUS Original and Lemon Lime, this year, the Group extended its offering with new variants, 100PLUS Orange and 100PLUS Edge. 100PLUS Orange was launched as an additional flavour to 100PLUS' carbonated isotonic range in Myanmar. The launch was



supported by print and social media, and eye-catching displays in outlets of Myanmar's supermarkets and hypermarts. The launch of 100PLUS Edge, 100PLUS non-carbonated variant, was supported by billboard advertisements, attractive displays in the modern trade, social media communication as well as consumer trials.

This year, one of the key marketing campaigns was the sponsorship of the Yoma Yangon International Marathon in January 2016. As one of the major running events held in Yangon, this marathon attracted over 6,000 international and local runners, making it the perfect platform for the launch of 100PLUS Edge. As the event's Official Hydration Partner, brand visibility of both 100PLUS and 100PLUS Edge was amplified via hydration stops along the race route, successfully reaching out to local and international runners. In addition to supporting Yoma Yangon International Marathon, 100PLUS was also a keen participant of the Bagan



1 Source: World Bank

Temple Marathon. Having cemented its position as a supporter of active lifestyles, 100PLUS continued its support of Myanmar Football Federation and extended its sponsorship of sports organisations to include Myanmar Golf Federation.

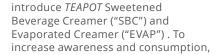
The Group continued to partner Citymart Holdings Ltd ("Citymart") in its efforts to increase 100PLUS' brand visibility and product availability. Citymart is the No. 1 supermarket and hypermart chain operator in Myanmar. Leveraging Citymart's wide retail presence, the Group was able to drive consumer awareness and increase visibility of its products through consumer promotions, roadshows and in-store displays. Through the jointly organised "Active Family Day Out" event, which was held for the 2nd consecutive year in 2016, F&N was able to extend its reach to more families through product sampling opportunities and widespread publicity.

Additionally, the year in review saw the launch of *TEAPOT* canned milk in Myanmar. Canned milk is a staple product in Myanmar and is widely used in tea shops, a ubiquitous fixture in Myanmar's social life. To capitalise on the strong demand for canned milk, the Group expanded its products beyond soft drinks to formally















CHAMPION

14 Boys OPLUS Super Cup

food and beverage applications using *TEAPOT* were introduced at the launch event attended by more than 150 business partners. A trade loyalty programme for local tea shops and sampling programmes in hospitals were also implemented. Since its launch, *TEAPOT* has performed well with gains in market shares for both SBC and EVAP within the canned milk segment.

Going forward, the Group expects competition in the growing isotonic and canned milk segments to intensify. Nonetheless, we will continue to build on our existing platform to step up our brand building and trade activities, so as to maintain 100PLUS' leading position and grow TEAPOT's volume shares.

NEW MARKET

VIETNAM

VIETNAM: MARKET OVERVIEW

Vietnam, earmarked as one of the Group's new markets in its regional expansion plan, is one of ASEAN's fastest-growing economies. With a projected GDP growth rate averaging 6% in the next three years, a young population, rising middle class and increasing urbanisation, Vietnam presents huge growth potential for F&N.

To this end, the Group incorporated F&N Vietnam Limited Liability Company in August 2016, effectively enabling it to extend its operations in this market beyond the functions of a representative office (set up in June 2015). F&N Vietnam distributes, markets and conducts trading of non-alcoholic beverages and beer in the country.

RESULTS

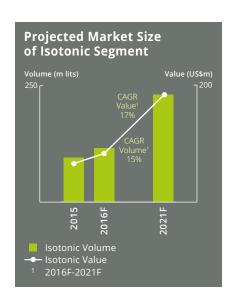
Since the Group's core brand 100PLUS was launched in 2015, its performance has been promising. On the back of intensified trade and consumer





marketing programmes coupled with an expanded route-to-market, 100PLUS FY2016 volume has increased manifold, outpacing the projected 19% growth rate of the isotonic segment in 2016. This financial year, efforts to expand route-to-market resulted in more than 50% increase in each of the convenience stores, on-premise and general trade channels.

To capitalise on the significance of Tet festival, 100PLUS rolled out a festive packaging to drive sales and brand awareness. Consumer trials were also carried out in on-premise and modern trade outlets, and convenience stores. Eye-catching in-store displays and social media were also used to boost awareness and visibility.





100PLUS continued to support various sports events and engaged different stakeholder groups in FY2016. It continued its sponsorship of the Ho Chi Minh City Media Futsal Tournament and the Danang International Marathon, where over 5,000 participants sampled 100PLUS as the event's exclusive isotonic drink. Other events supported by 100PLUS as the exclusive isotonic drink included the District 4 Charity Walk & Cycling Tournament, the Under-18 National Tennis Tournament and the International Table Tennis Competition. 100PLUS also sponsored the Ho Chi Minh City Student Union

which enabled it to reach out to students in high schools and universities.

Riding on the success of 100PLUS Original, new flavours of 100PLUS -Orange, Lemon Lime and Berry were launched in FY2016 to offer consumers more choices. In September 2016, CHANG beer was launched to encouraging response.

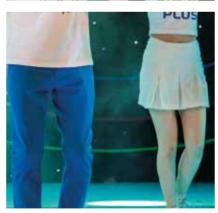
F&N Vietnam will continue to drive consumer engagement and brand awareness, in addition to sharpening its route-to-market to tap into the growth opportunities presented by this market.













NEW MARKET

THAILAND











THAILAND: MARKET OVERVIEW

With the growing health consciousness among Thai consumers and increasing demand for healthier products with reduced sugar and functional benefits, beverage manufacturers have been introducing products focused on healthier concepts. This year, to support consumers in making healthier diet choices, the Thai government introduced the 'Healthier Choice' label for F&B products to help consumers identify healthier food options. 100PLUS has been identified as a 'Healthier Choice' product and the Group has adopted the label in its packaging from September 2016. It will leverage consumers' increasing focus on health and nutrition to reinforce its image as a healthier soft drink suitable for all occasions.

RESULTS

The Group debuted in Thailand's soft drinks market with the launch of core brand, 100PLUS, in February 2015. Despite being a new entrant in the isotonic segment, 100PLUS has performed well to achieve a credible No. 3 position. The Group operates in the Thai soft drinks market through its licensee Thai Drinks, a subsidiary of Thai Beverage PCL, for the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of 100PLUS in Thailand.



Positioned in Thailand as the first soft drink with functional benefits, 100PLUS offers increasingly healthconscious Thai consumers both the functional benefits of rehydration and replenishment of lost fluids and minerals in the body, as well as the refreshing sensation of a lightly carbonated soft drink. As a relatively new entrant, this year, the Group stepped up its efforts to educate consumers on its product benefits, increase brand visibility and strengthen its position as the healthier alternative to carbonated soft drinks for every day consumption.

Following FY2015's successful launch of *100PLUS* Original and *100PLUS* Lemon Lime, which was supported by a nationwide campaign, *100PLUS*







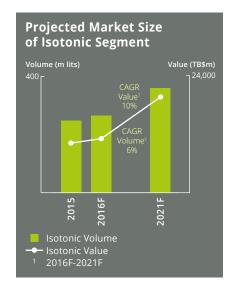
continued to ride on the momentum built to extend brand visibility and strengthen its position as a functional soft drink. Tapping into the increasingly popular trend of cycling, 100PLUS ran a nationwide consumer promotion "Bike in Japan" from March to May 2016. The promotion was highlighted through an integrated marketing campaign which included television and cinema commercials, print and online advertising, in-store sampling and event sponsorship. Boosted by strong consumer interest and word of mouth, both trade and consumer off-take achieved significant increase over the three-month period. Through "Bike in Japan", 100PLUS' brand image as a functional soft drink also strengthened among consumers.

Other brand building activities included a television commercial aired from May to August 2016 and strategic media placements to boost top-of-mind, as well as event sponsorships to drive trials. This year, 100PLUS supported 34 running and cycling events in Thailand, and has become the preferred beverage partner of event organisers, successfully reinforced its position as the drink of choice for those who lead active lifestyles. 100PLUS also capitalised on its growing



presence in fitness centres to drive consumption. It will optimise the fitness channel in the coming year to encourage even more consumption from consumers looking to rehydrate after their exercise.

In the new financial year, the Group will continue to strengthen 100PLUS' brand positioning of being the healthier soft drink of choice and broaden consumption opportunities beyond sports to every day occasions.



PUBLISHING & PRINTING



By focusing on maintaining and developing strategic alliances with our key partners and creating greater brand awareness, we have placed Marshall Cavendish at the forefront of education.

MR SIEW PENG YIM Chief Executive Officer, Times Publishing Group

PUBLISHING & PRINTING GROUP RESULTS

FY2016 marked an exciting year for the Publishing & Printing division ("P&P") amid continued difficult operating environment. Consequently, we saw mixed performances across our P&P division. Retail and Distribution recorded revenue gains, aided by strong sales performance in airport retail and high street stores, higher partwork sales in Hong Kong and higher contribution from magazine Distribution in Singapore. Publishing, on the other hand, recorded lower revenue as a result of a slow-down in demand for our textbooks due to the end-of-school adoption cycle. Similarly, lower print volumes in Singapore and Malaysia as well as the discontinuation of a joint venture in China caused Print revenue to fall. Accordingly, P&P FY2016 revenue declined 10%, to \$308m. Despite the decline in revenue, we were able to narrow our operating losses substantially in FY2016 to \$5m, from \$15m in FY2015. This was mainly the result of last year's restructuring exercise to reduce Print's operating cost

base and the absence of a one-off catch up of depreciation charges.

Marshall Cavendish, our publishing arm, continued its push into the international educational publishing market. This year, we added South Africa, Spain and Colombia to our global footprint of over 60 countries, while making further inroads into the UK with strong school adoptions. By focusing on maintaining and developing strategic alliances with our key partners and creating greater brand awareness, we have placed Marshall Cavendish at the forefront of education.

Our decision to rationalise our printing plants last year in anticipation of weak volume and margin pressure has helped to ensure that profitability of our Print division could be sustained. The Print division is now leaner and better able to meet the challenges in the market. This year, while Singapore and Malaysia saw a fall in print volumes, we saw recoveries in China, with encouraging resumption of book orders from overseas customers in the second half of FY2016. We have also successfully renewed business

partnerships with various international publishers and secured new catalogue printing work in Singapore, Malaysia and China.

Leveraging our leading position in the education publishing sector, P&P will be officially rolling out Times Experience and GoGuru in FY2017. Times Experience is an event organiser with events centred on ways to enhance a child's learning experience beyond the classroom. Tapping on Marshall Cavendish Education's expertise in education, Times Experience offers quality educational content in a relatable and contemporary approach for the modern child. Happy Sparks will be the first event managed by Times Experience in Singapore and together with GoGuru, Times Publishing Group's e-commerce portal, it is our aim to engage our customers directly and increase consumer touch points providing a wider offering of products, services and solutions focusing on learning. In addition, P&P will also be launching Brainy Arkies - an adaptive learning app, in FY2017, giving us the opportunity to showcase our ability to create innovative solutions.

In This Section	
Publishing & Printing Group Results	62
Publishing & Printing • Publishing	63
Publishing & Printing • Print	65
Publishing & Printing • Retail &	
Distribution	65

Amid challenging times, we will also continue to expand our influence in the field of educational retail through aggressive brand profile development over digital media and on e-commerce platforms as well as through the launch of a new lifestyle bookstore concept, while looking to further improve manufacturing efficiency and cost management in our Print division.

PUBLISHING

The Group's publishing business is marketed under the brand, Marshall Cavendish ("MC"). As a major international content provider, MC publishes extensively with interests spanning Education, General Interest, Business Information and Home Reference.

Publishing revenue declined primarily due to lower Education Publishing revenue. Demand for US textbooks were affected by the end-of-school adoption cycle. However, growth in non-US export markets were in line with expectations.

Publishing: Education

While Marshall Cavendish Education ("MCE") continued to develop new print and digital educational content in its existing markets in Singapore, Hong Kong and the US, it also looked to push for more adoption of its content in new markets. This year, MCE successfully took its Math programme to Spain and Colombia, further strengthening its brand position in Latin America.

In Singapore, MCE has long advocated the importance of enhancing teachers' capacity to improve student learning and development outcomes with its annual MCE Conference. For the fifth year running, this three-day event continued to enjoy strong support.

Attended by 150 international policymakers, curriculum specialists, school leaders and educators, the huge turnout to the 2016 MCE Conference bears testament to the growing recognition of Singapore's world-class curriculum.

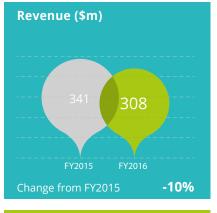
Also in Singapore, MCE collaborated with leading US adaptive learning technology company, Knewton, to introduce a personalised adaptive Mathematics solution MCEduworld in early 2016. Supported by Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore, nine schools in Singapore have embarked on this pilot programme.

MCE, together with its partners, won the tender for the development of Student Learning Space for the Ministry of Education, Singapore ("MOE"). The new online Teaching and Learning Application System and Digital Resource Library will provide teachers and students access to quality digital teaching and learning resources produced by MOE, teachers and those curated from other sources.

Riding on the successes of "Primary Mathematics" and "Math in Focus", this year, MCE developed "Math On", an online supplement that contains comprehensive assessment tools and interactive digital resources aligned to the US Common Core State Standards. This new addition to its suite of innovative digital solutions enables MCE to continue to stamp its authority in the area of Mathematics in the US.

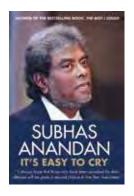
Beyond the US, MCE also continued its efforts to promote the "Inspire Maths" series in partnership with Oxford University Press to bring its Singapore Maths programme into the UK. An extensive series of events focusing on public relations, professional development as well as online campaigns drove new adoptions.

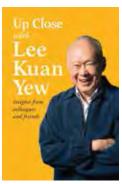


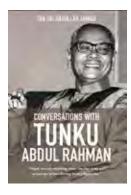




PUBLISHING & PRINTING







Marshall Cavendish Education Hong Kong ("MCE HK") has also done well this year. Knowing that Hong Kong places a strong emphasis on Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics ("STEM") education for their students, MCE HK, leveraging its position as a curriculum leader, integrated various subjects into Hong Kong's STEM education and conceptualised many initiatives to encourage STEM amongst the youth. In addition, MCE also established the MC STEM Academy, in partnership with technology providers and an advisory board of esteemed educators. As a result, it managed to organise handson STEM workshops which saw overwhelming attendance for each event. In addition to workshops,

inter-school STEM project competitions were also organised with good participation rates from schools.

Publishing: Others

General and Reference ("GR") successfully published several high profile titles in 2016. These included "It's Easy to Cry" (by the late criminal lawyer Subhas Anandan), "Up Close with Lee Kuan Yew" (essays from 37 close friends and colleagues of Mr Lee) and "Conversations with Tunku Abdul Rahman" (Malaysia's first prime minister).

The late Subhas Anandan's second book "It's Easy to Cry" was launched posthumously in December 2015. Subhas was Singapore's best-known criminal lawyer with an empathy for all his clients, and a foremost champion of pro bono work. The book held its place on the Bestsellers List for a record 20 weeks.













recorded improved sales on the back of higher export.

RETAIL & DISTRIBUTION

Retail and Distribution division ("R&D") experienced revenue gains due to improved scale in magazine distribution, strong partwork sales and higher contribution from new retail stores opened in high-street and airport.

This year, R&D continued to strengthen its retail positioning by catering to the varied interests and ages of consumers, especially families and children, inspiring and engaging them with more creative and interactive in-store activities. As such the ongoing rebranding efforts of Times Bookstores to encourage community building have shown encouraging results.

GR continued its tradition of publishing biographies of influential individuals in Asia and beyond with "Up Close with Lee Kuan Yew". This intimate collection of 37 essays by Mr Lee's closest colleagues and friends was launched in March 2016. The book was reviewed favourably by mainstream media sources and quickly took the No. 1 spot on The Straits Times Bestsellers List.

Beyond our shores, MCIA, our GR publishing arm, had the opportunity to publish several strong Malaysian titles this year, most notably Conversations with Tunku Abdul Rahman. The book launch took place at the Tunku Abdul Rahman memorial in April 2016.

PRINT

The Printing operations in Singapore and Malaysia continued to face a challenging printing environment.

The challenges included lower print volumes and margin pressure. As a result of FY2015's restructuring exercise to reduce its cost structure, Print division was able to narrow its losses this year, despite a drop in revenue. The restructuring efforts to realign capacity and demand as well as the absence of a one-off catch up of depreciation charges in 2015 helped improve the bottom line. The Printing operations in China, on the other hand,



INVESTOR RELATIONS

EFFECTIVE AND OPEN COMMUNICATION

The F&N Group is committed to promoting effective and open communication with all stakeholders, ensuring consistency and clarity of disclosure at all times. We aim to engage with our shareholders and investment community openly and regularly in order to facilitate a mutual understanding of our respective objectives, and to provide information on our corporate strategies, trends, operational performance and financial information to the investment community.

To achieve that, F&N makes every effort to disseminate information through a broad range of communication channels and do not provide information selectively. Such commitment ensures that investors have easy access to information on the Group so that they can effectively evaluate the company and make informed investment decisions.

REGULAR DIALOGUES WITH THE INVESTMENT COMMUNITY

Besides communicating regularly with shareholders and the investment community via disclosures of material and other pertinent information through regular dialogues and announcements to SGX-ST, the Investor Relations team undertakes road shows (together with key senior management), investor seminars and conferences to keep the market and investors apprised of the F&N Group's corporate developments and financial performance.

In our second year of regional expansion, the Investor Relations team, together with senior management, continued to actively engage and update the investment community on the activities the Group had undertaken in the marketplace.

Retail investors remain an important part of our outreach efforts. In addition to annual general meetings, the Investor

Relations team addresses the concerns of retail investors through email, telephone and online query form on F&N's website.

AWARDS

F&N was the winner of the Most Transparent Company Award – Consumer Staples category at the 17th Investors' Choice Awards organised by the Securities Investors Association Singapore. The award recognises F&N's outstanding efforts in upholding high levels of disclosure and transparency standards in our communication with shareholders and the public. In the same event, the Group also attained the Internal Audit Excellence Award – Runner-Up for our effective internal audit process.

DIVIDEND

The Group maintained a healthy track record of generous shareholder distributions. For the financial year ended 30 September 2016, the directors have recommended a final dividend of 3.0 cents per share, which together

with the interim dividend of 1.5 cents paid earlier brings total dividend for the year to 4.5 cents per share. In line with the Group's dividend policy, the proposed payout represents a distribution of 60% of the Group Attributable Profit before fair value adjustment and exceptional items (from continuing operations).

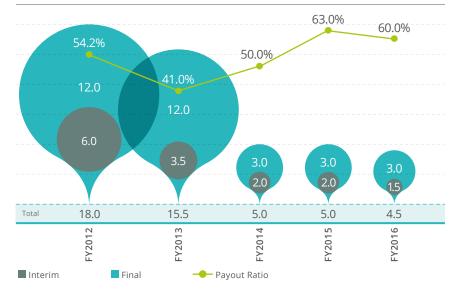
FOR GENERAL ENQUIRIES ON F&N, PLEASE CONTACT:

Ms Jennifer Yu Head, Investor Relations Tel: (65) 6318 9393 Fax: (65) 6271 7936 Email: jenniferyu@fngroup.com.sg Website: fraserandneave.com

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services 80 Robinson Road #02-00 Singapore 068898 Tel: (65) 6236 3333 Fax: (65) 6236 3405

Dividend (Cents)



FINANCIAL CALENDAR FY2017

DATE	24 January 2017	08 February 2017 (after close of trading) (tentative)	08 May 2017 (after close of trading) (tentative)	08 August 2017 (after close of trading) (tentative)	08 November 2017 (after close of trading) (tentative)
EVENT	Annual General Meeting	Announcement of 1st Quarter Results	Announcement of 2 nd Quarter Results	Announcement of 3 rd Quarter Results	Announcement of Full Year Results
			Declaration of Interim Dividend		Declaration of Final Dividend

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Group aims to maintain a prudent financial structure to ensure that it will be able to access adequate capital at favourable terms. The Group's core businesses, Food & Beverage ("F&B") and Publishing & Printing ("P&P"), are its main sources of cash flows.

Management monitors the Group's cash flow position, debt maturity profile, cost of funds, interest rate exposures and overall liquidity position on a continual basis. To ensure that the Group has adequate overall liquidity to finance its operations and investments, the Group maintains a significant amount of available banking facilities with a large number of banks. The Group's Medium Term Notes ("MTN") Programmes also provide F&N continued access to the debt capital markets.

As at FY2016, the Group's balance sheet remained strong. It has \$908.5 million in cash, mainly proceeds from the disposal of Myanmar Brewery Limited. Cash generative businesses, ample funding sources and significant debt headroom put F&N in a strong position to tap growth opportunities.

Interest cost in FY2016 was \$5.0 million, 21% lower than the previous year's interest cost of \$6.3 million due to lower borrowings.

SOURCE OF FUNDING

Besides cash flow from its businesses, the Group also relies on the debt capital markets, equity market and bilateral banking facilities for its funding. As at 30 September 2016, the Group has \$0.7 billion in banking facilities and \$2.5 billion in MTN Programmes to meet its funding requirements.

AVAILABLE BANK LINES AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

The Group maintains an active relationship with a network of more than 15 banks of various nationalities, located in various countries where the Group operates. Its principal bankers are DBS Bank Ltd, Overseas-Chinese Banking Corporation, Standard Chartered Bank, The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited and Crédit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank.

The Group adopts the philosophy of engaging the banks as its core business partners. It continues to receive very strong support from its relationship banks across all

segments of the Group's businesses. Total banking facilities (utilised and unutilised) extended to the Group as at 30 September 2016 amounted to \$0.7 billion. The principal bankers of the Group provided 57% of these banking facilities. All banking relationships for the Group are maintained by Corporate Treasury in Singapore.

DEBT CAPITAL MARKETS

The Group has a S\$2.0 billion debt issuance programme in Singapore and a RM1.5 billion MTN Programme in Malaysia in place to tap the debt capital markets.

MATURITY PROFILE OF GROUP DEBT (EXCLUDES FINANCE LEASES)

Maturing within	
1 year	\$11.7 million
Maturing within	
1 to 2 years	\$49.6 million
Maturing within	
2 to 5 years	\$74.6 million
Maturing after	
5 years	\$0.4 million
	\$136.3 million

As at the date of this report, the Group has more than sufficient resources to repay these loans as and when they fall due without having to refinance these loans.

INTEREST RATE PROFILE AND DERIVATIVES

The Group manages its interest cost by maintaining a mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings. On a portfolio basis, 98% of the Group's borrowings are in fixed rates with an average fixed rate tenor of 1.9 years as at 30 September 2016. The fixed rate borrowings consist largely of the fixed rate notes issued under F&N Capital Sdn Bhd's MTN Programme. The remaining 2% of the Group's borrowings are in floating rates as at 30 September 2016.

In managing the interest rate profile, the Group takes into account the interest rate outlook, expected cash flow generated from its business operations, holding period of long-term investments and any acquisition and divestment plans.

The Group makes use of interest rate derivatives for the purpose of hedging interest rate risks and managing its portfolio of fixed and floating rate borrowings from time to time. The

Group does not engage in trading of interest rate derivatives. It does not have any outstanding interest rate derivatives as at 30 September 2016.

GEARING AND NET INTEREST COVER

The Group aims to keep its net gearing ratio below 80%. As at 30 September 2016, the Group has net cash of \$908.5 million. Total interest expense for the year amounted to \$5.0 million. The net interest income credited to profit statement for the year was \$9.8 million. The net interest cover over total interest expense was at 36.1 times.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND DERIVATIVES

The Group has exposure to foreign currency risks as a result of transactions denominated in foreign currencies arising from operational, financing and investment activities. Where exposures are certain, it is the Group's policy to hedge these risks. For those exposures that are less certain in their timing and extent, it is the Group's policy to cover 50% to 90% of anticipated exposures for a maximum period of 12 months forward. The Group uses foreign exchange forward contracts and certain currency derivatives to manage these foreign currency risks.

The Group does not engage in the trading of foreign currencies and foreign currency derivatives. The Group uses foreign currency contracts and derivatives solely for hedging actual underlying foreign currency requirements in accordance with hedging limits set by the Audit and the Board Committees under the Group Treasury Policy. These policies are reviewed regularly to ensure that the Group Treasury Policy are in line with its current needs, objectives and strategy of the businesses.

The Group's foreign currency contracts and derivatives and mark-to-market values as at 30 September 2016 are disclosed in the financial statement in Note 35.

The Group does not hedge the foreign currency risks of its investments in overseas subsidiaries, joint venture and associated companies. Such investments are long-term in nature and therefore not feasible and economical to hedge. The Group only hedges dividends payable from its overseas subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies.

ENTERPRISE-WIDE RISK MANAGEMENT

ENTERPRISE-WIDE RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board and senior management of Fraser and Neave, Limited, ("F&N" or the "Group") promote a strong risk management culture through having sound risk management processes and operating procedures that integrate prudent risk limits with appropriate risk measurement, monitoring and reporting, and encourage open communication and escalation of concerns in a timely manner. The purpose is to safeguard the interests of shareholders and the assets of F&N.

The Risk Management Committee ("RMC"), which was established by the Board in 2012, has oversight of the Group risk management policies and implementation. It assists the Board in determining the Group's level of risk tolerance and risk policies, providing guidance on key risks, and ensuring that Management has in place an effective risk management system for the timely identification, mitigation and management of key risks that may have a material impact on the Group. In addition, the RMC also has oversight of the Group's Insurance and Business Continuity programmes.

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

F&N adopts a cohesive risk management framework to manage risks in an integrated, systematic and consistent manner. The framework provides for the identification and management of risks using a top-down and bottom-up approach.

Management (business division heads and business unit heads) has the primary responsibility for identifying, controlling and reducing risks, and reporting to the Board. Material risks, mitigating measures, Key Risk Indicators ("KRIs") and risk ratings are reviewed by Management at least three times a year.

Specifically, the Business Heads are the risk owners, and are responsible for identifying risks, establishing sound practices, and ensuring that effective procedures and robust systems are in place to mitigate the risks.

The key risks of the various business units are consolidated for review by CEOs of the Food & Beverage ("F&B") and Publishing & Printing ("P&P") business divisions, and finally to F&N RMC and Board.

Each business division has a dedicated risk coordinator to conduct risk analyses with management and compile timely reports to the Division Head. Risk coordinators also conduct briefings on adopted risk policies and practices when required. The objective is to increase risk awareness amongst key staff and to involve and commit them to implement measures that have been adopted by the Group.

To facilitate the reporting and monitoring of risks, F&N uses a web-based Corporate Risk Scorecard ("CRS") system which enables business units to report risks and risk status using a common platform. The CRS captures risks, mitigating measures, timelines for action items and risk ratings. Risk parameters, upon which the ratings are based, are reviewed annually.

The Group periodically reviews the identification and recording of risks, streamlines the use of Risk Scorecards and upgrades the CRS system.

Risk tolerance statements, which set out the nature and extent of the significant risks that the Group is willing to accept in achieving its strategic objectives, are reviewed annually.

At the end of each financial year, Management of each business division and the Company provide assurance to the Board, F&N Audit Committee and RMC on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management system and internal controls.

These assurances for FY2016 are disclosed on Page 79 of this report.

KEY RISKS IN FINANCIAL YEAR 2015/2016

As at 30 September 2016 the key risks of the Group have been largely mitigated. The proportion of risks that were rated as "very significant" and "high" have been reduced substantially after taking account of the mitigating measures.

The key categories of risks faced by the Group are summarised as follows.

Strategic Risks

The Group closely tracks developments in the F&B and P&P industries and reviews the effectiveness of its strategies as it works towards its vision of becoming a stable and sustainable F&B leader in the ASEAN region. The key risks facing the Group include increasing awareness of possible health effects associated with high

sugar consumption, competition from disruptive technology and the risks associated with mergers, acquisitions and industry consolidation.

Reputational - Food Safety Risks

Food safety remains a key risk to the F&B business division due to the potential reputational impact on the Group. In addition to

- (i) close monitoring of food safety issues worldwide,
- (ii) upholding the strict requirements stipulated under the various food safety standards and certifications,
- (iii) putting in place a robust process to mitigate the risk of food contamination and
- (iv) close monitoring of the status of KRIs which track food safety risks,

Management also shares learnings on food quality and safety issues and best practices across business units.

Reputational – Social Media and Communications Risks

With the increasing use of social media, business divisions closely monitor this medium of communication and periodically review the effectiveness of policies and procedures that are in place.

Country Risks - Currency and Operational Risks

The Group operates and procures raw materials internationally and is exposed to currency risks. The hedging of committed cash flows is in accordance with the Group Treasury policy. Such policy is reviewed on a regular basis, ensuring it reflects the current needs, objectives and strategy of the business.

Globally the increase in cybercrime, heightened political tension and threats of epidemic diseases reinforce the need for F&N to be vigilant and respond promptly to unexpected changes in its operating environment. The Group's cyber security measures are reviewed periodically to mitigate IT-related risks such as malware infection, ransomware, distributed denial of access and unauthorised access.

The robustness of F&N's business continuity plans ("BCPs") are also tested and fine-tuned through annual call notifications, desktop and simulation exercises. The complexity and scale of the exercises have been stepped up to raise awareness and preparedness. This ensures critical business functions can continue to operate in times of disruption and/or crises. The Group has also put in place a crisis communication policy, incident escalation procedure and incident alert codes, to ensure prompt notification of crisis incidents to Management.

The Group demonstrates its commitment to provide a safe workplace for its employees with the attainment of bizSAFE Level 3 certification by the F&N Corporate Office at Alexandra Point. Plants are also scheduled for surveys, to identify potential fire hazards and noncompliance to fire safety standards.

The Group recognises the importance of maintaining a consistent and cohesive ERM programme across the 12 countries where it has a presence, and continues to reinforce risk and BCP awareness throughout the Group. It also builds on the close working relationships with local authorities

and business partners to keep abreast of political, regulatory and economic developments in countries where the Group operates.

The insurance programmes are also reviewed annually to take into account the changing needs of the businesses and the operating environment to better mitigate losses in the event of a claim. Plant and equipment are revalued periodically to ensure adequacy of insurance coverage.

RISK CULTURE

The RMC encourages proactive and periodic benchmarking of the Group's ERM, BCP and insurance programmes against industry best practices and standards. It takes into account recommendations from BCP consultants and insurance advisers in mitigating pandemic, epidemic and adverse climate situations, to ensure that the ERM, BCP and insurance programmes remain adequate and effective.

As every member of staff has a role to play in risk management and BCP, awareness workshops, facilitated by the business divisions and Group Risk Management, are organised for new staff and entities of the Group quarterly. Refresher sessions are organised, when required.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

Fraser and Neave, Limited ("F&N" or the "Company") recognises the importance of strong corporate governance. To this end, F&N has in place sound corporate policies, business practices and internal controls to help F&N and its subsidiaries (the "Group") safeguard its assets and shareholders' interests while pursuing sustainable growth and value-enhancement strategies.

F&N is listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") and is firmly committed to compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, including the SGX-ST Listing Manual ("Listing Manual"), and the principles and guidelines of the Code of Corporate Governance 2012 (the "Code"). The Company is guided in its corporate governance practices by the principles of the Code, and continues to strive towards maintaining high standards of corporate governance and corporate transparency.

A. BOARD MATTERS

Principle 1: The Board's Conduct of Affairs

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") is well-diversified and comprises highly qualified and effective members who are responsible for providing overall entrepreneurial leadership and setting objectives for the long-term success of the Group. The Board also has oversight of the business performance and affairs of the Group and sets the Company's values and standards (including ethical standards). The Board seeks to align the interests of the Board and management with that of shareholders and to balance interests of other stakeholders.

The Board also reviews annual budgets, financial plans, major acquisitions and divestments, funding and investment proposals, monitors the financial performance of the Group and management's performance, and ensures compliance by the Group with relevant laws and regulations. The Board meets regularly. During Board meetings, our Directors actively participate, discuss, deliberate and appraise matters requiring attention and decision. If required, time is set aside after scheduled Board meetings for discussions amongst our Directors without the presence of management, as this facilitates a more effective check on management.

As at 30 September 2016, the Board comprises nine Directors, all of whom are non-executive Directors (including two female directors in recognition of the importance and value of gender diversity). They are:

Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming Mr Koh Poh Tiong Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan Mr Chotiphat Bijananda Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai Chairman Vice-Chairman

Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot (Alternate Director to Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai)

Delegation of Authority on certain Board Matters

In order for the Board to efficiently discharge its oversight function of F&N, the Board delegates specific areas of responsibilities to five board committees (the "Board Committees") namely, the Board Executive Committee, the Audit Committee, the Nominating Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Risk Management Committee. Each Board Committee is governed by clear terms of reference (the "Terms of Reference") which have been approved by the Board. Minutes of all Board Committee meetings are circulated to the Board so that directors of the Company (the "Directors") are aware of and kept updated as to the proceedings and matters discussed during such meetings.

The Company adopts a framework of delegated authorisations in its Manual of Authority ("MOA"). The MOA defines the procedures and levels of authorisation required for specified transactions. It also sets out approval limits for operating and capital expenditure as well as acquisitions and disposals of assets and investments. The MOA also contains a schedule of matters specifically reserved to the Board for approval. These include approval of annual budgets financial plans, financial statements, business strategies and material transactions, such as major acquisitions, divestments, funding and investment proposals. The MOA authorises the Board Executive Committee ("Board Exco") to approve certain transactions up to specified limits, beyond which the approval of the Board needs to be obtained. Below the Board and Board Exco levels, there are appropriate delegation of authority and approval sub-limits at management level, to facilitate operational efficiency.

To address and manage possible conflicts of interest that may arise between Directors' interests and those of the Group, the Company has put in place appropriate procedures including, requiring Directors to refrain from participating in meetings or discussions (or relevant segments thereof) and requiring such Directors to abstain from voting, on any matter in which they are interested or conflicted.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

A. BOARD MATTERS (cont'd)

Board Executive Committee ("Board Exco")

The Board Exco is made up of the following members:

Mr Koh Poh Tiong Chairman
Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi Vice-Chairman
Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai Member
Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot Member

The Board Exco assumes oversight of the business affairs of F&N, and is empowered to exercise the full powers and authority of the Board when the Board does not meet except in respect of matters that specifically require the decision of the Board or any Board Committee. The Board Exco formulates the Group's strategic development initiatives, provides direction for new investments and material financial and non-financial matters to ensure that the Group achieves its desired performance objectives and enhances long-term shareholder value. The Board Exco also oversees the Company's conduct of business and corporate governance structure.

The activities and responsibilities of the other Board Committees are described in the following sections of this report.

Meetings of the Board and Board Committees

The Board and its various Board Committees meet regularly, and also as required by business needs or if their members deem it necessary or appropriate to do so. For the financial year ended 30 September 2016, a total of six Board meetings were held.

The Directors are also given direct access to the management team of the Group's business divisions¹ through presentations at Board and Board Committee meetings. Where required or requested by Board members, site visits and meetings with personnel from the Group's business divisions are also arranged in order for Directors to have an intimate understanding of the key business operations of each division. The Company's Constitution provides for Board members who are unable to attend physical meetings to participate through telephone conference, video conference or any other forms of electronic or instantaneous communication facilities.

Note:

1 The Group's business divisions are as follows: Food & Beverage (Non-Alcoholic Beverages), Food & Beverage (Beer) and Publishing & Printing.

The number of Board meetings and Board Committee meetings held in the financial year ended 30 September 2016 and the attendance of Directors at these meetings are as follows:

				Risk		
	Board	Board Exco	Audit Committee	Management Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nominating Committee
Meetings held for the financial year ended 30 September 2016						
Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi	6/6	-	-	-	-	-
Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi	6/6	-	-	-	-	-
Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail	6/6	-	-	-	-	2/2
Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming	6/6	-	5/5	-	3/3	-
Mr Koh Poh Tiong	6/6	4/4	-	4/4	-	-
Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan	6/6	-	5/5	-	3/3	2/2
Mr Chotiphat Bijananda	6/6	-	-	-	-	-
Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi	5/6	3/4	-	3/4	3/3	2/2
Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai	6/6	4/4	5/5	3/4	-	-
Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot (Alternate Director)	6/6	3/4	-	4/4	-	-

Upon appointment, each new Director is issued a formal letter of appointment setting out his or her duties and obligations as a Director of the Company, including their responsibilities as fiduciaries and how to deal with conflicts of interest that may arise. A comprehensive orientation programme is also conducted to familiarise new appointees with the business activities, strategic directions, policies and corporate governance practices of the Group as well as their statutory and other duties and responsibilities as Directors. This programme allows new Directors to get acquainted with senior management, and also facilitates and fosters better rapport and communications with management.

Directors are regularly updated on the Group's businesses and the regulatory and industry-specific environments in which the entities of the Group operate. Updates on good corporate governance, relevant legal, regulatory and technical developments may be in writing or disseminated by way of briefings, presentations and/or handouts. During the financial year ended 30 September 2016, the Board has been briefed and updated on recent changes to the Companies Act (Chapter 50) (the "Companies Act") and Listing Manual. Our Directors are also encouraged to be members of the Singapore Institute of Directors ("SID") and to receive journal updates and training from SID in order to stay abreast of relevant developments in financial, legal and regulatory requirements.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

A. BOARD MATTERS (cont'd)

Principle 2: Board Composition and Guidance

As at 30 September 2016, the F&N Board comprises nine non-executive Directors, of whom three are independent. The three independent Directors help to uphold good corporate governance at the Board level and their presence facilitates the exercise of objective independent judgment on corporate affairs. Their participation and input also ensures that key issues and strategies are critically reviewed, constructively challenged, fully discussed and thoroughly examined, always taking into account the long-term interests of F&N and its shareholders. The Company is reviewing its Board composition so as to work towards complying with Principle 2.2 of the Code. As at 30 September 2016, none of the independent Directors have been on the Board for more than nine years.

The Nominating Committee ("NC") undertakes an annual review of the size and composition of the Board to ensure alignment with the needs of the Group. The NC is of the view that the current size and composition of the F&N Board is appropriate for the scope and nature of the Group's operations, and facilitates effective decision-making. In line with the Code, taking into account the requirements of the Group's businesses and the need to avoid undue disruptions from changes to the Board and Board Committees, the NC is of the view that the current size of the Board is not so large as to be unwieldy or as to interfere with efficient decision-making. No individual or group dominates the Board's decision-making process.

The Board proactively seeks to maintain an appropriate balance of expertise, skills and attributes among the Directors. This is also reflected in the diversity of backgrounds and competencies of our Directors, whose competencies range from banking, finance and accounting to relevant industry knowledge, entrepreneurial and management experience, and familiarity with regulatory requirements and risk management. This is beneficial to the Company and its management as decisions by, and discussions with, the Board are enriched by the broad range of views and perspectives and the breadth of experience of our Directors. The NC is of the view that there is an appropriate balance of expertise and skills amongst the Directors as they collectively bring with them a broad range of complementary competencies and experience.

The Directors are provided with accurate, complete and timely information and have direct and unrestricted access to management. This is to give the Board and Board Committees sufficient time to critically evaluate and consider issues relevant to the Company and its businesses and operations. This also allows our Directors to carry out their duties and discharge their oversight function more effectively.

Principle 3: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The Chairman and the Chief Executive Officers ("**CEOs**") of each of the Group's business divisions are separate persons to ensure an appropriate balance and separation of power, increased accountability, and clear division of responsibilities. The Chairman, who is non-executive, is not related to any of the CEOs of the business divisions. There is no business relationship between him and any of these CEOs. Likewise, none of the CEOs are related to each other, and neither is there any other business relationship between or among them.

The Chairman leads the Board and ensures its effectiveness by, among other things, steering effective, productive and comprehensive discussions amongst Board members and the management team on strategic, business and other key issues pertinent to the businesses and operations of the Group. In addition, the Chairman promotes a culture of openness and debate at Board meetings and also ensures, with the support of the company secretary (the "Company Secretary"), that Directors are provided with clear, complete and timely information in order to make sound, informed decisions.

The Chairman encourages active and effective engagement, participation by and contribution from all Directors, and facilitates constructive relations among and between them and management. With the full support of the Board, the Company Secretary and management, the Chairman supports the Company in its bid to promote, attain and maintain highest standards of corporate governance and transparency. The Chairman also sees to it that there is overall effective communications to and with shareholders on the performance of the Group. In turn, the CEOs of the Group's business divisions are responsible for executing the Group's strategies and policies, and are accountable to the Board for the conduct and performance of the respective business operations under their charge.

Lead Independent Director

Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail, Chairman of the NC, was appointed as Lead Independent Director on 7 May 2015. As the Lead Independent Director, he serves in a lead capacity to coordinate the activities of the independent Directors when necessary and appropriate. The Lead Independent Director is available to address shareholder concerns which have not been resolved through normal channels such as the Chairman or the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. The Lead Independent Director also has the authority to call and lead meetings of the independent Directors when necessary and appropriate.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

A. BOARD MATTERS (cont'd)

Principle 4: Board Membership

The Nominating Committee is made up of the following Directors:

Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail Chairman
Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan Member
Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi Member

A majority of the members of this Board Committee, including its Chairman, are independent and non-executive Directors.

Note

Under the Code, an "independent" Director is one who has no relationship with the Company, its related corporations, its ten percent (10%) shareholders or its officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of the director's independent business judgment with a view to the best interests of the Company. Under the Code, the term "10% shareholder" refers to a person who has an interest or interests in one or more voting shares in the Company and the total votes attached to that share, or those shares, is not less than ten percent (10%) of the total votes attached to all the voting shares in the Company. "Voting shares" excludes treasury shares.

The NC is chaired by the Lead Independent Director and is guided by written Terms of Reference, which are approved by the Board. The Terms of Reference set out the duties and responsibilities of the NC. The NC reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board. The NC also identifies the balance of skills, knowledge and experience required for the Board to discharge its responsibilities effectively and nominates candidates to meet the needs and requirements of the Group.

Besides evaluating annually the independence of each Director (as set out in the penultimate paragraph of this section), the NC appraises the performance of the Board as a whole, and the contribution of each Director to the effectiveness of the Board. The NC is also required to determine whether Directors who hold multiple board representations are able to and have been devoting sufficient time to discharge their responsibilities adequately. The Code recommends that the Board should fix the maximum number of listed company board representations which any Director may hold and that this should be disclosed in the Company's annual report. Details of other directorships and other principal commitments of each of the Directors may be found on pages 22 to 28 of this Annual Report. In determining whether each Director is able to devote sufficient time to discharge his or her duties, the NC has taken cognizance of the recommendations under the Code, but is of the view that its assessment should not be restricted to the number of board representations of each Director and their other principal commitments per se. The contributions by each Director to and during meetings of the Board and relevant Board Committees as well as their attendance at such meetings and personal capabilities are holistically assessed and taken into account by the NC. The NC has determined that all the Directors have devoted sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and have adequately discharged their duties.

The Board currently has one Alternate Director, namely Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot who is the Alternate Director to Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai. Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot is appropriately qualified and is familiar with the affairs of the Company.

The NC reviews all nominations for appointments and re-appointments to the Board and to Board Committees, and submits its recommendations for approval by the Board, taking into account an appropriate mix of core competencies for the Board to fulfil its roles and responsibilities.

The NC takes the lead in identifying, evaluating and selecting suitable candidates for new directorships. In its search and selection process, the NC considers factors such as the ability of the prospective candidate to contribute to discussions, deliberations and activities of the Board and Board Committees. It also reviews the composition of the Board – including the mix of expertise, skills and attributes of existing Directors – so as to identify needed and/or desired competencies to supplement the Board's existing attributes. Where it deems necessary or appropriate, the NC may tap on its networking contacts and/or engage external professional headhunters to assist with identifying and shortlisting candidates.

The Company's Constitution provides that at least one-third of its Directors shall retire from office and are subject to re-election at every Annual General Meeting of the Company ("AGM"). All Directors are required to retire from office at least once every three years. The NC will assess and evaluate whether Directors retiring at each AGM are properly qualified for re-appointment by virtue of their skills, experience and contributions. Newly-appointed Directors during the year must also submit themselves for retirement and re-election at the next AGM immediately following their appointment. The shareholders approve the appointment or re-appointment of Board members at the AGM.

The NC determines the independence of each Director annually and as and when circumstances require based on the definitions and guidelines of independence set out in the Code and provides its views to the Board for the Board's consideration.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

A. BOARD MATTERS (cont'd)

For the financial year ended 30 September 2016, the NC has performed a review of the independence of the Directors as at 30 September 2016 and following its assessment, has determined the status of each Director as follows:

Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi^{1,2} Non-Independent Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi^{1,2} Non-Independent Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail Independent Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming Independent Mr Koh Poh Tiong³ Non-Independent Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan Independent Mr Chotiphat Bijananda^{2,4} Non-Independent Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi² Non-Independent Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai⁵ Non-Independent

Notes:

- 1 Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi are directly or indirectly interested in not less than ten percent (10%) of the total voting shares in the Company through their interests in TCC Assets Limited ("TCCA") and Thai Beverage Public Company Limited ("ThaiBev"). TCCA has a direct interest of 59.35% in the Company and ThaiBev, through its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary InterBev Investment Limited, holds a 28.53% interest in the Company.
- 2 Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi is married to Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi. Mr Chotiphat Bijananda is their son-in-law, and Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi is their son.
- 3 Mr Koh Poh Tiong is also an adviser to the Board, and has received compensation for provision of services other than Director's fees.
- 4 Mr Chotiphat Bijananda is a director of TCCA.
- 5 Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai is a Director and Executive Vice President of ThaiBev.

Key Information regarding Directors

Key information on the Directors is set out on pages 22 to 28 of this Annual Report.

Principle 5: Board Performance

The Board has implemented a formal process for annual assessment of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and its Board Committees and the contribution by each Director to the effectiveness of the Board.

Directors are required to assess the performance of the Board and the Board Committees. The assessment covers areas such as Board composition, information management, Board processes, shareholder management, Board priorities, managing the Company's performance, Director development and management, risk management and effectiveness of the Board Committees. Directors can also provide input on issues which do not fall under these categories, for instance, addressing specific areas where improvements can be made. Feedback and comments received from the Directors are reviewed by the NC, in consultation with the Chairman of the Board.

Based on the NC's review, the Board and the various Board Committees operate effectively and each Director is contributing to the overall effectiveness of the Board.

Principle 6: Access to Information

Management provides the Board with detailed Board papers specifying relevant information and commercial rationale for each proposal for which Board approval is sought. Such information includes relevant financial statements which are presented quarterly, management accounts, financial forecasts, risk analyses and assessments, mitigation strategies, feasibility studies and key commercial issues for the Board's attention and consideration. Reports on major operational matters, business development activities, financial performance, potential investment opportunities and budgets are also circulated to the Board.

A calendar of activities is scheduled for the Board a year in advance. The Company recognises that information should be supplied to the Board in a timely manner and as far as possible, Board papers and agenda items are dispatched to the Directors about a week before scheduled meetings. This is to give Directors sufficient time to review and consider the matters being tabled and/or discussed so that discussions can be more meaningful and productive. Senior management is requested to attend meetings of the Board and the Board Committees in order to provide input and insight into matters being discussed, and to respond to any queries that the Directors may have. The Board also has separate and independent access to the Company's senior management and the Company Secretary.

The Company Secretary is responsible for, among other things, ensuring that Board procedures, the Company's Constitution and relevant rules and regulations, including requirements of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289), Companies Act and Listing Manual are complied with. The Company Secretary attends all Board meetings and provides advice and guidance on corporate governance practices and processes with a view to enhancing long-term shareholder value.

The Company Secretary also facilitates and acts as a channel of communication to ensure good information flows within the Board and its Board Committees, as well as between and with senior management. In addition, the Company Secretary solicits and consolidates Directors' feedback and evaluation from time to time, and arranges for and facilitates orientation programmes for new Directors and assists with their professional development as required. The Company Secretary is the Company's primary channel of communication with SGX-ST.

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is subject to the approval of the Board. Where it is necessary for the efficacious discharge of their duties, the Directors may seek and obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

B. REMUNERATION MATTERS

Principle 7: Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies

Remuneration Committee ("RC")

The RC is made up of non-executive Directors, the majority of whom, including its Chairman, are independent Directors. The RC comprises the following members:

Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming Chairman
Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan Member
Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi Member

The RC's main responsibility is to assist the Board in establishing a formal and transparent process for developing policies on executive remuneration and development. The RC also reviews remuneration packages and service terms of individual Directors and the CEOs of the Company's business divisions. When carrying out its duties, the RC reviews and makes recommendations on the remuneration framework for the Board and key management personnel, for endorsement by the Board. The RC also oversees the framework for remuneration and other terms of service for other key management of the Company.

The RC reviews on an annual basis, the level and mix of remuneration and benefits policies and practices of the Company, including long-term incentives. When conducting such reviews, the RC takes into account the performance of the Company and employees. It also reviews and approves the framework for salary reviews, performance bonus and incentives for key management of the Group.

The RC also periodically conducts a review of the development and succession plans for key management and the leadership pipeline for the Company. In doing so, the RC aligns the CEOs' leadership - through appropriate remuneration and benefits policies and long-term incentives - with the Company's strategic objectives and key challenges. Performance targets are also set for the CEOs and their performances evaluated yearly.

The RC may from time to time, and where necessary or required, engage external consultants in framing the remuneration policy and determining the level and mix of remuneration for Directors and management. Among other things, this helps the Company to stay competitive in its remuneration packages. During the financial year ended 30 September 2016, Carrots Consulting Pte Ltd and Hay Group Pte Ltd were appointed as remuneration consultants. The Company does not have any relationship with these remuneration consultants which would affect their independence and objectivity.

Principle 8: Level and Mix of Remuneration

In recommending the level and mix of remuneration, the RC seeks to build, motivate and retain Directors and key management. It ensures that competitive remuneration policies and practices are in place to draw and motivate high-performing executives so as to drive the Group's businesses to greater growth, efficiency and profitability. In its deliberation, the RC takes into consideration industry practices and benchmarks against relevant industry players to ensure that its remuneration and employment conditions are competitive.

The Company's compensation framework comprises fixed remuneration, annual variable bonuses and long-term incentives. Annual variable bonuses are linked to achievement of financial and non-financial key performance indicators. These indicators such as core values, competencies, key result areas, performance rating, and potential of the employees (including key management) link remuneration to corporate and individual performance. Long-term incentive plans are conditional upon predetermined performance targets being met and the long-term incentive plans serve to motivate and reward employees and align their interests to maximise long-term shareholder value.

Long-Term Incentive Plans

The RC administers the Company's share-based remuneration incentive plans, namely, the F&N Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and F&N Performance Share Plan ("PSP").

Through the RSP and PSP, the Company seeks to foster a greater ownership culture within the Group by aligning more directly the interests of key senior management and senior executives with the interest of shareholders, and for such employees to participate and share in the Group's growth and success.

The RSP is available to a broader base of senior executives compared to the PSP. Its objectives are to increase the Company's flexibility and effectiveness in its continuing efforts to attract, motivate and retain talented senior executives and to reward these executives for the performance of the Company and that of the individual. The PSP applies to senior management in key positions who shoulder the responsibility of the Company's performance and who are able to drive the growth of the Company through superior performance. It serves as further motivation to key senior management in striving for excellence and delivering long-term shareholder value.

Under the RSP and PSP, the Company grants share-based awards ("Base Awards") conditional upon pre-determined performance targets being met. These targets are set by the RC in its absolute discretion for the performance conditions to be met over the performance period. The performance period for the RSP and PSP are two and three years respectively. For the RSP, the targets set are the achievement of (i) Net Revenue; (ii) Profit Before Interest and Tax; (iii) Attributable Profit Before Fair Value Adjustment and Exceptional Items; and/or (iv) Return On Capital Employed.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

B. REMUNERATION MATTERS (cont'd)

For the PSP, the pre-set targets are based on Return On Invested Capital, Total Shareholders' Return Relative to Straits Times Index and Absolute Total Shareholders' Return as a multiple of Cost of Equity.

The Base Awards represent the right to receive fully paid ordinary shares, their equivalent cash value or a combination thereof, free of charge, provided certain prescribed performance and service conditions are met. The final number of shares to be released will depend on the achievement of the pre-determined targets at the end of the performance period. If the pre-determined targets are exceeded, more shares than the Base Awards can be delivered, subject to a maximum percentage of the Base Awards. The first grant of Base Awards was made in December 2009.

The maximum number of Company shares which can be released, when aggregated with:

- (a) the total number of new Shares allotted and issued and/or to be allotted and issued, and issued Shares (including treasury shares) delivered and/or to be delivered, pursuant to awards granted under the PSP; and
- (b) the total number of new Shares allotted and issued and/or to be allotted and issued, and issued Shares (including treasury shares) delivered and/or to be delivered, pursuant to awards granted under the RSP,

shall not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) on the date preceding the date of the relevant Base Award. The RC currently does not intend, in any given year, to grant awards under the RSP and PSP which would comprise more than 1% of the total number of issued ordinary shares from time to time (the "Yearly Limit"). However, if the Yearly Limit is not fully utilised in any given year, the balance of the unutilised Yearly Limit may be used by the Company to make grants of awards in subsequent years.

Senior management participants in key positions are required to hold a minimum number of the shares released to them under the RSP and PSP to maintain a beneficial ownership stake in the Company for the duration of their employment or tenure with the Company.

Principle 9: Disclosure on Remuneration

Remuneration of Directors and Key Management Personnel

Information on the remuneration of Directors of the Company and top five key management personnel of the Group is set out below.

Directors of the Company as at 30 September 2016	Remuneration \$	Director Fee %	Adviser Fee %	Allowances %	Total %
Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi	_1	-	-	-	-
Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi	_1	-	-	-	-
Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail	135,000 ²	100	-	-	100
Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming	147,000	100	-	-	100
Mr Koh Poh Tiong	2,100,593 ³	8.2	87	4.8	100
Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan	176,000	100	-	-	100
Mr Chotiphat Bijananda	81,000	100	-	-	100
Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi	199,086 ⁴	100	-	-	100
Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai	157,000	100	-	-	100
Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot ⁶ (Alternate Director)	78,500 ⁵	100	-	-	100

Notes:

- 1 Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi waived payment of Directors' fees due to them.
- 2 Includes the payment of \$20,000 being the basic fee for serving as the Lead Independent Director.
- 3 Includes payment of \$1,828,086 being fees for services provided as adviser to the Board and \$100,593 being car allowance paid pursuant to this appointment.
- 4 Includes payment of \$33,000 being director's fees from Times Publishing Limited ("TPL").
- 5 Includes payment of \$31,500 being director's fees from TPL.
- 6 In addition to being Alternate Director to Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai, Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot was also CEO, Beer with effect from 19 August 2015 up until the cessation of his appointment on 30 September 2016. Mr Edmond Neo was appointed CEO, Beer with effect from 1 October 2016.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

B. REMUNERATION MATTERS (cont'd)

Key Management Personnel of the Group as at 30 September 2016	Remuneration	Fee %	Salary %	Bonus %	Allowances & Benefits %	Others %	Long-Term Incentives %	Total %
Dato' Ng Jui Sia ¹	1,022,084	-	66	15	11	-	8	100
Mr Anthony Cheong Fook Seng	1,066,510	-	59	23	10	-	8	100
Mr Hui Choon Kit	922,365	-	54	28	6	-	12	100
Mr Lee Meng Tat	1,237,332	-	57	32	4	-	7	100
Mr Lim Yew Hoe	1,299,033	-	39	20	32	-	9	100
Total:	5,547,324							

Note:

No termination, retirement and post-employment benefits were granted to Directors and the above mentioned key management personnel (who are not Directors or the CEO of the Company).

There are no employees within the Group who are immediate family members of a Director, and whose remuneration exceeds \$50,000 during the year.

Directors' Fees

The remuneration of non-executive Directors takes into account their level and quality of contribution and their respective responsibilities, including attendance and time spent at Board meetings and Board Committee meetings. Directors are paid a basic fee and attendance fees for attending Board meetings. Non-executive Directors who perform services through Board Committees are paid additional basic and attendance fees for such services. No Director decides his own fees. Directors' fees are reviewed annually to benchmark such fees against the amounts paid by other major listed companies. The Company's Board fee structure during the year is as set out below. The Board fee structure remains unchanged from that in the preceding financial year i.e. financial year ended 30 September 2015.

	Basic Fee (\$)	Attendance Fee (\$)
Board		
- Chairman	150,000	2,000
- Member	75,000	1,000
- Lead Independent Director	20,000	-
Audit Committee and Board Exco		
- Chairman	50,000	2,000
- Member	25,000	1,000
NC, RC and Risk Management Committee		
- Chairman	30,000	2,000
- Member	15,000	1,000

Shareholders' approval will be sought at the 118th AGM of the Company on 24th January 2017, for the payment of Directors' fees proposed for the financial year ending 30 September 2017 amounting to \$2 million, the same amount for which approval was sought and obtained at the 117th AGM of the Company last year.

To better align with shareholders' interests, Directors are encouraged to purchase the Company's shares from the open market and to hold the equivalent of a year's fees in such shares while they remain on the Board, subject to their compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

¹ Dato' Ng Jui Sia was appointed Adviser, Strategic Projects with effect from 1 May 2015 and retired on 30 September 2016.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Principle 10: Accountability

F&N prepares its financial statements in accordance with the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("SFRS") prescribed by the Accounting Standards Council. The Board provides shareholders with quarterly and annual financial reports, and releases its quarterly and full-year financial results through announcements to the SGX-ST and, where appropriate, press releases and presentation packs. In communicating and disseminating its results, F&N aims to present a balanced and clear assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects.

Management provides the Board Exco with management accounts at every meeting of this Board Committee. This is in addition to such other information as the Board may require from time to time to make a balanced and informed assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects.

Principle 11: Risk Management and Internal Controls

The Company maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls with a view to safeguarding its assets and shareholders' interests.

The Audit Committee ("AC"), with the assistance of internal and external auditors, reviews and reports to the Board on the adequacy of the Company's system of controls, including financial, compliance, operational and information technology controls, established by management. In assessing the effectiveness of internal controls, the AC ensures primarily that key objectives are met, material assets are properly safeguarded, fraud or errors in the accounting records are prevented or detected, accounting records are accurate and complete, and reliable financial information is prepared in compliance with applicable internal policies, laws and regulations.

The importance and emphasis placed by the Group on internal controls is underpinned by the fact that the key performance indicators for management's performance takes into account the findings of both internal and external auditors and the number of unresolved or outstanding issues raised in the process.

Risk Management Committee ("RMC")

The Board, through the RMC, reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management framework to ensure that robust risk management and internal controls are in place. The Company has adopted an enterprise-wide risk management ("ERM") framework to enhance its risk management capabilities. Key risks, mitigating measures and management actions are continually identified, reviewed and monitored as part of the ERM process. Financial and operational key risk indicators are in place to track key risk exposures. Key business risks are thoroughly assessed by management and each significant transaction is comprehensively analysed so that management understands the risks involved before it is embarked upon.

The RMC oversees the risk management framework and policies of the Group. It is responsible for, among other things, reviewing the Group's enterprise-wide risk management framework, processes and procedures for identifying, measuring, reporting and mitigating key risks in the Group's businesses and operations. Together with the AC, the RMC helps to ensure that management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls to safeguard the interests of shareholders and the assets of the Group. The RMC also provides guidance to management, and renders assistance to the Board for determining the nature and extent of significant risks which the Board would be willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives. The meetings of the RMC are attended by senior management of the Company's business divisions, and serve as a forum to review and discuss material risks and exposures of these businesses and their strategies to mitigate risks.

The RMC comprises the following members:

Mr Thapana SirivadhanabhakdiChairmanMr Koh Poh TiongMemberMr Sithichai ChaikriangkraiMemberMr Prapakon ThongtheppairotMember

Periodic updates are provided to the RMC on the Group's risk profile, and on the status of key enterprise risk management and business continuity initiatives. These updates include the assessment of the Group's key risks by major business units, risk categories, and the status and changes in plans undertaken by management to manage key risks. Risk tolerance statements, which set out the nature and extent of significant risks which the Group is willing to take in achieving its strategic objectives, are monitored and reported to the RMC.

Using a comfort matrix of key risks, the material financial, compliance, operational and information technology risks of the Company have been documented and presented against strategies, policies, people, processes, systems, mechanisms and reporting processes that have been put in place. The management of the Company's business divisions also carry out control self-assessments in key areas of their respective businesses and operations to evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of their risk management measures and internal controls.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (cont'd)

The Board has received assurance:

- (a) from the CEOs and the Chief Financial Officers ("CFOs") or Financial Controllers ("FCs") of the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing business divisions of the Company and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company that as at 30 September 2016 the financial records of the Group have been properly maintained and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2016 give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances;
- (b) from the CEOs and the CFOs or FCs of the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing business divisions of the Company and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company that as at 30 September 2016 the system of internal controls in place for the Group is adequate and effective to address financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations; and
- (c) from the CEOs and CFOs or FCs of the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing business divisions of the Company and the Company Secretary who oversees risk management that as at 30 September 2016 the risk management system in place for the Group is adequate and effective to address risks which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations.

Based on the internal controls established and maintained by the Group, work performed by internal and external auditors, reviews performed by management and various Board Committees and assurance from the CEOs, the CFOs or FCs of the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing business divisions of the Company and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, the Board, with the concurrence of the AC, is of the opinion that as at 30 September 2016 the Group's internal controls were adequate and effective to address financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks, which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations.

Based on the risk management framework established and assurance from the CEOs and the CFOs or FCs of the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing business divisions of the Company and the Company Secretary who oversees risk management, the Board is of the view that as at 30 September 2016 the Group's risk management system was adequate and effective to address risks which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations.

The Board notes that the system of internal controls and risk management provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the Group will not be adversely affected by any event that could be reasonably foreseen as it works to achieve its business objectives.

In this regard, the Board also notes that no system of internal controls and risk management can provide absolute assurance against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities.

An outline of the Group's ERM framework and progress report is set out on pages 68 and 69 of this Annual Report.

Principle 12: Audit Committee

The AC, on behalf of the Board, undertakes the monitoring and review of the system of internal controls. Its main responsibilities are to assist the Board in the discharge of its oversight responsibilities in the areas of internal controls, financial and accounting practices, operational and compliance controls. Significant findings are reported to the Board.

The AC is guided by written Terms of Reference endorsed by the Board and which set out its duties and responsibilities. It is duly authorised to investigate any matter within such Terms of Reference, and has full access to and the co-operation of management, as well as the full discretion to invite any Director or executive officer to attend its meetings. Under the Terms of Reference of the AC, a former partner or director of the Company's existing auditing firm or auditing corporation shall not act as a member of the AC (a) within a period of 12 months commencing on the date of his ceasing to be a partner of the auditing firm or director of the auditing corporation; and in any case (b) for so long as he has any financial interest in the auditing firm or auditing corporation.

The AC comprises the following three members:

Mrs Siripen SitasuwanChairmanMr Timothy Chia Chee MingMemberMr Sithichai ChaikriangkraiMember

The AC is made up of non-executive Directors, the majority of whom, including its Chairman, are independent Directors. The members of the AC are appropriately qualified. Their collective wealth of experience and expertise in accounting and financial management enables them to discharge their responsibilities competently. The AC has reasonable resources to enable it to discharge its functions effectively. None of the members of the AC were previous partners or directors of the Company's previous auditor Ernst & Young LLP or its incumbent auditor KPMG LLP ("KPMG") and none of the members of the AC hold any financial interest in KPMG.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (cont'd)

During the year, the key activities of the AC included the following:

- Reviewing quarterly and full-year financial statements and related SGX-ST announcements, including the independent auditors' report for the full-year and significant financial reporting issues and assessments, to safeguard the integrity in financial reporting, and to ensure compliance with the requirements of the SFRS
- · Reviewing and approving the internal and external audit plans to ensure the adequacy of the audit scope
- · Recommending, for the approval of the Board, the half-year and annual financial results and related SGX-ST announcements
- Reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal audit function, including the adequacy of internal audit resources and its appropriate standing within the Group
- Reviewing with internal and external auditors, the audit report and their recommendations, and monitoring the timely and proper implementation of any required corrective or improvement measures
- Reviewing and evaluating with internal and external auditors, and reporting to the Board at least annually on the
 adequacy and effectiveness of internal control systems, including financial, operational and compliance and information
 technology controls
- · Reviewing whistle-blowing investigations within the Group and ensuring appropriate follow-up actions, if required

The AC also meets with internal audit and KPMG in each case, without the presence of management at least once a year to obtain feedback on the competency and adequacy of the finance function, to review the assistance given by the Company's management to internal and external auditors and to ascertain if there are any material weaknesses or control deficiencies in the Group's financial reporting and operational systems. In addition, updates on changes in accounting standards and treatment are prepared by KPMG and circulated to members of the AC periodically.

The AC reviews and approves the remuneration and terms of engagement of KPMG. The AC also makes recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the Company's independent auditor. Upon the Board's approval, the relevant recommendations are tabled for approval by shareholders.

During the year, the AC conducted a review of the scope and results of audit by KPMG, and their cost effectiveness, as well as the independence and objectivity of KPMG. It also reviewed all non-audit services provided by KPMG, and the aggregate amount of audit fees paid to them. For details of fees payable to KPMG in respect of audit and non-audit services, please refer to Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 119. The AC is satisfied that neither their independence nor their objectivity was put at risk, and that they were able to meet the audit requirements and statutory obligations of the Company. The AC is also satisfied with the aggregate amount of audit fees paid to KPMG. Accordingly, the AC has recommended the re-appointment of KPMG at the AGM of the Company. In recommending the re-appointment of the auditors, the AC considered and evaluated a variety of factors including, the audit engagement partner to be assigned to the audit, the number and experience of supervisory and professional staff to be assigned to the audit and the size and complexity of the Group, its business and operations.

The Company has complied with Rule 712 of the Listing Manual which requires, amongst others, that a suitable auditing firm be appointed by the Company, having regard to the factors set out therein. The Company has also complied with Rule 715 of the Listing Manual which requires that the same auditing firm of the Company audits its Singapore-incorporated subsidiaries and significant associated companies, and that a suitable auditing firm be engaged for its significant foreign-incorporated subsidiaries and associated companies.

Whistle-Blowing Policy

The Group has in place a Whistle-Blowing Policy ("**Policy**"). This Policy provides an independent feedback channel through which matters of concern about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or other matters may be raised by staff and any other person in confidence and in good faith, without fear of reprisal. Details of this Policy have been disseminated and made available to all employees. This Policy is also available on the Company's website. All matters which are raised are then independently investigated and appropriate actions taken. The AC ensures that independent investigations and any appropriate follow-up actions are carried out.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (cont'd)

Principle 13: Internal Audit

The Internal Audit ("IA") Department is an independent function within the Company. It conducts objective and independent assessments on the adequacy and quality of the Group's system of internal controls. The Head of IA, who is a Chartered Accountant of Singapore, reports directly to the Chairman of the AC and administratively, to the Company Secretary.

The Head of IA and most of the internal audit staff are members of the Institute of Internal Auditors, Singapore and the department has adopted and complied with the Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing set by the Institute of Internal Auditors. To ensure that the internal audits are effectively performed, it recruits and employs suitably qualified staff with the requisite skills and experience. Such staff are also given relevant training and development opportunities to update their technical knowledge and auditing skills. Key staff members of the IA Department also receive relevant technical training and seminars organised by the Institute of Internal Auditors, Singapore and other professional bodies.

The IA Department operates within the framework stated in its Terms of Reference, which is approved by the AC. Under the Terms of Reference of the AC, the AC has the authority to approve the hiring, removal, evaluation and compensation of the head of internal audit function. The IA Department has unfettered access to all the Company's documents, records, properties and personnel including access to the AC. The IA Department adopts a risk-based audit methodology to develop its audit plans, and its activities are aligned to key risks of the Group. Based on risk assessments performed, greater focus and appropriate review intervals are set for higher risk activities, and material internal controls, including compliance with the Company's policies, procedures and regulatory responsibilities.

During the year, the IA Department conducted its audit reviews based on the internal audit plan approved by the AC. All audit reports detailing audit findings and recommendations are provided to management who would respond on the actions to be taken. Each quarter, the IA Department would submit to the AC a report on the status of the audit plan and on audit findings and actions taken by management on such findings. Key findings are highlighted at AC meetings for discussion and follow-up action. The AC monitors the timely and proper implementation of required corrective, preventive or improvement measures undertaken by management.

The AC is satisfied that that the IA Department has adequate resources and appropriate standing within the Company to perform its function effectively.

D. SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Principle 14: Shareholder Rights

F&N believes in treating all shareholders fairly and equitably. It is committed to keeping all its shareholders and other stakeholders in Singapore and beyond informed, in a timely and consistent manner, of its corporate activities, including changes (if any) in the Company or its businesses which are likely to materially affect the price or value of its shares.

Shareholders are also given the opportunity to participate effectively and vote at general meetings of the Company, where relevant rules and procedures governing such meetings (for instance, how to vote) are clearly communicated.

Principle 15: Communication with Shareholders

The Company prides itself on its high standards of disclosure and corporate transparency. At the Securities Investors Association (Singapore) 17th Investors' Choice Awards, F&N was the winner of the Most Transparent Company Award (Consumer Staples) and runner-up for the Internal Audit Excellence Award. F&N is committed to providing fair, relevant, comprehensive and timely information regarding the Group's performance and progress to shareholders and the investment community to enable them to make informed investment decisions. The Group's dedicated Investor Relations ("IR") team is tasked with and focuses on facilitating communications between the Company and its shareholders, as well as with the investment community.

The IR team communicates regularly with shareholders and the investment community, with timely disclosures of material and other pertinent information, through regular dialogues and announcements to SGX-ST. The team conducts roadshows (together with senior management), and participates in investor seminars and conferences to keep the market and investors apprised of the Group's corporate developments and financial performance. During the year, the IR team, together with senior management, engaged with Singapore and foreign investors at investor conferences as well as one-on-one and group meetings. The aim of such engagements is to provide shareholders and investors with prompt disclosure of relevant information, to enable them to have a better understanding of the Company's businesses and performance. The Company makes available all its briefing materials to analysts and the media. Such information, financial information, annual reports and all announcements of the Company are made available to the SGX-ST and on the Company's website at www.fraserandneave.com, with contact details for investors to channel their comments and queries.

Further details on IR's activities and responsibilities during the year can be found in the Investor Relations section of this Annual Report on page 66.

The Company has a policy on the payment of dividends, which is to endeavour, barring unforeseen circumstances, to pay up to fifty percent (50%) of Group Attributable Profit Before Fair Value Adjustment and Exceptional Items.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

D. SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES (cont'd)

Principle 16: Conduct of Shareholder Meetings

The Board supports and encourages active shareholder participation at AGMs. It believes that general meetings serve as an opportune forum for shareholders to meet the Board and senior management, and to interact with them.

The Company's Constitution allows (a) each shareholder who is not a relevant intermediary (as defined in the Companies Act) the right to appoint up to two proxies and (b) each shareholder who is a relevant intermediary to appoint more than two proxies to attend and vote on their behalf in shareholders' meetings. A copy of each of the Annual Report and Notice of AGM are sent to all shareholders. At general meetings, the Company sets out separate resolutions on each substantially separate issue and shareholders are given the opportunity to raise questions and clarify any issues that they may have relating to the resolutions to be passed.

Board members and senior management are present at each shareholders' meeting to respond to any questions from shareholders. The Company's independent auditor is also present to address queries about the conduct of audit and the preparation and content of the independent auditor's report.

For greater transparency, F&N has implemented electronic poll voting since its 2010 AGM. This entails shareholders being invited to vote on each of the resolutions by poll, using an electronic voting system (instead of voting by hand), thereby allowing all shareholders present or represented at the meeting to vote on a one share, one vote basis. The voting results of all votes cast for, or against, each resolution are then screened at the meeting and announced to the SGX-ST after the meeting. The Company will continue to use the electronic poll voting system at the forthcoming AGM. As the authentication of shareholder identity and other related security and integrity of the information still remain a concern, the Company has decided for the time being, not to implement voting in absentia by mail, e-mail or fax.

Code of Business Conduct

F&N has in place a Code of Business Conduct which sets out the business practices, standards and ethical conduct expected of all employees in the course of their employment with the Group. The Code of Business Conduct is disseminated and distributed to all employees for compliance, and covers such aspects of the business operations of the Group as conflicts of interest and dealings with government officials, government employees, and suppliers and customers of the Company. In addition, Directors, officers and employees are required to observe and maintain high standards of integrity in carrying out their roles and responsibilities, and to comply with relevant and applicable laws and regulations, as well as with Company policies.

Listing Rule 1207 sub-Rule (19) on Dealings in Securities

In compliance with Listing Rule 1207 sub-Rule (19) of the Listing Manual, the Group issues quarterly reminders to its Directors, officers and relevant employees on the restrictions in dealings in listed securities of the Group during the period commencing (i) two weeks prior to the announcement of financial results of each of the first three quarters of the financial year, and (ii) one month before the announcement of full-year results, and ending on the date of such announcements. Directors, officers and relevant employees are also reminded not to trade in listed securities of the Group at any time while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information and to refrain from dealing in the Group's securities on short-term considerations.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012

Guideline	Questions	How has the company complied?
General	(a) Has the Company complied with all the principles and guidelines of the Code? If not, please state the specific deviations and the alternative corporate governance practices adopted by the Company in lieu of the recommendations in the Code.	(a) F&N has complied in all material respects with the principles and guidelines set out in the Code.
	(b) In what respect do these alternative corporate governance practices achieve the objectives of the principles and conform to the guidelines in the Code?	(b) Please see above.
Board Responsibility Guideline 1.5	What are the types of material transactions which require approval from the Board?	The Company has a Manual of Authority ("MOA") which contains a schedule of matters specifically reserved to the Board for approval. In addition to matters such as annual budgets, financial plans and business strategies, Board approval is required for material transactions, such as major acquisitions, divestments, funding and investment proposals. The MOA authorises the Board Executive Committee to approve certain transactions up to specified limits beyond which the approval of the Board needs to be obtained.
Members of the Board Guideline 2.6	(a) What is the Board's policy with regard to diversity in identifying director nominees?	(a) The Board proactively seeks to maintain an appropriate balance of expertise, skills and attributes among Directors. This is reflected in the diversity of backgrounds and competencies of our Directors.
	(b) Please state whether the current composition of the Board provides diversity on each of the following – skills, experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical data where appropriate.	(b) The current competencies of the Board range from banking, finance and accounting to relevant industry knowledge including entrepreneurial and management experience and familiarity with regulatory requirements and risk management. The Board also includes two female directors in recognition of the importance and value of gender diversity. The profiles of the directors can be found on pages 22 to 28 of this Annual Report ("this Report").
	(c) What steps has the Board taken to achieve the balance and diversity necessary to maximize its effectiveness?	(c) The Board has delegated the Nominating Committee (the "NC") to annually review the size and composition of the Board with a view to maintaining an appropriate balance of expertise, skills and attributes taking into account the needs of the F&N and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). Please also refer to Guideline 4.6 below on the process for Board succession planning.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012

Guideline	Questions	How has the company complied?
Guideline 4.6	Please describe the board nomination process f the Company in the last financial year for:	or
	(i) selecting and appointing new directors; a	(i) The NC takes the lead in identifying, evaluating and selecting suitable candidates, factoring in the ability of the prospective candidate to contribute to the Board, as well as taking into account the existing mix of expertise, skills and attributes of the Directors to identify needed and/or desired competencies.
	(ii) re-electing incumbent directors.	(ii) The NC will assess whether Directors are properly qualified for re-appointment by virtue of their skills, experience and contributions.
Guideline 1.6	(a) Are new directors given formal training? If not, please explain why.	(a) Yes.
	(b) What are the types of information and training provided to:	
	(i) new directors; and	(b)(i) New Directors are given a letter of appointment setting out, among other things, a Director's duties and obligations including their responsibilities as fiduciaries and, how to deal with conflicts of interest that may arise. A comprehensive orientation programme is also conducted to familiarise new appointees with the business activities, strategic directions, policies and corporate governance practices of the Group.
	(ii) existing directors to keep them up-to-date?	(b)(ii) Directors are regularly updated on the Group's businesses and the regulatory and industry-specific environments in which the entities of the Group operate. Updates on good corporate governance, relevant legal, regulatory and technical developments may be in writing or disseminated by way of briefings, presentations and/or handouts. Directors are also encouraged to be members of the Singapore Institute of Directors ("SID") and to receive journal updates and training from SID in order to stay abreast of relevant developments in financial, legal and regulatory requirements.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012

Guideline	Questions	How has the company complied?
Guideline 4.4	(a) What is the maximum number of listed company board representations that the Company has prescribed for its directors?	(a) The Company has not prescribed a maximum number of listed company board representations that a Director may hold.
	(b) If a maximum number has not been determined, what are the reasons?	(b) The NC is tasked with determining whether each Director is able to adequately devote sufficient time to discharging their responsibilities to the Company. The NC has taken cognizance of the recommendations of the Code but is of the view that its assessment of a Director's ability to devote sufficient time to the discharge of his or her duties should not entail a restriction on the number of other board commitments or their other principal commitments.
	(c) What are the specific considerations in deciding on the capacity of directors?	(c) The contributions by Directors to and during meetings of the Board and relevant Board Committees as well as their attendance at such meetings and personal capabilities are holistically assessed and taken into account by the NC.
Board Evaluation Guideline 5.1	(a) What was the process upon which the Board reached the conclusion on its performance for the financial year?	(a) Directors are required to assess the performance of the Board and the Board Committees. The assessment covers areas such as Board composition, information management, Board processes, shareholder management, Board priorities, managing the Company's performance, Director development and management, risk management and effectiveness of the Board Committees. Feedback and comments received from the Directors are reviewed by the NC in consultation with the Chairman of the Board.
	(b) Has the Board met its performance objectives?	(b) Based on the NC's review, the Board and the various Board Committees operate effectively and each Director is contributing to the overall effectiveness of the Board.
Independence of Directors Guideline 2.1	Does the Company comply with the guideline on the proportion of independent directors on the Board? If not, please state the reasons for the deviation and the remedial action taken by the Company.	Yes. The current F&N Board comprises nine non-executive Directors of whom three are independent. Independent Directors thus comprise one-third of the Board.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012

Guideline	Questions	How has the company complied?
Guideline 2.3	(a) Is there any director who is deemed to be independent by the Board, notwithstanding the existence of a relationship as stated in the Code that would otherwise deem him not to be independent? If so, please identify the director and specify the nature of such relationship.	(a) No.
	(b) What are the Board's reasons for considering him independent? Please provide a detailed explanation.	(b) Not applicable.
Guideline 2.4	Has any independent director served on the Board for more than nine years from the date of his first appointment? If so, please identify the director and set out the Board's reasons for considering him independent.	No.
Disclosure on Remuneration Guideline 9.2	Has the Company disclosed each director's and the CEO's remuneration as well as a breakdown (in percentage or dollar terms) into base/fixed salary, variable or performance-related income/bonuses, benefits in kind, stock options granted, share-based incentives and awards, and other long-term incentives? If not, what are the reasons for not disclosing so?	Yes.
Guideline 9.3	(a) Has the Company disclosed each key management personnel's remuneration, in bands of \$\$250,000 or in more detail, as well as a breakdown (in percentage or dollar terms) into base/fixed salary, variable or performance-related income/ bonuses, benefits in kind, stock options granted, share-based incentives and awards, and other long-term incentives? If not, what are the reasons for not disclosing so?	(a) Yes.
	(b) Please disclose the aggregate remuneration paid to the top five key management personnel (who are not directors or the CEO).	(b) The Company has disclosed the aggregate remuneration paid to the top five key management personnel on page 77 of this Report. The aggregate remuneration paid to the top five key management personnel is \$\$5,547,324.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012

Guideline	Questions	How has the company complied?
Guideline 9.4	Is there any employee who is an immediate family member of a director or the CEO, and whose remuneration exceeds \$50,000 during the year? If so, please identify the employee and specify the relationship with the relevant director or the CEO.	No.
Guideline 9.6	(a) Please describe how the remuneration received by executive directors and key management personnel has been determined by the performance criteria.	(a) Executive Directors Not applicable as there are no executive directors on the F&N Board. Key Management Personnel The Remuneration Committee (the "RC") periodically reviews the level and mix of remuneration policies and practices of the Company, including long-term incentives. When conducting such reviews, the RC takes into account the performance of the Company and that of individual employees. The Company's compensation framework comprises fixed remuneration, annual variable bonuses and long-term incentives. Annual variable bonuses are linked to achievement of financial and non-financial key performance indicators. These indicators such as core values, competencies, key result areas, performance rating, and potential of the employees (including key management) link remuneration to corporate and individual performance. Long-term incentive plans are conditional upon pre-determined performance targets being met and the long-term incentive plans serve to motivate and reward employees and align their interests to maximise long-term shareholder value.
	(b) What were the performance conditions used to determine their entitlement under the short-term and long-term incentive schemes?	(b) The Company subscribes to linking executive remuneration to corporate and individual performance, based on an annual appraisal of employees and using indicators such as core values, competencies, key result areas, performance rating and potential of the employees. The Company has also put in place long-term share-based incentive schemes which are based on the achievement of certain pre-determined targets.
	(c) Were all of these performance conditions met? If not, what were the reasons?	(c) Yes.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012

Guideline	Questions	How has the company complied?	
Risk Management and Internal Controls Guideline 6.1	What types of information does the Company provide to independent directors to enable them to understand its business, the business and financial environment as well as the risks faced by the Company? How frequently is the information provided?	Management provides the Board with detailed Board papers specifying relevant information and commercial rationale for each proposal for which Board approval is sought. Such information includes relevant financial forecasts, risk analyses, mitigation strategies, feasibility studies and key commercial issues for the Board's attention and consideration. Reports on major operational matters, business development activities, financial performance, potential investment opportunities and budgets are also circulated to the Board. Board papers and agenda items are dispatched to the Directors about a week before scheduled meetings. This is to give Directors sufficient time to review and consider the matters being tabled and/or discussed. On a quarterly basis, financial statements are presented at Board meetings. Risk-related reports are submitted to the Risk Management Committee ("RMC") four times a year. The RMC, comprising selected board members assists the board in overseeing risk management for the Group.	
Guideline 13.1	Does the Company have an internal audit function? If not, please explain why.	Yes.	
Guideline 11.3	(a) In relation to the major risks faced by the Company, including financial, operational, compliance, information technology and sustainability, please state the bases for the Board's view on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal controls and risk management systems.	(a) The Board's view on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal control and risk management systems is based on reviews and reports from the Audit Committee ("AC") and RMC. With the assistance of internal and external auditors, the AC reviews and reports to the Board on the adequacy of the Company's system of controls including financial, compliance operational and information technology controls, established by management. In assessing the effectiveness of internal controls, the AC ensures primarily that key objectives are met, material assets are properly safeguarded, fraud or errors in the accounting records are prevented or detected, accounting records are accurate and complete, and reliable financial information is prepared in compliance with applicable internal policies, laws and regulations. The RMC is responsible for among other things, reviewing the Group's enterprise-wide risk management framework, processes and procedures for identifying, measuring, reporting and mitigating key risks in the Group's business and operations.	

For the year ended 30 September 2016

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012

Guideline	Questions		How	has the company complied?
Guideline 11.3	the Bo CEO a	In respect of the past 12 months, has the Board received assurance from the CEO and the CFO as well as the internal auditor that:		
	(7)	the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give true and fair view of the Company's operations and finances; and	(b)(i)	The Board has received assurance that the financial records of the Group have been properly maintained and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2016 give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances, from the CEOs and the Chief Financial Officers ("CFOs") or Financial Controllers ("FCs") of the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing business divisions of the Company and from the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
		the Company's risk management and internal control systems are effective? If not, how does the Board assure itself of points (i) and (ii) above?	(b)(ii)	The Board has received assurance that the risk management systems in place for the Group is adequate and effective to address risks which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations, from the CEOs and the CFOs or FCs of the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing business divisions of the Company and from the Company Secretary who oversees risk management.
				The Board has received assurance that the system of internal controls in place for the Group is adequate and effective to address financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations, from the CEOs and the CFOs or FCs of the Food & Beverage and Publishing & Printing business divisions of the Company and from the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012

Guideline	Que	stions	How	has the company complied?			
Guideline 12.6	(a)	Please provide a breakdown of the fees paid in total to the external auditors for audit and non-audit services for the financial year.	(a)	(a) As disclosed in Note 4(c) to the Notes to the Financial Statements, the fees paid/payable to external auditors for audit and non-audit services for the financial year ended 30 September 2016 are:			
				\$'000			
				Audit fees paid / payable			
				Auditor of the CompanyMember firms of the Auditor			
				of the Company 615			
				Non-audit fees paid / payable			
				- Auditor of the Company 6			
				- Member firms of the Auditor of the Company 80			
	(b)	If the external auditors have supplied a substantial volume of non-audit services to the Company, please state the bases for the Audit Committee's view on the independence of the external auditors.	(b) Non-audit fees amount to 7% of the total fees paid/payable to the auditor of the Company, and are not substantial.				
Communication with Shareholders Guideline 15.4	(a)	Does the Company regularly communicate with shareholders and attend to their questions? How often does the Company meet with institutional and retail investors?	(a)	The Company, through its Investor Relations (the "IR") team communicates regularly with shareholders and the investment community, with timely disclosures of material and other pertinent information, through regular dialogues and announcements to SGX-ST.			
	(b)	Is this done by a dedicated investor relations team (or equivalent)? If not, who performs this role?	(b)	Yes. Please refer to page 81 of this Report.			
	(c)	How does the Company keep shareholders informed of corporate developments, apart from SGXNET announcements and the annual report?	(c)	The IR team together with senior management participates in investor seminars, conferences, one-on-one and group meetings.			
Guideline 15.5		e Company is not paying any dividends for financial year, please explain why.	Not	applicable.			

INDEX TO FINANCIAL REPORT

- Directors' Statement
- 97 Independent Auditors' Report
- Profit Statement
- Statement of Comprehensive Income
- Balance Sheet
- Statement of Changes in Equity
- Cash Flow Statement
- Notes to Financial Statements
- Particulars of Group Properties
- Shareholding Statistics
- Interested Person Transactions

The directors have pleasure in presenting this statement to the shareholders together with the audited financial statements of Fraser and Neave, Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 30 September 2016.

1. DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi

(Vice Chairman)

Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail

Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming

Mr Koh Poh Tiong

Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan

Mr Chotiphat Bijananda

Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi

Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai

Mr Prapakon Thongtheppairot (Alternate Director to Mr Sithichai Chaikriangkrai)

2. ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Neither at the end of, nor at any time during, the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object was to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of an acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, other than as disclosed in this statement.

3. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES OR DEBENTURES

(a) The following directors who held office at the end of the financial year had, according to the register required to be kept under Section 164 of the Companies Act (Chapter 50 of Singapore), interest in the shares in, or debentures of, the Company and its related corporations (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries) as stated below:

		rect Interest	Deemed Interest			
Name of Director	As at 1 Oct 2015	As at 30 Sep 2016	As at 1 Oct 2015	As at 30 Sep 2016		
Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi						
Fraser and Neave. Limited						
Ordinary Shares	-	-	1,270,503,884 ⁽¹⁾	1,270,503,884 ⁽¹⁾		
Frasers Centrepoint Limited						
Ordinary Shares	-	-	2,541,007,768 ⁽¹⁾	2,541,007,768 ⁽¹⁾		
FCL Treasury Pte. Ltd.						
• S\$600,000,000 4.88%						
Subordinated Perpetual						
Securities (Series 3)	-		S\$250,000,000	S\$250,000,000		
• \$\$700,000,000 5.00%						
Subordinated Perpetual Securities (Series 5)	_		\$\$300,000,000	S\$300,000,000		
Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd			3+300/000/000	5+555,555,555		
Ordinary Shares	_		203,470,910	203,470,910		
TCC Assets Limited			200/ 17 0/3 10	200, 0,5		
Ordinary Shares	25,000	25,000	_	_		
,	23,000	_5,555				
Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi						
Fraser and Neave, Limited						
Ordinary Shares	-	-	1,270,503,884 ⁽¹⁾	1,270,503,884 ⁽¹⁾		
Frasers Centrepoint Limited			(1)	(1)		
 Ordinary Shares 	-	-	2,541,007,768 ⁽¹⁾	2,541,007,768 ⁽¹⁾		
FCL Treasury Pte. Ltd.						
• \$\$600,000,000 4.88%						
Subordinated Perpetual Securities (Series 3)	_		S\$250,000,000	S\$250,000,000		
• S\$700,000,000 5.00%			34230,000,000	27200,000,000		
Subordinated Perpetual						
Securities (Series 5)	-	-	S\$300,000,000	S\$300,000,000		

3. **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES OR DEBENTURES** (cont'd)

	D	irect Interest	Deemed Interest			
Name of Director	As at 1 Oct 2015	As at 30 Sep 2016	As at 1 Oct 2015	As at 30 Sep 2016		
Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi (cont'd)						
Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd						
Ordinary Shares	-		203,470,910	203,470,910		
TCC Assets Limited						
Ordinary Shares	25,000	25,000	-	-		
Tengku Syed Badarudin Jamalullail						
Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd						
Ordinary Shares	2,062,000	2,062,000	-	-		
Koh Poh Tiong						
Fraser and Neave, Limited						
Ordinary Shares	251,315	251,315	-	-		
Frasers Centrepoint Limited						
 Ordinary Shares 	385,660	385,660	-	-		
FCL Treasury Pte. Ltd.						
• S\$700,000,000 5.00%						
Subordinated Perpetual	S\$250,000	S\$250,000	_			
Securities (Series 5)	54250,000	34230,000	_	_		

Each of Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and his spouse, Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi, owns 50% of the issued share capital of TCC Assets Limited ("TCCA"), and is therefore deemed to be interested in all of the shares in the Company in which TCCA has an interest. Both the Company and Frasers Centrepoint Limited ("FCL") are direct subsidiaries of TCCA.

Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi also jointly hold a 51% direct interest in Siriwana Company Limited, which in turn holds an approximate 45.27% direct interest in Thai Beverage Public Company Limited ("ThaiBev").

Further, Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi jointly hold a 100% direct interest in MM Group Limited ("MM Group"). MM Group holds a 100% direct interest in each of Maxtop Management Corp. ("Maxtop"), Risen Mark Enterprise Ltd. ("RM") and Golden Capital (Singapore) Limited ("GC"). Maxtop holds a 17.23% direct interest in ThaiBev; RM holds a 3.32% direct interest in ThaiBev; and GC holds a 0.06% direct interest in ThaiBev.

ThaiBev holds a 100% direct interest in International Beverage Holdings Limited, which in turns holds a 100% direct interest in InterBev Investment Limited ("IBIL"). Each of Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi is therefore deemed to be interested in all the shares in the Company in which IBIL has an interest.

- (b) There was no change in any of the above-mentioned interests in the Company between the end of the financial year and 21 October 2016.
- (c) By virtue of Section 4 of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289 of Singapore), each of Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi is deemed to have interests in the shares of the subsidiaries held by the Company and in the shares of the subsidiaries held by FCL.
- (d) Except as disclosed in this statement, no director who held office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares in, or debentures of, the Company, or its related corporations, either at the beginning of the financial year, or date of appointment if later, or at the end of the financial year.

4. SHARE OPTIONS AND SHARE PLANS

(a) F&N Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and F&N Performance Share Plan ("PSP")

The Company has in place the RSP and PSP (collectively, the "Share Plans"). The Share Plans were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 22 January 2009.

The Remuneration Committee administers the Share Plans. During the financial year, the Remuneration Committee comprised the following non-executive directors:

Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming (Chairman) Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan Mr Thapana Sirivadhanabhakdi

4. SHARE OPTIONS AND SHARE PLANS (cont'd)

(a) F&N Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and F&N Performance Share Plan ("PSP") (cont'd)

Share Grants under RSP and PSP

Under the RSP and PSP, the Company grants a base number of conditional share awards (the "Base Award") to eligible participants annually. The Base Award represents the right to receive fully paid ordinary shares of the Company, their equivalent cash value or combinations thereof, free of charge, provided that certain prescribed performance conditions are met. The Remuneration Committee, as the administrator of the Share Plans, has absolute discretion in granting the Base Awards.

Depending on the level of achievement of the pre-determined targets over a two-year performance period for the RSP and three-year performance period for the PSP, an achievement factor will be applied to the relevant Base Award to determine the actual number of RSP shares and PSP shares to be awarded at the end of the respective performance periods. The achievement factor ranges from 0% to 150% for the RSP and 0% to 200% for the PSP. Accordingly, the actual number of RSP shares to be awarded pursuant to the RSP will range from 0% to 150% and the actual number of PSP shares to be awarded pursuant to the PSP will range from 0% to 200% of the relevant Base Award (the "Final Award").

At the end of the two-year performance period, 50% of the number of shares under the RSP Final Award will be released to the participants upon vesting. The balance will be released equally over the subsequent two years upon fulfilment of service requirements. All the shares under the PSP Final Award will be released to the participants at the end of the three-year performance period upon vesting.

Senior management participants are required to hold a minimum number of shares that are released to them under the RSP and PSP for the duration of their employment or tenure with the Company.

No awards have been granted to controlling shareholders or their associates, or parent group directors or employees under the Share Plans.

No awards have been granted to directors of the Company.

No participant has received 5% or more of the total number of shares available/delivered pursuant to grants under the RSP and PSP.

The first grant of the RSP and PSP was made in December 2009 for the Financial Year 2009/10. The details of the shares awarded under the RSP and PSP in aggregate are as follows:

(i) RSP

Shares	Grant Date	Balance as at 1.10.2015 or Grant Date if later	Cancelled	Achievement Factor	Vested	Balance as at 30.9.2016
Year 3	14.12.2011	510,974	-	-	(510,974)	-
Year 4	14.12.2012	817,250	(6,275)	-	(408,625)	402,350
Year 5	01.10.2014	1,013,675	(11,500)	100,825	(557,250)	545,750
Year 6	06.05.2015	1,055,300	(70,500)	-	-	984,800
Year 7	26.02.2016	1,255,976	(25,500)	-	-	1,230,476
		4,653,175 [^]	(113,775)*	100,825	(1,476,849)	3,163,376
		4,653,175	(113,775)	100,825	(1,47	⁷ 6,849)

[^] This takes into account the adjustments made on 7 October 2014 following F&N's distribution to its shareholders by way of dividend in specie and a capital reduction undertaken by F&N during the financial year ended 30 September 2014.

(ii) PSP

Shares	Grant Date	Balance as at 1.10.2015 or Grant Date if later	Cancelled	Achievement Factor	Vested	Balance as at 30.9.2016
Year 4	14.12.2012	68,158	-	(20,358)	(47,800)	-
Year 5	01.10.2014	32,546	-	-	-	32,546
Year 6	06.05.2015	40,500	(10,000)	-	-	30,500
Year 7	26.02.2016	84,383	-	-	-	84,383
		225,587 [^]	(10,000)*	(20,358)	(47,800)	147,429

[^] This takes into account the adjustments made on 7 October 2014 following F&N's distribution to its shareholders by way of dividend in specie and a capital reduction undertaken by F&N during the financial year ended 30 September 2014.

^{*} Cancelled due to resignations.

^{*} Cancelled due to resignations.

4. SHARE OPTIONS AND SHARE PLANS (cont'd)

(b) Share Options pursuant to the Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd ("F&NHB") Executives' Share Option Scheme ("F&NHB 2007 Scheme")

The F&NHB 2007 Scheme was approved by the shareholders of F&NHB at its Extraordinary General Meeting held on 5 April 2007. At the end of the financial year, no options were outstanding under the F&NHB 2007 Scheme.

Details of the options granted to executives to subscribe for ordinary shares of RM1.00 each in F&NHB pursuant to the F&NHB 2007 Scheme are as follows:

Options	Offer Date	Balance as at 1.10.2015	Options Exercised	Balance as at 30.9.2016	Exercise Price per share	Exercise Period
2011	22.11.2010	131,700	(131,700)	-	RM14.52	22.08.2013 to 21.10.2015

No options were granted under the F&NHB 2007 Scheme since 2012 following the adoption of the F&NHB RSP (as defined below) and F&NHB PSP (as defined below).

The option price shall be the five-day weighted average market price of F&NHB's shares as quoted on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad immediately preceding the date of the offer, or the par value of the shares of F&NHB, whichever is higher.

The options may be exercised in full or in part by giving notice in writing to F&NHB in the prescribed form during the exercise period, accompanied by the remittance of the amount of the exercise price.

(c) F&NHB Restricted Share Plan ("F&NHB RSP") and F&NHB Performance Share Plan ("F&NHB PSP") (collectively, the "Share Grant Plan")

The Share Grant Plan was approved by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 20 December 2011 and subsequently approved by the shareholders of F&NHB at its Extraordinary General Meeting held on 13 January 2012.

Under the F&NHB RSP and F&NHB PSP, F&NHB grants a base number of conditional share awards (the "F&NHB Base Award") to eligible participants annually. The F&NHB Base Award represents the right to receive fully paid shares of F&NHB, their equivalent cash value or combinations thereof, free of charge, provided that certain prescribed performance conditions are met. The Remuneration Committee of F&NHB, as administrator of the Share Grant Plan, has absolute discretion in the granting of shares under the F&NHB RSP and F&NHB PSP.

Depending on the achievement of pre-determined targets over a two-year performance period for the F&NHB RSP and three-year performance period for the F&NHB PSP, the final number of F&NHB RSP shares and F&NHB PSP shares to be awarded could range between 0% to 150% of the initial grant of the F&NHB RSP Base Award and 0% to 200% of the initial grant of F&NHB PSP Base Award, respectively (the "F&NHB Final Award").

At the end of the two-year performance period, 50% of the F&NHB RSP shares under the F&NHB Final Award will be released to the participants upon vesting. The balance will be released equally over the subsequent two years upon fulfilment of service requirements.

All of the F&NHB PSP shares under the F&NHB Final Award will be released to the participants at the end of the three-year performance period upon vesting.

Senior management participants are required to hold a minimum number of the shares released to them under the F&NHB RSP and F&NHB PSP to maintain a beneficial ownership stake in F&NHB for the duration of their employment or tenure with F&NHB.

No awards have been granted to the directors of F&NHB.

The first grant of the F&NHB RSP was made in March 2012. There were no grants made under the F&NHB PSP as at 30 September 2016. The details of the shares awarded under the F&NHB RSP are as follows:

Shares	Grant Date	Balance as at 1.10.2015 or Grant Date if later	Cancelled	Achievement Factor	Vested	Balance as at 30.9.2016
Year 1	15.03.2012	43,225	-	-	(43,225)	-
Year 2	07.02.2013	170,750	(675)	-	(85,800)	84,275
Year 3	12.08.2014	574,200	(2,900)	31,000	(302,600)	299,700
Year 4	15.01.2015	546,700	(29,100)	-	-	517,600
Year 5	05.01.2016	596,500	-	-	-	596,500
		1,931,375	(32,675)*	31,000	(431,625)	1,498,075

^{*} Cancelled due to resignations.

4. SHARE OPTIONS AND SHARE PLANS (cont'd)

- (d) Other than those disclosed in this paragraph 4, no shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group were issued during the financial year by virtue of the exercise of options to take up unissued shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group, whether granted before or during that financial year.
- (e) Other than those reported in this paragraph 4, there were no unissued shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group under options as at the end of the financial year to which this statement relates.

5. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee carried out its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Companies Act (Chapter 50 of Singapore), which include, *inter alia*, the following:

- (a) reviewing quarterly and full-year financial statements of the Company and of the Group for the financial year and the independent auditors' report for the full-year prior to approval by the Board;
- (b) reviewing and approving the internal and external audit plans to ensure the adequacy of the audit scope;
- (c) reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal controls;
- (d) reviewing with internal and external auditors, the audit report and their recommendations, and monitoring the timely and proper implementation of any required corrective or improvement measures;
- (e) reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal audit function, including the adequacy of internal audit resources and its appropriate standing within the Group;
- (f) meeting with the external and internal auditors, in each case without the presence of the Company's management to review various audit matters as well as the assistance given by the Company's management to the external and internal auditors; and
- (g) recommending to the Board regarding the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and reviewing and approving the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor.

Further details regarding the Audit Committee are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Audit Committee has nominated KPMG LLP for re-appointment by the shareholders as independent auditor at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

6. INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The independent auditor, KPMG LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

7. OPINION OF THE DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the balance sheet and statement of changes in equity of the Company are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 September 2016 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and the changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 30 September 2016; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

On behalf of the Board

SIRIPEN SITASUWAN

Director

SITHICHAI CHAIKRIANGKRAI Director

7 November 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the members of Fraser and Neave, Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Fraser and Neave, Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, "the Group") which comprise the balance sheets of the Group and the Company as at 30 September 2016, the statements of changes in equity of the Group and the Company and the profit statement, statement of comprehensive income and cash flow statement of the Group for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as set out on pages 98 to 168.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the balance sheet and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 September 2016 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and the changes in equity of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Other matter

The financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2015 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 6 November 2015.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

KPMG LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore 7 November 2016

PROFIT STATEMENT For the year ended 30 September 2016

		THE	GROUP
	Notes	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
Continuing operations			
REVENUE	3	1,978,622	2,121,110
Cost of sales		(1,250,256)	(1,425,111)
Gross profit Other income (net)	4(a)	728,366 12,917	695,999 12,749
	4(a)	12,517	12,743
Operating expenses - Distribution		(176,754)	(174,867)
- Marketing		(299,640)	(295,748)
- Administration		(136,950) (613,344)	(150,962) (621,577)
TRADING PROFIT		127,939	87,171
Share of joint venture company's loss Share of associated companies' profit		(540) 3,186	(1,229) 3,930
Gross income from investments	6	48,566	41,691
PROFIT BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXATION ("PBIT")		179,151	131,563
Finance income		14,779	6,479
Finance cost Net finance income	4(b)	(4,969) 9,810	(6,300) 179
PROFIT BEFORE FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENT, TAXATION AND EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	(2)	188,961	131,742
Fair value adjustment of investment properties PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION AND EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	4(c)	(1,532) 187,429	(2,311) 129,431
Exceptional items	7	735	(27,706)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION Taxation	8	188,164 (22,506)	101,725 (19,316)
PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AFTER TAXATION	Ü	165,658	82,409
<u>Discontinued operations</u>			
PROFIT FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, NET OF TAXATION Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	26(a) 26(a)	Ī	95,289 541,531
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	20(u)	165,658	719,229
ATTRIBUTABLE PROFIT TO:			
Shareholders of the Company			
- Before fair value adjustment and exceptional items Continuing operations		108,963	63,034
Discontinued operations		-	52,409
- Fair value adjustment of investment properties from continuing operations		108,963 (1,548)	115,443 (964)
- Gain on disposal of discontinued operations		`	541,531
- Exceptional items from continuing operations		681 108,096	(23,394) 632,616
Non-controlling interests			
Continuing operations Discontinued operations		57,562	43,733 42,880
		57,562	86,613
		165,658	719,229
Earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of the Company	10		
Basic - before gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and exceptional items		7.5 cts	8.0 cts
- after gain on disposal of discontinued operations,		7.5 cts	0.0 cts
fair value adjustment and exceptional items		7.5 cts	43.7 cts
Fully diluted - before gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and exceptional items		7.5 cts	7.9 cts
- after gain on disposal of discontinued operations,		7.13 000	,
fair value adjustment and exceptional items		7.4 cts	43.6 cts
Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to the	4.0		
shareholders of the Company Basic - before fair value adjustment and exceptional items	10	7.5 cts	4.4 cts
- after fair value adjustment and exceptional items		7.5 cts	2.7 cts
Fully diluted - before fair value adjustment and exceptional items - after fair value adjustment and exceptional items		7.5 cts 7.4 cts	4.3 cts 2.6 cts
The Notes on pages 106 to 168 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.		7.4003	2.0 (13

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 September 2016

	TH	E GROUP
	2016 (\$'000)	2015
	(\$ 000)	(\$'000)
Profit after taxation	165,658	719,229
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit statement		
Share of other comprehensive income of associated companies	(762)	231
Realisation of fair value gains on disposal of available-for-sale financial asset	(152)	-
Realisation of reserve on settlement of a net investment	(10,915)	-
Realisation of reserves on liquidation/disposal of subsidiary and joint venture companies	(621)	32,096
Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets	524,301	143,055
Currency translation difference	8,548	(128,450)
	520,399	46,932
Items that will not be reclassified to profit statement		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	(2,656)	(1,283)
Revaluation of fixed assets	9,292	-
	6,636	(1,283)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of taxation	527,035	45,649
Total comprehensive income for the year	692,693	764,878
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Shareholders of the Company		
Continuing operations	636,841	130,370
Discontinued operations	-	607,023
•	636,841	737,393
Non-controlling interests	55,852	27,485
	692,693	764,878

BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 September 2016

		TH	HE GROUP	THE COMPANY			
		2016	2015	2016	2015		
	Notes	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)		
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES							
Share capital	11	849,301	849,301	849,301	849,301		
Treasury shares	11	(2,655)	·	(2,655)	(5,759)		
Reserves	11	1,996,438	1,424,507	876,012	786,756		
		2,843,084	2,268,049	1,722,658	1,630,298		
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		309,460	288,028	-	-		
		3,152,544	2,556,077	1,722,658	1,630,298		
Represented by:		-, -,-	77-	, ,	, ,		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS							
Fixed assets	12	490,886	464,388	393	-		
Investment properties	13	42,863	35,018	-	-		
Properties held for development	14	18,232	17,848		-		
Subsidiary companies	15	-	42.726	1,123,027	1,056,969		
Joint venture company Associated companies	16 17	46,011 43.003	43,736	10 100	10100		
Intangible assets	17	96,764	41,860 78,750	18,100 187	18,100		
Brands	22	27,892	27,481	212	212		
Other investments	20	1,363,389	844,780	185,240	120,129		
Other receivables	24	1,131	1,580	103,240	120,125		
Deferred tax assets	30	13,267	18,156	_	-		
Bank fixed deposits	21	2,900	3,874	-	-		
		2,146,338	1,577,471	1,327,159	1,195,410		
CURRENT ASSETS							
Inventories	23	247,332	253,918	-	-		
Trade receivables	24	267,178	278,792	-	-		
Other receivables	24	53,894	53,670	1,074	1,387		
Related parties	24	4,565	1,742	6	-		
Subsidiary companies	15	-	-	13,905	5,647		
Joint venture companies	16	558	756	-	-		
Associated companies Bank fixed deposits	17	3	3,403	224.040	- 276 070		
Cash and bank balances	21 21	563,282 479,347	446,462 515,243	231,018 270,726	276,978 261,494		
cush and bank balances	21	1,616,159	1,553,986	516,729	545,506		
Assets held for sale	26	10,375	11,412	-	-		
		1,626,534	1,565,398	516,729	545,506		
Deduct: CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Trade payables	27	180,548	201,113	_	-		
Other payables	27	210,973	192,845	7,423	10,312		
Related parties	27	12,650	14,523	21	-		
Subsidiary companies	15	-	-	6,470	692		
Associated companies	17	1,565	1,843	-	-		
Borrowings	28	12,223	2,551				
Provision for taxation		30,851	31,712	3,972	3,138		
Liabilities held for sale	26	448,810 2,339	444,587	17,886	14,142		
Elabilities field for sale	20	451,149	1,802 446,389	17,886	14,142		
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,175,385	1,119,009	498,843	531,364		
Deduct: NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		, -,	, -,3	-,			
Other payables	27	2,900	3,874				
Related parties	27	2,900 1,265	1,265	1,265	- 1,265		
Subsidiary companies	15	1,205	1,203	101,894	95,097		
Borrowings	28	124,825	97,924	101,054	-		
Provision for employee benefits	29	20,671	18,201	_	-		
Deferred tax liabilities	30	19,518	19,139	185	114		
		169,179	140,403	103,344	96,476		
		3,152,544	2,556,077	1,722,658	1,630,298		
		-,,- / .	, , ,	,,-30	, , 0		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

THE GROUP

Notes	Share Capital (\$'000)	Treasury Shares (\$'000)	Capital Reserve (\$'000)	Revenue Reserve (\$'000)	Exchange Reserve (\$'000)	Fair Value Adjustment Reserve (\$'000)	Hedging Reserve (\$'000)	Share- based Payment Reserve (\$'000)	Dividend Reserve (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)	Non- controlling Interests (\$'000)	Total Equity (\$'000)
YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016												
Balance at 1 October 2015	849,301	(5,759)	8,751	849,404	(141,090)	653,441	(273)	10,947	43,327	2,268,049	288,028	2,556,077
Comprehensive income												
Share of other comprehensive income of associated companies		-	-	(827)	244		(152)	(27)	-	(762)		(762)
Realisation of reserve on liquidation of a subsidiary company				_	(621)					(621)	_	(621)
Realisation of fair value gains on disposal of available- for-sale financial asset	_		_			(152)			_	(152)		(152)
Realisation of reserve on settlement of a net investment		_	_		(6,061)	_				(6,061)	(4,854)	(10,915)
Revaluation of fixed assets	-	-	9,292	-	-		-	-	-	9,292	-	9,292
Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial asset		-	-			524,301				524,301		524,301
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations				(2,434)						(2,434)	(222)	(2,656)
Currency translation difference	-	-	_	-	5,182		-	-	-	5,182	3,366	8,548
Other comprehensive income for the year			9,292	(3,261)	(1,256)	524,149	(152)	(27)	-	528,745	(1,710)	527,035
Profit for the year	-	-	-	108,096	-	-	-	-	-	108,096	57,562	165,658
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	9,292	104,835	(1,256)	524,149	(152)	(27)	-	636,841	55,852	692,693
Contributions by and distributions to owners												
Employee share-based expense Treasury shares reissued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,654	-	4,654	1,403	6,057
pursuant to share plans 11 Purchase of shares by a	-	3,104	814	-	-		-	(3,918)	-	-	-	-
subsidiary company Shares of a subsidiary company	-	-	-	(2,209)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,209)	(1,769)	(3,978)
reissued pursuant to its share plans	-	-	(111)	1,418	-	-	-	(1,307)		-	-	-
Contribution of capital by non-controlling interests			-	-	-		-				630	630
Dividends: 9												
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(21,733)	-	-	-	-	(43,327)	(65,060)	(33,875)	(98,935)
Dividends proposed	-	-	-	(43,373)	-	-	-	-	43,373	-	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	_	3,104	703	(65,897)		-	_	(571)	46	(62,615)	(33,611)	(96,226)
Changes in ownership interests												
Change of interests in a subsidiary company			_	809						809	(809)	_
Total changes in ownership interests	_	_		809						809	(809)	
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		3,104	703	(65,088)				(571)	46	(61,806)	(34,420)	(96,226)
Balance at 30 September 2016	849,301	(2,655)	18,746		(142 346)	1,177,590	(425)	10,349	43,373	2,843,084		3,152,544
	3-15,501	(2,033)	10,740	505,151	(142,340)	., ., ,,,,,,,,,	(423)	10,5-75	10,070	_,0-13,00-1	303,400	0,102,017

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

THE GROUP

						IIIL	JICOOF					
Notes	Capital	Treasury Shares (\$'000)	Capital Reserve (\$'000)	Revenue Reserve (\$'000)	Exchange Reserve (\$'000)	Fair Value Adjustment Reserve (\$'000)	Hedging Reserve (\$'000)	Share- based Payment Reserve (\$'000)	Dividend Reserve (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)	Non- controlling Interests (\$'000)	Total Equity (\$'000)
YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015												
Balance at 1 October 2014	844,585	(23)	8,785	290,828	(103,797)	510,386	(605)	11,322	13 3/17	1,604,828	397 5/19	2,002,377
Effects of adopting FRS 111	-	(23)		2 20,020	(103,737)	-	(003)			2	2	4
Balance at 1 October 2014, restated	844,585	(23)	8,785	290,830	(103,797)	510,386	(605)	11,322	43,347	1,604,830		2,002,381
Comprehensive income												
Share of other comprehensive												
income of associated												
companies	-	-	-	18	(174)	-	332	55	-	231	-	231
Realisation of reserves on												
disposal/liquidation of subsidiary and joint												
venture companies	_	_	_	_	32,096	_	_	_	_	32,096	_	32,096
Net fair value changes on available-					,					/		,
for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	143,055	-	-	-	143,055	-	143,055
Remeasurement of defined												
benefit obligations	-	-	-	(1,390)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,390)	107	(1,283)
Currency translation difference	-	-	-	-	(69,215)	-	-	-	-	(69,215)	(59,235)	(128,450)
Other comprehensive												
income for the year	-	-	-	(1,372)	(37,293)	143,055	332	55	-	104,777	(59,128)	45,649
Profit for the year	-	-	-	632,616	-	-	-	-	-	632,616	86,613	719,229
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	631,244	(37,293)	143,055	332	55	_	737,393	27,485	764,878
-					(=: /===/	,		-		,	,	,
Contributions by and distributions to owners												
Employee share-based expense								F 006		F 005	4 404	6 407
Issue of shares in the Company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,006	-	5,006	1,481	6,487
upon vesting of shares												
awarded 11	4,716	_	-	_	_	_	_	(4,716)	-	_	_	-
Purchase of treasury shares 11	, -	(5,736)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,736)	-	(5,736)
Purchase of shares by a		(-,,								(-,,		(-,,
subsidiary company	-	-	-	(2,142)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,142)	(1,709)	(3,851)
Shares of a subsidiary company												
reissued pursuant to its			(-1)					(====)				
share plans	-	-	(34)	754	-	-	-	(720)	-	-	-	-
Contribution of capital by non-controlling interests											2,870	2,870
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,070	2,070
Dividends: 9												
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(29,006)	-	-	-	-	(43,347)	(72,353)	(29,213)	(101,566)
Dividends proposed	-	-	-	(43,327)	-	-	-	-	43,327	-	-	-
Total contributions by and												
distributions to owners	4,716	(5,736)	(34)	(73,721)	-	-	-	(430)	(20)	(75,225)	(26,571)	(101,796)
Changes in ownership interests												
Change of interests in a												
subsidiary company	-	-	-	1,051	-	-	-	-	-	1,051	(1,051)	-
Disposal of a subsidiary											(100 306)	(100 300)
company Total changes in ownership	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(109,386)	(109,386)
interests	_	_	-	1,051	-	_	-	-	-	1,051	(110,437)	(109,386)
Total transactions with owners				,						,	, ,/	
in their capacity as owners	4,716	(5,736)	(34)	(72,670)	-	-	-	(430)	(20)	(74,174)	(137,008)	(211,182)
Balance at 30 September 2015	849,301	(5,759)	8,751	849,404	(141,090)	653,441	(273)	10,947	43,327	2,268,049	288,028	2,556,077

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

					THE CO	OMPANY			
	Notes	Share Capital (\$'000)	Treasury Shares (\$'000)	Capital Reserve (\$'000)	Revenue Reserve (\$'000)	Fair Value Adjustment Reserve (\$'000)	Share- based Payment Reserve (\$'000)	Dividend Reserve (\$'000)	Total Equity (\$'000)
YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 Balance at 1 October 2015		849,301	(5,759)	(2,814)	735,604	3,936	6,703	43,327	1,630,298
Comprehensive income									
Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial asset		-	-	-	-	71,230	-	-	71,230
Realisation of fair value gains on disposal of available-for-sale financial asset		-				(152)			(152)
Other comprehensive income for the year		_				71,078			71,078
Profit for the year		_		-	83,440	71,076	-		83,440
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	83,440	71,078	-	-	154,518
Contributions by and distributions to owners									
Employee share-based expense		-	-	-	-	-	2,902	-	2,902
Treasury shares reissued pursuant to share plans	11	-	3,104	814	-	-	(3,918)	-	-
Dividends:	9								
Dividends paid		-	-	-	(21,733)	-	-	(43,327)	(65,060)
Dividends proposed		-	-		(43,373)			43,373	-
Total transactions with owners in									
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		-	3,104	814	(65,106)	-	(1,016)	46	(62,158)
		- 849,301	3,104 (2,655)	814 (2,000)	(65,106) 753,938	- 75,014	(1,016) 5,687	46 43,373	(62,158) 1,722,658
their capacity as owners		- 849,301							
their capacity as owners		849,301 844,585							
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015		·	(2,655)	(2,000)	753,938	75,014	5,687	43,373	1,722,658
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets	3	·	(2,655)	(2,000)	753,938	75,014	5,687	43,373	1,722,658
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on	3	·	(2,655)	(2,000)	753,938	75,014 (15,394)	5,687	43,373	911,109
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	5	·	(2,655)	(2,000)	753,938	75,014 (15,394) 19,330	5,687	43,373	911,109
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year	3	·	(2,655)	(2,000)	753,938 33,138	75,014 (15,394) 19,330	5,687	43,373	911,109 19,330 19,330
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Total comprehensive income	5	·	(2,655)	(2,000)	753,938 33,138 - - 774,799	75,014 (15,394) 19,330 19,330	5,687	43,373	1,722,658 911,109 19,330 19,330 774,799
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Contributions by and distributions to owners Employee share-based expense	5	·	(2,655)	(2,000)	753,938 33,138 - - 774,799	75,014 (15,394) 19,330 19,330	5,687	43,373	1,722,658 911,109 19,330 19,330 774,799
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Contributions by and distributions to owners Employee share-based expense Issue of shares in the Company		- - - -	(2,655)	(2,814)	753,938 33,138 - - 774,799	75,014 (15,394) 19,330 19,330	5,687 8,270 - - - - 3,149	43,373	1,722,658 911,109 19,330 19,330 774,799 794,129
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Contributions by and distributions to owners Employee share-based expense	11 11	844,585 - - - -	(2,655)	(2,814)	753,938 33,138 - - 774,799	75,014 (15,394) 19,330 19,330	5,687 8,270	43,373	1,722,658 911,109 19,330 19,330 774,799 794,129
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Contributions by and distributions to owners Employee share-based expense Issue of shares in the Company upon vesting of shares awarded	11	844,585 - - - - 4,716	(23)	(2,814)	753,938 33,138 - - 774,799	75,014 (15,394) 19,330 19,330	5,687 8,270 - - - - 3,149	43,373	1,722,658 911,109 19,330 19,330 774,799 794,129
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Contributions by and distributions to owners Employee share-based expense Issue of shares in the Company upon vesting of shares awarded Purchase of treasury shares Dividends: Dividends	11 11	844,585 - - - - 4,716	(23)	(2,814)	753,938 33,138 - 774,799 774,799 - (29,006)	75,014 (15,394) 19,330 19,330	5,687 8,270 - - - - 3,149	43,347 (43,347)	1,722,658 911,109 19,330 19,330 774,799 794,129
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Contributions by and distributions to owners Employee share-based expense Issue of shares in the Company upon vesting of shares awarded Purchase of treasury shares Dividends: Dividends paid Dividends proposed	11 11	844,585 - - - - 4,716	(23)	(2,814) 	753,938 33,138 - 774,799 774,799	75,014 (15,394) 19,330 19,330	5,687 8,270 - - - - 3,149	43,347	1,722,658 911,109 19,330 19,330 774,799 794,129 3,149 (5,736)
their capacity as owners Balance at 30 September 2016 YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015 Balance at 1 October 2014 Comprehensive income Net fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Contributions by and distributions to owners Employee share-based expense Issue of shares in the Company upon vesting of shares awarded Purchase of treasury shares Dividends: Dividends	11 11	844,585 - - - - 4,716	(23)	(2,814)	753,938 33,138 - 774,799 774,799 - (29,006)	75,014 (15,394) 19,330 19,330	5,687 8,270 - - - - 3,149	43,347 (43,347)	1,722,658 911,109 19,330 19,330 774,799 794,129 3,149 (5,736)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 September 2016

	THE	GROUP
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation and exceptional items from continuing operations	187,429	129,431
Profit before taxation and exceptional items from discontinued operations	-	123,526
Profit before taxation and exceptional items	187,429	252,957
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of fixed assets	46,804	75,431
Impairment of fixed assets, brands and intangible assets	1,052	17,682
Reversal of impairment of fixed assets	(464)	(1,039)
Impairment of other investments	25	32
Fixed assets and intangible assets written off	430	638
Provision for employee benefits	1,526	1,498
Write back of provision for employee benefits	(140)	(342)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets and intangible assets	309	389
Amortisation of brands and intangible assets	14,943	16,445
Interest income	(14,779)	(6,479)
Interest expenses	4,969	6,300
Share of joint venture company's loss	540	1,229
Share of associated companies' profit	(3,186)	(3,930)
Investment income	(48,566)	(41,691)
Employee share-based expense	6,057	6,935
Fair value adjustment of financial instruments	(422)	(2,425)
Fair value adjustment of investment properties	1,532	2,311
Loss on disposal of financial instruments	2,124	698
Operating cash before working capital changes	200,183	326,639
Change in inventories	7,066	(4,700)
Change in receivables	20,263	(13,213)
Change in related parties' and joint venture and associated companies' balances	(6,722)	13,290
Change in payables	(9,063)	(15,027)
Development expenditure on properties held for development	(8)	(206)
Currency realignment	(11,012)	(46,033)
Cash generated from operations	200,707	260,750
Interest income received	14,300	6,306
Interest expenses paid	(4,864)	(6,383)
Income taxes paid	(24,417)	(34,230)
Payment of employee benefits	(1,059)	(1,603)
Net cash from operating activities	184,667	224,840
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Dividends from associated companies	5,779	1,129
Investment income	48,566	41,691
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	414	728
Proceeds from redemption of other investments	6,069	-
Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiary companies	(24,921)	-
Net cash inflow from disposal of a subsidiary company	-	558,747
Purchase of fixed assets and investment properties	(65,471)	(56,075)
Payment for intangible assets	(10,887)	(11,768)
Loan to a joint venture company	-	(2,163)
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities		

CASH FLOW STATEMENT For the year ended 30 September 2016

	THE	GROUP	
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1 000)	(1 222)	
Proceeds from/(Repayment of) term loans and bank borrowings	32,594	(17,235)	
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(5,736)	
Purchase of shares by a subsidiary company	(3,978)	(3,851)	
Proceeds from issue of shares by subsidiary companies to non-controlling interests	630	2,870	
Payment of dividends:			
- by subsidiary companies to non-controlling interests	(33,875)	(29,213)	
- by the Company to shareholders	(65,060)	(72,353)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(69,689)	(125,518)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	74,527	631,611	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	961,036	354,326	
Reclassified to assets held for sale	-	(101)	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	2,308	(24,800)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,037,871	961,036	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year comprise:			
Cash and bank deposits (Note 21)	1,045,529	965,579	
Bank overdrafts (Note 28)	(802)	(669)	
	1,044,727	964,910	
Less: Fixed deposits relating to consideration for acquisition of subsidiary companies (Note 21)	(6,856)	(3,874)	
	1,037,871	961,036	
Analysis of acquisition and disposal of subsidiary companies			
Net assets acquired:			
Fixed assets	5,438	-	
Current assets	1,224	-	
Bank borrowings	(1,758)	-	
Other current liabilities	(2,034)	-	
Other non-current liabilities	(260)	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	4,079		
	6,689	-	
Provisional goodwill on acquisition	22,311	-	
Consideration paid	29,000	-	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiary companies acquired	(4,079)		
Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiary companies	24,921	-	
Net assets disposed:			
Non-current assets	-	(77,659)	
Current assets	-	(60,810)	
Non-current liabilities	-	10,867	
Current liabilities	-	33,801	
Non-controlling interests	-	109,386	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	(149,279)	
Realisation of reserve		(133,694) (32,801)	
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary company	-	(541,531)	
Consideration received	-	(708,026)	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents of a subsidiary company disposed	_	149,279	
Net cash inflow on disposal of a subsidiary company	-	(558,747)	
		(555), 17)	

For the year ended 30 September 2016

The following Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements on pages 98 to 105.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 7 November 2016.

1. GENERAL

Fraser and Neave, Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Singapore and is listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The registered office of the Company is located at 438 Alexandra Road, #20-00 Alexandra Point, Singapore 119958. TCC Assets Limited incorporated in the British Virgin Islands is the immediate and ultimate holding company.

The principal activities of the Group are:

- (a) production and sale of beverages and dairy products; and
- (b) printing and publishing.

These activities are carried out through the Company's subsidiary, joint venture and associated companies to which the Company provides management and administrative services.

The Company's operation is managed through a wholly-owned subsidiary company.

The financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 30 September 2016 comprise the Company and its subsidiary companies (together referred to as the "Group").

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") as required by the Companies Act (Chapter 50 of Singapore). The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollar and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$'000) unless otherwise stated.

The Group and the Company have applied the same accounting policies and methods of computation in the preparation of the financial statements for the current financial year and are consistent with those used in the previous financial year.

2.2 Basis of Consolidation and Business Combinations

Subsidiary companies are those companies controlled by the Group. Subsidiary companies are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial year of the Company and all its subsidiary companies ends on 30 September unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements of the Group incorporate the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiary companies made up to 30 September. The financial statements of subsidiary companies are prepared using consistent accounting policies.

Acquisitions of subsidiary companies are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary company comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred, equity interest issued by the Group and any contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Any change in the contingent consideration to be paid will be recognised in the profit statement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

All intra group transactions, balances and unrealised gains are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised gains resulting from transactions with associated and joint venture companies are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in them. Unrealised losses are also eliminated but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Losses within a subsidiary company are attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

Non-controlling interests in the acquiree is recognised on the acquisition date at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

In business combinations achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquiree are re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in the profit statement.

When a change in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary company results in a loss of control over the subsidiary company, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary company including any goodwill are derecognised. Any retained interest in the entity is re-measured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest and its fair value is recognised in the profit statement.

The accounting policy on goodwill on acquisition of subsidiary companies is included in Note 2.12(b).

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.2 Basis of Consolidation and Business Combinations (cont'd)

Business combinations prior to 1 October 2010

Business combinations were accounted for using the purchase method. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition formed part of the acquisition costs.

Business combinations achieved in stages were accounted for as separate steps. Adjustments to those fair values relating to previously held interests were treated as a revaluation and recognised in equity. Any additional acquired interest did not affect previously recognised goodwill.

Contingent consideration was recognised if, and only if, the Group had a present obligation, the economic outflow was more likely than not and a reliable estimate was determinable. Subsequent measurements to the contingent consideration affected goodwill.

Transactions with non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiary companies not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the Company, and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and within equity in the consolidated balance sheet, separately from equity attributable to owners of the Company.

A change in ownership interest in subsidiary companies that do not result in a change of control is accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests will be adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary company. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the parent company.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiary companies are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

A list of significant subsidiary companies is shown in Note 39.

2.3 Joint Arrangements

A joint arrangement is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

A joint arrangement is classified either as joint operation or joint venture, based on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangement.

(a) Joint operations

A joint operation is an arrangement which provides the Group with the rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to the arrangement.

The Group accounts for each of its assets, liabilities and transactions, including its share of those held or incurred jointly, in relation to the joint operation. The Group combines its share of each of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the joint operations with the similar items, line by line, in its consolidated financial statements.

(b) Joint venture companies

A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control, whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

The Group recognises its interest in joint venture companies using equity method. The Group's investments in joint venture companies are recorded at cost and adjusted to recognise the Group's share of post-acquisition reserves of the joint venture companies and less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Investments in joint venture companies include goodwill. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture company equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture company, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture company.

The Group's share of the operating results and exceptional items of joint venture companies are shown separately in the profit statement. The Group's share of other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. Net assets of the joint venture companies are included in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method based on their latest audited financial statements except where their financial periods do not end on 30 September, then management accounts to 30 September are used.

The joint venture is equity accounted for until the date on which the Group ceases to have joint control over the joint venture.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in joint venture companies are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

A list of significant joint arrangements is shown in Note 39.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.4 Associated Companies

An associated company (not being a subsidiary company or joint venture company) is a company in which the Group exercises significant influence over the financial and operating policy decisions.

The Group's investments in associated companies are carried at cost and adjusted to recognise the Group's share of post-acquisition reserves of the associated companies, and less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Investments in associated companies include goodwill.

When the Group's share of losses in an associated company equals or exceeds its interest in the associated company, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associated company.

The Group's share of the operating results, exceptional items and fair value adjustment of investment properties of associated companies are shown separately in the profit statement. The Group's share of other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. Net assets of the associated companies are included in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method based on their latest audited financial statements except where their financial periods do not end on 30 September, then management accounts to 30 September are used.

An associated company is equity accounted for from the date the Group obtains significant influence until the date the Group ceases to have significant influence over the associated company. Upon loss of significant influence over the associated company, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value. Any difference between the fair value of the aggregate of the retained interest and proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the investment at the date the equity method was discontinued is recognised in the profit statement.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in associated companies are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

A list of significant associated companies is shown in Note 39.

2.5 Revenue Recognition

Sale of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised upon the transfer of significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods to the customer, which generally coincides with delivery and acceptance of the goods sold.

Revenue from sale of goods represents the invoiced value of net sales (including excise duties and net of trade discounts).

Sale of Services

Service income is recognised upon rendering of services.

Others

Rental income is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term commencing on the date from which the lessee is entitled to exercise its right to use the leased asset.

Interest income is taken up on an accrual basis (using the effective interest method).

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Other categories of revenue are taken up on an accrual basis.

2.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) where, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of time value of money is material, the amount of the provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation.

2.7 Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit statement except to the extent it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income.

(a) Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.7 Taxation (cont'd)

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Temporary differences are not recognised for goodwill, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit, and differences relating to investments in subsidiary, joint venture and associated companies to the extent that the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced by the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted at or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(c) Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- (i) Where the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- (ii) Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

2.8 Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use. Dismantlement, removal or restoration costs are included as part of the cost of fixed assets if the obligation for dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring or using the asset. Expenditure for additions, improvements and replacements are capitalised and expenditure for maintenance and repairs are charged to the profit statement. Subsequent expenditure relating to fixed assets that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of standard of performance of the asset before the expenditure was made, will flow to the Group and the cost can be reliably measured, otherwise it is recognised as an expense during the financial year in which it is incurred. The carrying amount of the replaced parts is derecognised.

An asset is derecognised upon sale or retirement and any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in the profit statement. Any amount in revaluation reserve relating to that asset is transferred to revenue reserve.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets less residual value over their estimated useful lives. No depreciation is charged for freehold land and capital work-in-progress. The residual values, depreciation method and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted as appropriate at each balance sheet date. The annual depreciation rates applied to write down the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives are as follows:

Leasehold land - Lease term (ranging from 10 to 99 years)
Building - Lease term (ranging from 10 to 60 years)

Plant, machinery and equipment - 6.7% to 33% Motor vehicle and forklift - 10% to 20% Postmix and vending machine - 10% to 20% Furniture and fitting, computer equipment and beer cooler - 10% to 50%

Capital Work-in-Progress includes fixed assets under construction and advance payments and progress payments made for fixed assets and are not depreciated until each stage of development is completed and becomes operational.

The carrying amounts of fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.9 Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties that are held for long term rental yields and/or capital appreciation. Completed investment properties are initially recognised at cost, including transaction cost and subsequently measured at fair value, determined annually by independent professional valuers on balance sheet date. Changes in fair values are recognised in the profit statement in the year in which they arise.

Transfers are made to or from completed investment properties only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from completed investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. For a transfer from owner-occupied property to completed investment property, the property is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for fixed assets up to the date of change in use.

On disposal of a completed investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in the profit statement.

2.10 Properties Held for Development

Properties held for development are stated at cost less provision for foreseeable losses. The cost of properties held for development includes cost of land where no development activities have been carried out or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle.

Allowance for foreseeable losses of properties held for development is made when it is anticipated that the net realisable value has fallen below cost.

Properties held for development are reclassified as property development costs at the point where the development activities have commenced and where it can be demonstrated that the development activities can be completed within the normal operating cycle.

2.11 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are generally expensed as incurred. However, borrowing costs that are directly attributable to acquisition and construction are capitalised as part of the cost of fixed assets and development properties. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when activities to prepare the assets are in progress until the asset is ready for its intended use. Borrowing costs capitalised in development properties are determined after netting off interest income earned from progress billings received and placed on fixed deposits.

2.12 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are capitalised at cost. Intangible assets from a business acquisition are capitalised at fair value as at the date of acquisition. After initial recognition, an intangible asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment loss.

The useful lives of these intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Amortisation charged on finite intangible assets is taken to the profit statement as amortisation expense. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are subjected to impairment test annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value might be impaired.

Internally generated goodwill and internally generated intangible assets arising from research are not capitalised and the expenditure is charged to the profit statement when it is incurred. Deferred development costs arising from deferred expenditure are recognised when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value might be impaired. Useful lives are also examined on an annual basis and adjustments, where applicable, are made on a prospective basis.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.12 Intangible Assets (cont'd)

(a) Development costs of published products are expensed as incurred, except for development costs which can reasonably be expected to be recovered from related future revenues.

The development costs are then amortised in accordance with their estimated economic useful lives, upon completion of published products as follows:

	Directories	Education	General	Reference
1st year	100%	33%	50%	33%
2nd year	-	33%	30%	27%
3rd year	-	34%	20%	20%
4th year	-	-	-	13%
5th year	-	-	-	7%

At each balance sheet date, the Group assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated.

(b) Goodwill on acquisition is identified as being the excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities. In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as a gain in the profit statement on the acquisition date.

Positive goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment loss. Goodwill is subjected to impairment test annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value might be impaired.

Internally generated goodwill is not capitalised.

(c) Other intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis in accordance with their estimated economic useful lives as follows:

Intangibles assets	Useful lives	
Imprints	20.0 years	
Co-publishing rights	4.6 years	
Non-contractual customers	10.0 years	
Customer relationships	5.0 to 15.0 years	
Publishing rights	8.0 years	
Licensing rights	10.0 years	
Software	3.0 to 8.0 years	

2.13 Brands

Brands with finite lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. They are assessed for impairment annually or whenever there is an indication of impairment. The useful life is also examined on an annual basis and an adjustment, where applicable, is made on a prospective basis. Amortisation is calculated to write off their cost over their estimated useful lives of up to 14 years on a straight-line method to the profit statement.

Brands with indefinite lives are stated at cost less any impairment loss. The useful life of the brand is estimated to be indefinite because based on the current market share of the brand, management believes there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the brand is expected to generate net cash flows to the Group. The indefinite useful life is reviewed annually to determine whether it continues to be supportable. The brand is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when indicators of impairment are identified.

Internally generated brands are not capitalised and the expenditure is charged against profit in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

2.14 Inventories

All inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the cost of completion and selling expenses.

Cost in respect of raw materials, consumable stores and goods purchased for resale is stated based on first-in-first-out, weighted average or standard cost (which approximates average actual cost). Cost in respect of manufactured inventories and work-in-progress includes attributable production overheads. Engineering spares and other inventories are valued on the weighted average cost basis less appropriate allowances for obsolete items.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.15 Financial Assets

(a) Classification

The classification of financial assets is determined at initial recognition. The Group classifies its investments in financial assets in the following categories:

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Derivative financial instruments whose fair value is positive are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The accounting policy for derivative financial instruments is included in Note 2.17.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables comprise trade receivables, other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, amount due from related parties, subsidiary, joint venture and associated companies.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in bank, deposits with financial institutions and bank overdrafts that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the cash flow statement, pledged deposits (including fixed deposits held as profit guarantee) are excluded whilst bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and that form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included in cash and cash equivalents.

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless there is intention to dispose of the assets within 12 months after the balance sheet date. Available-for-sale financial assets comprise equity securities.

(b) Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are recognised on the balance sheet when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or when all risks and rewards of ownership have been substantially transferred. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of (a) the consideration received and (b) any cumulative gain or loss recognised directly in equity is recognised in the profit statement.

(c) Initial measurement

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are recognised at fair value.

(d) Subsequent measurement

Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses

Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are included in the profit statement in the period in which they arise. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under fair value adjustment reserve within equity.

When available-for-sale financial assets are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments in the fair value adjustment reserve within equity will be released through the profit statement.

(e) Determination of fair value

The fair value of quoted financial assets are based on current market prices. Unquoted investments that do not have quoted market prices in an active market nor methods of reasonably estimating the fair value, are carried at cost.

(f) Impairment

(i) Assets carried at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the profit statement.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.15 Financial Assets (cont'd)

(f) Impairment (cont'd)

(i) Assets carried at amortised cost (cont'd)

When the asset becomes uncollectible, the carrying amount of impaired financial asset is reduced directly or if an amount was charged to the allowance account, the amounts charged to the allowance account are written off against the carrying value of the financial asset.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the profit statement, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date.

(ii) Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss is not reversed in subsequent periods.

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost is considered in determining whether the investments are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss, measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in the profit statement is removed from the fair value adjustment reserve within equity and recognised in the profit statement. Impairment losses recognised in the profit statement on equity investments are not reversed through the profit statement, until the equity investments are disposed of.

(g) Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheets, when and only when, there is a currently enforceable legal right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.16 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value of consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses are recognised in the profit statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

The Group classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the other financial liabilities category. Other financial liabilities comprise trade payables, other payables, amounts due to subsidiary, joint venture, associated companies and related parties, borrowings and bank overdrafts.

2.17 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company and the Group use derivative financial instruments to hedge against risks associated with foreign currency and interest rate fluctuations. Foreign exchange forward contracts are used to hedge its risks associated primarily with foreign currency fluctuations. Interest rate swap contracts are used to hedge its risks associated with interest rate fluctuations. It is the Group's policy not to trade in derivative financial instruments.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. The changes in fair value of any derivative instrument that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised directly in the profit statement.

The fair value of forward foreign currency contracts is calculated by reference to current forward foreign exchange rates for contracts with similar maturity profiles. The fair value of interest rate swap contracts is determined by reference to market values for similar instruments.

Derivative instruments that qualify for hedge accounting are classified either as cash flow hedge or fair value hedge.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.17 Derivative Financial Instruments (cont'd)

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedge item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedges which meet the criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

Cash flow hedges are hedges of the exposure to the variability of cash flow that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability that could affect the profit statement.

For cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in hedging reserve within equity, while the ineffective portion is recognised in the profit statement.

Amounts taken to hedging reserve are transferred to the profit statement when the hedged transaction affects the profit statement, such as when the hedged financial income or financial expense is recognised or when a forecast sale or purchase occurs. When the hedged item is the cost of a non-financial asset or liability, the amounts taken to hedging reserve are transferred to the initial carrying amount of the non-financial asset or liability.

If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, amounts previously recognised in hedging reserve are transferred to the profit statement. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, amounts previously recognised in hedging reserve remain in hedging reserve until the forecast transaction occurs. If the related transaction is not expected to occur, the amount is taken to the profit statement.

2.18 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets are reviewed at each reporting date or when annual impairment testing is required, to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost of disposal and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating units ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Reversal of impairment losses previously recognised is recorded when the decrease in impairment loss can be objectively related to an event occurring after the write down. The carrying amount is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the profit statement. Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

2.19 Discontinued Operations and Assets and Liabilities Held for Sale

A component of the Group is classified as a discontinued operation when the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale have been met or it has been disposed of and such a component represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated major line of business or geographical area of operations. A component is deemed to be held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or component is available for immediate sale in its present condition.

Immediately before the initial classification of the asset (or disposal group) as held for sale, the carrying amounts of the assets (or all the assets and liabilities in the group) are measured in accordance with the applicable FRSs. Upon classification as held for sale, non-current assets and disposal groups are not depreciated and are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any differences are recognised in the profit statement.

Any impairment loss on initial classification and subsequent measurement is recognised as expense. Any subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell (not exceeding the accumulated impairment loss that has been previously recognised) is recognised in the profit statement.

In the profit statement of the current reporting period, and of the comparative period, all income and expenses from discontinued operations are reported separately from income and expenses from continuing activities.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.20 Treasury Shares

The Group's own equity instruments, which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit statement on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount of treasury shares and the consideration received, if reissued, is recognised directly in equity. Voting rights related to treasury shares are nullified for the Group and no dividends are allocated to them respectively.

2.21 Employee Benefits

(a) Retirement Benefits

Provision for retirement benefits is made in accordance with:

- (i) the terms of agreements concluded with various categories of employees, or
- (ii) pension and retirement benefit schemes, or
- (iii) defined contribution plans under statutory regulations in the country, where applicable.

Retirement Benefits in accordance with agreements

The provisions represent the present value of the amounts likely to become payable in respect of services already rendered. An independent actuarial calculation of the provision is made every three years. Internal calculation of the provision is made each intervening year on the same basis as those used for the independent actuarial calculation.

Pension and Retirement Benefit Schemes

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefits plans are determined by the project unit credit method. The liability recognised in the balance sheet is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised past-service costs. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using market yields of high quality bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and have tenures approximating that of the related post-employment benefit obligations. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period when they arise.

Past service costs are recognised immediately in the profit statement.

Defined contribution plans under statutory regulations

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the profit statement as incurred.

(b) Equity Compensation Plans

Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share options and share awards as consideration for services rendered.

Equity-settled transactions

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options or awards is recognised as an expense in the profit statement with a corresponding increase in the employee share-based payment reserve over the vesting period. The total amount to be recognised over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options or awards on the date of grant. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable on vesting date. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the profit statement, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period.

When the options are exercised and new ordinary shares issued, the proceeds received (net of any directly attributable transaction costs) and the corresponding share-based payment reserve is credited to share capital. For certain listed subsidiary companies which have treasury shares, the proceeds received (net of any directly attributable transaction costs) and the corresponding share option reserve is credited to the 'treasury share' account when treasury shares purchased are re-issued to the employees.

(c) Accrued Annual Leave

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for employee entitlements to annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.22 Leases

(a) Lessee

A finance lease which effectively transfers to the Group substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item is capitalised at the lower of the fair value of the leased item and the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term and disclosed as fixed asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to the profit statement. Contingent rents, if any, are expensed in the periods in which they are incurred.

A lease where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item is classified as an operating lease. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the profit statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(b) Lessor

A lease whereby the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item is classified as an operating lease. Properties leased out under operating leases are included in investment properties and are stated at revalued amounts and not depreciated. Rental income (net of any incentives given to lessees) is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Contingent rents, if any, are recorded as income in the periods in which they are earned.

2.23 Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised in the profit statement over the period necessary to match them on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is recognised as deferred capital grant and is amortised to the profit statement over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual installments.

2.24 Exceptional Items

Exceptional items are items of income and expense of such size, nature or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the Group for the year.

2.25 Contingencies

A contingent liability is:

- a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group and the Company;
- (b) a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised on the balance sheet of the Group and the Company, except for contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that are present obligations and which the fair values can be reliably determined.

2.26 Functional and Foreign Currencies

(a) Functional currency

The currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency") is Singapore Dollar. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollar, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currencies of the Company and the respective subsidiary companies at rates of exchange approximating those ruling at transaction date. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. Exchange differences are dealt with in the profit statement except where exchange differences arise on foreign currency monetary items that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the foreign entity. These exchange differences are taken to exchange reserve as a separate component of the shareholders' funds until the disposal of the net investment at which time they are recognised in the profit statement.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.26 Functional and Foreign Currencies (cont'd)

(b) Foreign currency transactions (cont'd)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Currency translation differences on equity investments held at fair value through profit or loss, are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Currency translation differences on equity investments classified as available-for-sale financial assets, are included in the fair value adjustment reserve within equity.

Currency translation differences arising from events which are treated as exceptional are dealt with as exceptional items in the profit statement.

(c) Foreign currency translations

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) profit statement items are translated into presentation currency at exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions;
- (ii) assets and liabilities are translated into presentation currency at exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date;
- (iii) exchange differences arising from translation of foreign subsidiary, joint venture and associated companies are recognised in other comprehensive income under exchange reserve as a separate component of the shareholders' funds

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of exchange differences deferred in shareholders' funds relating to that foreign operation is recognised in the profit statement as a component of the gain or loss on disposal.

In the case of a partial disposal without loss of control of a subsidiary company that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interest and are not recognised in profit statement. For partial disposals of associated or joint venture companies that are foreign operations, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit statement.

2.27 Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and assumptions concerning the future are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an ongoing basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date are discussed below.

(i) Impairment of non-financial and financial assets

Goodwill and brands

Goodwill and brands are tested for impairment at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill and brands are allocated. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of the goodwill and brands at balance sheet date is disclosed in Note 18 and Note 22.

Investment in joint venture and associated companies

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that investment in joint venture and associated companies are impaired. Where there is objective evidence of impairment, the recoverable amount is estimated based on the higher of the value-in-use and the fair value less costs to sell. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows to be generated by the joint venture and associated companies and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows which reflects the risk profile of the investee and economic assumptions regarding the industry and geographical jurisdiction in which the investee operates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the recoverable amount of the investee. The carrying amount of the investment in joint venture and associated companies at balance sheet date have been disclosed in the balance sheet.

THE CROHE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.27 Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements (cont'd)

(a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (cont'd)

(i) Impairment of non-financial and financial assets (cont'd)

Investment in available-for-sale financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that any available-forsale financial asset is impaired. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the market condition and whether there is a significant or prolonged decline in the values of these financial assets.

Where there is objective evidence of impairment for quoted available-for-sale financial assets, the difference between the cost and current fair value is recognised as impairment loss. Where there is objective evidence of impairment for unquoted available-for-sale financial assets, the recoverable value is estimated based on the amount and timing of the future cash flows. The carrying amount of the investment in available-for-sale financial assets at balance sheet date is disclosed in Note 20.

Loans and receivables

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a loan or receivable is impaired. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

Where there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount and timing of future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with similar credit risk characteristics. The carrying amount of the loans and receivables at balance sheet date is disclosed in Note 35(g).

(ii) Taxes

The Group has exposure to taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgment is involved in determining the provision for taxes. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such differences will impact the tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. The carrying amounts of taxation and deferred taxation at balance sheet date are disclosed in the balance sheet.

(iii) Depreciation of fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these fixed assets to be within 2 to 99 years. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amount of the fixed assets at balance sheet date is disclosed in the balance sheet.

(b) Critical judgements made in applying accounting policies

Management is of the opinion that the instances of application of judgement are not expected to have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements, apart from those involving estimates.

3. REVENUE

	IH	E GROUP
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Sale of goods	1,857,353	1,968,340
Sale of services	109,995	138,064
Others	11,274	14,706
Total revenue	1,978,622	2,121,110

For the year ended 30 September 2016

4. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION AND EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

	THE DEFORE INJURIOUS AND EXCELLING THE INDUSTRIES		
			E GROUP
		2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
(-)	In alread in other in come (not).	(+ 000)	(+ 000)
(a)	Included in other income (net):	F 097	4 200
	Exchange gain Management fee income from a related party	5,087	4,308 1,245
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(239)	(462)
	(Loss)/Gain on disposal of derivatives	(2,231)	13
	Fair value gain on derivatives	299	2,425
	Recovery of withholding tax	2,805	-
(b)	Net finance income:		
(1)	Finance income		
	Interest income from bank and other deposits	12,859	4,434
	Others	1,920	2,045
		14,779	6,479
	Finance expense	(4.040)	(6.400)
	Interest expense from bank and other borrowings Others	(4,912) (57)	(6,183) (117)
	Others	(4,969)	(6,300)
		9,810	179
(-)	Duestit before toyetian and exceptional items have been aurized		
(c)	Profit before taxation and exceptional items have been arrived		
	at after charging: Depreciation of fixed assets	46.804	67,246
	Impairment of fixed assets	890	11,140
	Impairment of other investments	25	32
	Impairment of brands	-	2,182
	Impairment of intangible assets	162	4,360
	Amortisation of brands	135	135
	Amortisation of intangible assets	14,808	16,310
	Intangible assets written off Fixed assets written off	6 424	638
	Bad debts written off	147	20
	Allowance for bad and doubtful trade debts	1,200	2,953
	Allowance for inventory obsolescence	11,280	10,408
	Directors of the Company:		
	Fee	651	645
	Remuneration of members of Board committees Adviser fees and allowances	495	593
	Key executive officers:	1,929	1,856
	Remuneration	5,532	6,030
	Provident Fund contribution	86	89
	Employee share-based expense	621	855
	Staff costs (exclude directors and key executives)	250,609	248,872
	Employee share-based expense (exclude directors and key executives)	5,436	6,080
	Defined contribution plans (exclude directors and key executives) Defined benefit plans	22,190 1.526	23,473 1,498
	Auditors' remuneration:	1,520	1,490
	Auditor of the Company	611	859
	Member firms of the Auditor of the Company	615	841
	Other auditors	14	104
	Professional fees paid to:		
	Auditor of the Company	6	71
	Member firms of the Auditor of the Company Other auditors	80 192	235 78
		132	76
	and crediting:	4.40	2.40
	Write back of defined benefit plans Write back of allowance for bad and doubtful trade debts	140 937	342 494
	Write back of allowance for inventory obsolescence	2,076	1,191
	Reversal of impairment of fixed assets	464	1,039
	1		,

For the year ended 30 September 2016

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating businesses are organised and managed separately according to the nature of activities. The Group's operating segments are namely beverages, dairies, printing and publishing and others. The Group operates in the following key geographical areas, namely Singapore, Malaysia, Other ASEAN, North/South Asia and certain countries outside Asia.

Year ended 30 September 2016

The following table presents financial information regarding operating segments:

Operating Segment	Beverages (\$'000)	Dairies (\$'000)	Printing & Publishing (\$'000)	Others (\$'000)	Elimination (\$'000)	Per Consolidated Financial Statements (\$'000)
Revenue - external Revenue - inter-segment Total revenue	571,697 32,660 604,357	1,098,960 16,656 1,115,616	307,592 95 307,687	373 141,144 141,517	- (190,555) (190,555)	1,978,622 - 1,978,622
Subsidiary companies Joint venture and associated companies PBIT	22,967 - 22,967	118,678 - 118,678	(5,127) (76) (5,203)	39,987 2,722 42,709	- - -	176,505 2,646 179,151
Finance income Finance cost Profit before fair value adjustment, taxation and exceptional items Fair value adjustment of investment properties Exceptional items Profit before taxation Taxation Profit after taxation Non-controlling interests Attributable profit					- - -	14,779 (4,969) 188,961 (1,532) 735 188,164 (22,506) 165,658 (57,562) 108,096
Assets Investments in joint venture and associated companies Tax assets Bank deposits & cash balances Total assets	366,585	525,387 -	276,054 17,054	1,457,036 71,960	:	2,625,062 89,014 13,267 1,045,529 3,772,872
Liabilities Tax liabilities Borrowings Total liabilities	101,274	184,295	86,617	60,725	_	432,911 50,369 137,048 620,328
Other segment information: Capital expenditure Depreciation and amortisation Impairment losses Reversal of impairment losses	34,747 18,415 342 (188)	20,269 20,081 548 (276)	18,277 20,320 187	3,065 2,931 -	- - -	76,358 61,747 1,077 (464)
Attributable profit/(loss) before fair value adjustment and exceptional items Fair value adjustment of investment properties Exceptional items Attributable profit/(loss)	5,384 - 388 5,772	59,159 - (66) 59,093	(6,033) (1,568) (144) (7,745)	50,453 20 503 50,976	- - -	108,963 (1,548) 681 108,096

The following information are based on the geographical location of the Group's customers, which are essentially in the same location as the business operation and are as follows:

Geographical Information	Singapore (\$'000)	Malaysia (\$'000)	Other ASEAN (\$'000)	North/ South Asia (\$'000)	Outside Asia (\$'000)	Per Consolidated Financial Statements (\$'000)
Total revenue	473,075	855,812	563,732	79,888	6,115	1,978,622
PBIT	(10,993)	80,440	113,778	(1,820)	(2,254)	179,151
Non-current assets	122,294	390,321	1,468,464	55,502	4,576	2,041,157
Investments in joint venture and associated companies	-	71,960	-	-	17,054	89,014
Current assets	170,511	245,147	126,737	39,359	2,151	583,905
Capital expenditure	18,337	37,037	15,858	5,098	28	76,358

Other ASEAN: Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam and Indonesia North/South Asia: China and India Outside Asia: Australia, Europe and USA

For the year ended 30 September 2016

5. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (cont'd)

Year ended 30 September 2015

The following table presents financial information regarding operating segments:

Operating Segment	Beverages (\$'000)	Dairies (\$'000)	Printing & Publishing (\$'000)	Others (\$'000)	Adjustment & Elimination (\$'000)	Per Consolidated Financial Statements (\$'000)
Revenue - external Revenue - inter-segment	638,595 25,915	1,140,854	340,945 127	716 136,269	(162,311)	2,121,110
Total revenue	664,510	1,140,854	341,072	136,985	(162,311)	2,121,110
Subsidiary companies Joint venture and associated companies	38,171 -	68,800 -	(16,251) 985	38,142 1,716	-	128,862 2,701
PBIT	38,171	68,800	(15,266)	39,858	-	131,563
Finance income						6,479
Finance cost					-	(6,300)
Profit before fair value adjustment, taxation and exceptional items						131,742
Fair value adjustment of investment properties						(2,311)
Exceptional items						(27,706)
Profit before taxation					_	101,725
Taxation					_	(19,316)
Profit from continuing operations after taxation						82,409
Profit from discontinued operations after taxation					_	636,820
Profit after taxation						719,229
Non-controlling interests					-	(86,613)
Attributable profit					-	632,616
Assets	294,976	552,842	287,534	938,186	-	2,073,538
Investments in joint venture and associated companies	-	-	18,486	67,110	-	85,596
Tax assets						18,156
Bank deposits & cash balances					-	965,579
Total assets					-	3,142,869
Liabilities	93,138	191,675	89,982	60,671	-	435,466
Tax liabilities						50,851
Borrowings					_	100,475
Total liabilities						586,792
Other segment information:						
Capital expenditure	19,383	13,320	16,979	1,673	16,488*	67,843
Depreciation and amortisation	20,341	23,664	36,190	3,496	-	83,691
Impairment losses	3,187	10,405	29,970	-	-	43,562
Reversal of impairment losses	(700)	(339)	-	-	-	(1,039)
Attributable profit/(loss) from continuing operations						
before fair value adjustment and exceptional items	9,445	27,216	(16,877)	43,250	-	63,034
Fair value adjustment of investment properties	(2.6)	-	- (22.252)	(964)	-	(964)
Exceptional items	(36)	- 27.246	(23,358)	42.200	-	(23,394)
Attributable profit/(loss) from continuing operations Attributable profit from discontinued operations	9,409	27,216	(40,235)	42,286	-	38,676 593,940
Total attributable profit					-	632,616
rotar attributable profit					-	032,010

The following information are based on the geographical location of the Group's customers, which are essentially in the same location as the business operation and are as follows:

Geographical Information	Singapore (\$'000)	Malaysia (\$'000)	Other ASEAN (\$'000)	North/ South Asia (\$'000)	Outside Asia (\$'000)	Adjustment & Elimination (\$'000)	Per Consolidated Financial Statements (\$'000)
Total revenue	473,497	986,965	562,978	89,283	8,387	-	2,121,110
PBIT	(8,192)	75,700	69,423	(6,572)	1,204	-	131,563
Non-current assets	101,986	374,378	937,948	50,758	4,775	-	1,469,845
Investments in joint venture and associated companies	-	67,110	-	-	18,486	-	85,596
Current assets	170,863	254,388	128,406	46,766	3,270	-	603,693
Capital expenditure	15,935	24,516	4,716	6,061	127	16,488*	67,843

Other ASEAN: Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam and Indonesia North/South Asia: China, Taiwan and India Outside Asia: Australia, Europe and USA

^{*} Adjustments relates to the sale of MBL as detailed in Note 26(a).

12.0

14.7

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

	THE G	ROUP
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
GROSS INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS		
Interest income	128	255
Dividend income	48,438	41,436
	48,566	41,691
EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
nsurance claim relating to flood	1,263	-
Effects of change of interest in an associated company Gain on redemption of other investments	756 30	-
Provision for restructuring and re-organisation cost of operations	(1,170)	(2,019)
(Loss)/Gain on liquidation/disposal of subsidiary and joint venture companies (ne		161
Impairment loss on fixed assets relating to restructuring of operations	-	(25,761)
Impairment loss on fixed assets relating to flood	-	(87)
	735	(27,706)
TAXATION		
Based on profit for the year:		
ingapore tax	6,296	6,710
Overseas tax	45 527	16 700
- current year	15,537 2,728	16,728 3,620
- withholding tax Deferred tax	2,720	5,020
- current year	5,640	(2,875)
- adjustment of tax rate	7	216
	30,208	24,399
Over)/Under provision in preceding years	(7.200)	(4.420)
current income taxwithholding tax	(7,300)	(4,430) (1,337)
- deferred tax	(402)	(1,337)
Tax expense attributable to continuing operations	22,506	19,316
Tax expense attributable to discontinued operations (Note 26(a))		28,237
	22,506	47,553
	THE G	
	2016 (%)	2015 (%)
A reconciliation of the statutory tax rate to the Group's effective tax rate which applicable to profit for the year is as follows:	includes the tax effect of the cap	ital gain tax
Singapore statutory rate	17.0	17.0
Effect of different tax rates of other jurisdictions	4.6	4.7
Effect of tax losses of subsidiary and joint venture companies not available for se		
against profits of other companies within the group	0.2	- (0.7)
Income not subject to tax (tax incentive/exemption) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(15.5) 5.5	(8.7)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(0.1)	1.7 (0.2)
Over provision in prior years	(4.1)	(0.2)
Deferred tax benefits not recognised	3.2	0.8
Withholding tax	1.5	0.4
Others	(0.3)	(0.1)
	10.0	` '

THE CHOILD 9

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

8. TAXATION (cont'd)

	TH	E GROUP
	2016	2015
	(%)	(%)
A reconciliation of the statutory tax rate to the Group's effective tax rate applicable to profit f the year is as follows:	rom continuing	operations for
Singapore statutory rate	17.0	17.0
Effect of different tax rates of other jurisdictions	4.6	4.5
Effect of tax losses of subsidiary and joint venture companies not available for set-off		
against profits of other companies within the group	0.2	0.2
Income not subject to tax (tax incentive/exemption)	(15.5)	(19.3)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	5.5	13.7
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(0.1)	(1.4)
Over provision in prior years	(4.1)	(5.0)
Adjustment due to change in tax rate	-	0.2
Deferred tax benefits not recognised	3.2	6.4
Withholding tax	1.5	3.6
Others	(0.3)	(0.9)
	12.0	19.0

As at 30 September 2016, certain Singapore subsidiary companies have unutilised tax losses carried forward of approximately \$22,682,000 (2015: \$22,682,000) and unabsorbed capital allowances of \$199,000 (2015: \$199,000) available for set off against future profits. In addition, certain overseas subsidiary companies have unutilised tax losses carried forward of approximately \$117,563,000 (2015: \$122,239,000), unutilised investment allowances of approximately \$94,231,000 (2015: \$112,728,000) and unabsorbed capital allowances of \$13,684,000 (2015: \$14,803,000). The availability of these losses and capital allowances to set off against future profits is subject to the meeting of certain statutory requirements by those subsidiary companies in their countries of tax residence. The deferred tax benefits of these losses recognised in the financial statements are disclosed in Note 30.

For the year of assessment ("YA") 2016 certain subsidiary companies have transferred loss items of \$8,976,000 (YA 2015: \$6,079,000) to offset against the taxable income of other companies in the Group. Tax benefits of \$911,000 (YA 2015: \$40,000) were recognised on the tax losses utilised under the group relief system. Tax benefits of \$1,881,000 (2015: \$2,213,000) arising from the utilisation of group relief are not recognised as they are subject to compliance with the relevant tax legislation governing group relief and agreement of the Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore.

9. DIVIDENDS

	ITTE	GROUP &
	THE	COMPANY
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Interim paid of 1.5 cents per share (2015: 2.0 cents per share)	21,733	29,006
Final proposed of 3.0 cents per share (2015: 3.0 cents per share)	43,373	43,327
	65,106	72,333

The final dividend is proposed by the Directors after the balance sheet date and subject to the approval of shareholders at the next annual general meeting of the Company.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the Group attributable profit to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

		THE GROUP						
		Continuing Discontinued						
		perations		perations	Total			
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)		
	(\$ 000)	(\$ 000)	(\$ 000)	(\$ 000)	(\$ 000)	(\$ 000)		
Group attributable profit to shareholders of the Company								
 before gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and exceptional items 	108,963	63,034		52,409	108,963	115,443		
- after gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and								
exceptional items	108,096	38,676	-	593,940	108,096	632,616		
			No.	of shares				
Weighted average number of	4 445 540 505	1 446 206 420	4 445 540 505	1 446 206 420	4 445 540 505	1 446 206 420		
ordinary shares in issue	1,445,519,595	1,446,296,429	1,445,519,595	1,446,296,429	1,445,519,595	1,446,296,429		
Earnings Per Share (Basic) - before gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and								
exceptional items - after gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and	7.5 cts	4.4 cts	- cts	3.6 cts	7.5 cts	8.0 cts		
exceptional items	7.5 cts	2.7 cts	- cts	41.0 cts	7.5 cts	43.7 cts		

(b) Diluted Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the Group adjusted attributable profit to shareholders of the Company by the adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

For diluted earnings per share, the Group attributable profit to shareholders of the Company is adjusted for changes in subsidiary companies attributable profit resulting from exercise of all dilutive share options and potential dilutive shares under share plans of a subsidiary company. The reconciliation of the Group adjusted attributable profit to shareholders of the Company used to compute diluted earnings per share is as follows:

Group attributable profit to shareholders of the Company before gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and exceptional items	108,963	63,034		52,409	108,963	115,443
Change in attributable profit due to dilutive share options and potential dilutive shares under share plans of a subsidiary company	(297)	(208)	-	-	(297)	(208)
Group adjusted attributable profit to shareholders of the Company before gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and exceptional items	108,666	62,826	<u>-</u>	52,409	108,666	115,235

For the year ended 30 September 2016

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE (cont'd)

(b) Diluted Earnings Per Share (cont'd)

J		inuing rations 2015 (\$'000)	Disc	E GROUP continued perations 2015 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)	Total 2015 (\$'000)
Group attributable profit to shareholders of the Company after gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and exceptional items	108,096	38,676	-	593,940	108,096	632,616
Change in attributable profit due to dilutive share options and potential dilutive shares under share plans of a subsidiary company	(297)	(205)	-	-	(297)	(205)
Group adjusted attributable profit to shareholders of the Company after gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and exceptional items	107,799	38,471	-	593,940	107,799	632,411

The weighted average number of ordinary shares is adjusted to assume exercise of all potential dilutive shares under share plans of the Company. The reconciliation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares used to compute diluted earnings per share is as follows:

			No.	of shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to compute basic earnings per share	1,445,519,595	1,446,296,429	1,445,519,595	1,446,296,429	1,445,519,595	1,446,296,429
Adjustment for potential dilutive shares under share plans of the Company	3,310,805	3,538,403	3,310,805	3,538,403	3,310,805	3,538,403
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to compute diluted earnings per share	1,448,830,400	1,449,834,832	1,448,830,400	1,449,834,832	1,448,830,400	1,449,834,832
Earnings Per Share (Fully diluted) - before gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and exceptional items - after gain on disposal of discontinued operations, fair value adjustment and	7.5 cts	4.3 cts	- cts	3.6 cts	7.5 cts	7.9 cts
exceptional items	7.4 cts	2.6 cts	- cts	41.0 cts	7.4 cts	43.6 cts

For the year ended 30 September 2016

11. SHARE CAPITAL, TREASURY SHARES AND RESERVES

(a) Share capital

		2016		2015
	No. of shares	(\$'000)	No. of shares	(\$'000)
Ordinary shares issued and fully paid up Balance at beginning of year Issued during the year	1,447,077,754	849,301	1,444,910,386	844,585
- pursuant to the vesting of shares awarded under Share Plans	-	-	2,167,368	4,716
Balance at end of year	1,447,077,754	849,301	1,447,077,754	849,301

The holders of ordinary shares (except for treasury shares) are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restriction. The ordinary shares have no par value.

The Company has the following employee share plans under which share awards conditional on the achievement of pre-determined targets have been granted.

- (i) Fraser and Neave Limited Restricted Share Plan
- (ii) Fraser and Neave Limited Performance Share Plan

(b) Treasury shares

	THE GROUP & THE COMPANY				
	2016	5		2015	
	No. of shares	(\$'000)	No. of shares	(\$'000)	
Balance at beginning of year	(2,828,700)	(5,759)	(4,100)	(23)	
Purchased during the year	-	-	(2,824,600)	(5,736)	
Reissued during the year:					
- Reissued pursuant to share plans	1,524,649	-	-	-	
- Transferred from share-based					
payment reserve	-	3,918	-	-	
- Gain on reissuance of treasury shares	-	(814)	-	-	
	1,524,649	3,104	-	-	
Balance at end of year	(1,304,051)	(2,655)	(2,828,700)	(5,759)	

Treasury shares relate to ordinary shares of the Company that is held by the Company.

The Company acquired Nil shares (2015: 2,824,600 shares) in the Company through purchases on the Singapore Exchange during the financial year. The total amount paid to acquire the shares was \$Nil (2015: \$5,736,000) and this was presented as a component within shareholders' equity.

The Company reissued 1,524,649 (2015: Nil) treasury shares pursuant to its share plans at a weighted average price of \$2.04 (2015: \$Nil) in this financial year.

(c) Reserves

	TH	E GROUP	COMPANY	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
The reserves comprise the following:				
Capital Reserve	18,746	8,751	(2,000)	(2,814)
Fair Value Adjustment Reserve	1,177,590	653,441	75,014	3,936
Hedging Reserve	(425)	(273)	-	-
Share-based Payment Reserve	10,349	10,947	5,687	6,703
Revenue Reserve	889,151	849,404	753,938	735,604
Dividend Reserve (Note 9)	43,373	43,327	43,373	43,327
Exchange Reserve	(142,346)	(141,090)	-	-
Total reserves	1,996,438	1,424,507	876,012	786,756

Capital reserve of the Company comprises the net loss on reissuance of treasury shares. The capital reserve of the Group comprises statutory reserve, asset revaluation reserve of subsidiary companies and the net loss on reissuance of treasury shares.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

11. SHARE CAPITAL, TREASURY SHARES AND RESERVES (cont'd)

(c) Reserves (cont'd)

Fair value adjustment reserve comprises the cumulative fair value changes, net of tax, of available-for-sale financial assets until they are disposed or impaired.

Hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of hedging instruments related to hedged transactions that have not yet occurred.

Movement of hedging instruments designated as cash flow hedges are as follows:

	THI	E GROUP
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
	(+ 555)	(+ 555)
Balance at beginning of year	(273)	(605)
Share of associated company's hedging reserve	(152)	332
Balance at end of year	(425)	(273)

Share-based payment reserve represents the equity-settled options and share plans granted to employees and is made up of the cumulative value of services received from employees recorded over the vesting period commencing from the grant date of equity-settled share options and share plans, and is reduced by the expiry or exercise of the share options and shares awarded.

Dividend reserve relates to proposed final dividend of 3.0 cents (2015: 3.0 cents) per share.

Exchange reserve comprises the exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency.

12. FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Building	THE GROU	Capital Work-in- Progress	Other Assets	Total
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
For the year ended 30 September 2016							
At cost							
Balance at beginning of year	40,707	38,415	275,680	555,517	11,190	204,460	1,125,969
Currency realignment	468	(145)	994	1,817	398	1,811	5,343
Additions	-	-	275	7,192	42,109	15,793	65,369
Acquisition of subsidiary companies	-	1,802	-	386	-	3,250	5,438
Disposals	-	(101)	(16)	(2,878)	-	(9,894)	(12,889)
Write off	-	-	-	(673)	-	(7,973)	(8,646)
Revaluation	-	-	9,292	-	-	-	9,292
Reclassification	(458)	-	2,179	8,869	(11,269)	679	-
Reclassified to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	(113)	-	(113)
Reclassified from investment properties	-	-	523	-	-	-	523
Reclassified to investment properties	-	-	(10,915)	-	-	-	(10,915)
Balance at end of year	40,717	39,971	278,012	570,230	42,315	208,126	1,179,371
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at beginning of year	760	11,035	84,419	421,427	-	143,940	661,581
Currency realignment	15	(26)	8	628	-	912	1,537
Depreciation charge	-	610	5,664	23,963	-	16,567	46,804
Impairment charge	-	-	4	735	-	151	890
Impairment reversal	-	-	-	(387)	-	(77)	(464)
Disposals	-	(101)	(7)	(2,661)	-	(9,467)	(12,236)
Write off	-	-	-	(637)	-	(7,585)	(8,222)
Reclassification	-	-	-	(4)	-	4	-
Reclassified to investment properties	-	-	(1,405)	-	-	-	(1,405)
Balance at end of year	775	11,518	88,683	443,064	-	144,445	688,485
Net book value at end of year	39,942	28,453	189,329	127,166	42,315	63,681	490,886

For the year ended 30 September 2016

12. FIXED ASSETS (cont'd)

TIMED ASSETS (contra)				THE GROUP	Capital		
	Freehold Land (\$'000)	Leasehold Land (\$'000)	Building (\$'000)	Plant & Machinery (\$'000)	Work-in- Progress (\$'000)	Other Assets (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)
For the year ended 30 September 2015							
At cost							
Balance at beginning of year	45,972	43,218	313,550	661,789	29,928	266,901	1,361,358
Effects of adopting FRS 111	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	(2)
Balance at beginning of year, restated	45,972	43,218	313,550	661,789	29,928	266,899	1,361,356
Currency realignment	(5,265)	(2,929)	(23,382)	(48,245)	(4,077)	(26,251)	(110,149)
Additions	-	-	179	8,557	24,213	23,126	56,075
Disposal of subsidiary companies	-	(1,874)	(11,123)	(78,582)	(14,563)	(40,999)	(147,141)
Disposals	-	-	(18)	(2,515)	-	(13,753)	(16,286)
Write off	-	-	(36)	(768)	-	(4,462)	(5,266)
Reclassification	-	-	304	23,235	(23,707)	168	-
Reclassified to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	(604)	-	(604)
Reclassified to assets held for sale	-	-	(3,794)	(7,954)	-	(268)	(12,016)
Balance at end of year	40,707	38,415	275,680	555,517	11,190	204,460	1,125,969
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at beginning of year	907	11,956	85,464	420,727	-	178,352	697,406
Currency realignment	(147)	(715)	(4,152)	(29,682)	-	(17,599)	(52,295)
Depreciation charge							
- Continuing operations	-	706	7,025	43,977	-	15,538	67,246
- Discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	8,185	8,185
Impairment charge	-	317	3,033	31,739	-	1,899	36,988
Impairment reversal	-	-	-	(205)	-	(834)	(1,039)
Disposal of subsidiary companies	-	(1,229)	(5,855)	(37,689)	-	(24,746)	(69,519)
Disposals	-	-	(8)	(2,402)	-	(12,787)	(15,197)
Write off	-	-	(7)	(764)	-	(3,857)	(4,628)
Reclassification	-	-	(13)	1	-	12	-
Reclassified to assets held for sale	-	-	(1,068)	(4,275)	-	(223)	(5,566)
Balance at end of year	760	11,035	84,419	421,427	-	143,940	661,581
Net book value at end of year	39,947	27,380	191,261	134,090	11,190	60,520	464,388

THE COMPANY Other Assets and Total (\$'000)

For the year ended 30 September 2016	
At cost	
Additions	440
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	
Depreciation charge	(47)
Net book value at end of year	393

THE GROUP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

12. FIXED ASSETS (cont'd)

- (a) Other assets comprise motor vehicles and forklift, postmix and vending machines, beer coolers, fixture and fittings and computer equipment.
- (b) The Group's carrying amount of assets held under finance leases at 30 September 2016 amounted to \$1,900,000 (2015: \$18,000).
- (c) The net book value of fixed assets pledged to financial institutions as security for borrowings are as follows:

	IH	IE GROUP
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Leasehold Land	1,789	-
Building	-	237
Plant and machinery	-	1,516

- (d) During the financial year, a change in use led to a building being transferred to investment property. Immediately before the transfer, the Group remeasured the property to its fair value and recognised a gain of \$9,292,000 in other comprehensive income. The valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs used in measuring the fair value of the building at the date of transfer were the same as those applied to investment property at the reporting date.
- (e) In the previous financial year, the Group's subsidiary company, Times Publishing Limited ("TPL"), carried out a review of the recoverable amount on its plant and machinery. An impairment loss of \$25,761,000, representing the write-down of these equipment to the recoverable amount was recognised in "Exceptional Items" as disclosed in Note 7. The recoverable amount of the printing equipment was determined based on its fair value less cost to sell.
- (f) In the previous financial year, TPL conducted a technological review on its plant and machinery. The estimated useful lives of some machinery had been revised from 15 to 10 years. The revision in estimate had been applied on a prospective basis from 1 July 2015 with a corresponding increase in depreciation expense of \$7,484,000.

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Completed Investment Properties Balance at beginning of year Currency realignment	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Balance at beginning of year		
Currency realignment	35,018	40,702
	288	(3,373)
Additions	102	-
Reclassified from fixed assets	9,510	-
Reclassified to fixed assets	(523)	-
Net fair value loss recognised in the profit statement	(1,532)	(2,311)
Balance at end of year	42,863	35,018

(b) Completed investment properties comprise commercial properties that are leased mainly to third parties under operating leases (Note 32).

The following amounts are recognised in the profit statement:

Rental income from investment properties:

- Minimum lease payments

1,392

1,207

Direct operating expenses arising from rental generating properties

432

422

THE COMPANY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (cont'd)

(c) As at 30 September 2016, investment properties amounting to \$9,544,000 have been pledged to financial institutions as security for bank facilities.

Completed investment properties are stated at fair value which has been determined based on valuations performed at balance sheet date. Valuations are performed by accredited independent valuers with recognised and relevant professional qualification and with recent experience in the location and category of the properties being valued.

The valuations are based on open market values on the as-is basis and were prepared primarily using the Investment and Comparison Method. In relying on the valuation reports, management has exercised its judgement and is satisfied that the valuation methods and estimates are reflective of current market conditions.

Independent professional valuations were carried out by the following valuers:

Valuers	Country
CBRE Pte Ltd	Singapore
Roma Appraisals Ltd	Hong Kong
Henry Butcher Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Malaysia

14. PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT

	TH	THE GROUP	
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)	
Balance at beginning of year	17,848	21,276	
Currency realignment	376	(3,634)	
Cost incurred	8	206	
Balance at end of year	18,232	17,848	
Properties held for development comprise:			
Freehold land	16,408	16,070	
Development costs	1,824	1,778	
	18,232	17,848	

15. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	THE COMPANY	
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Quoted shares at cost	256,353	256,353
Unquoted shares at cost	861,366	861,366
Allowance for impairment	(210,929)	(210,929)
	906,790	906,790
Amounts owing by subsidiary companies (unsecured)	216,237	150,179
	1,123,027	1,056,969
MARKET VALUE		
Quoted shares	1,613,560	1,201,951

The amounts owing by subsidiary companies are unsecured, not repayable within the next 12 months and are interest free except for amounts of \$187,085,000 (2015: \$150,044,000) which bear an interest rate of 1.12% (2015: 1.57%) per annum. The amounts owing to subsidiary companies disclosed under non-current liabilities are unsecured, non-trade in nature, interest free, not repayable within the next 12 months and to be settled in cash. The amounts owing from and to subsidiary companies disclosed under current assets and current liabilities are unsecured, non-trade in nature, interest free, have no fixed repayment term and are to be settled in cash.

The carrying amounts of the amounts owing from and to subsidiary companies are largely denominated in Singapore Dollar, Malaysia Ringgit and Thai Baht.

Details of significant subsidiary companies are included in Note 39.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

15. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (cont'd)

(a) Acquisition of subsidiary companies

Soft Drinks

On 1 July 2016, the Group through F&N Foods Pte Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary company, completed the acquisition of 100% shareholding interest in Warburg Vending Pte Ltd ("WV"), Warburg Engineering Pte. Ltd. ("WE") and Warburg Vending Services Pte. Ltd. ("WVS") and obtained control. Upon acquisition, WV, WE and WVS became subsidiary companies of the Group. A provisional goodwill of \$22,311,000 was recognised on the acquisition based on the difference between the consideration and the provisional fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities at the date of the acquisition subject to completion of the Purchase Price Allocation exercise ("PPA"). The consideration was arrived at on a "willing-buyer-willing-seller" basis, taking into consideration, inter alia, the net asset value and earnings of WV, WE and WVS.

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of WV, WE and WVS as at the acquisition date were as follows:

	Fair Value at Date of Acquisition (\$'000)
Fixed assets	5,438
Current assets	1,224
Bank borrowings	(1,758)
Other current liabilities	(2,034)
Other non-current liabilities	(260)
Cash and cash equivalents	4,079
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	6,689
Provisional goodwill arising from acquisition	22,311
Consideration paid	29,000
Less: Cash and cash equivalents in subsidiary companies acquired	(4,079)
Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiary companies	24,921

Impact of the acquisition on profit statement

If the business combination has taken place at the beginning of the year, the contribution to the Group's revenue would have been \$17,885,000 and the contribution to the Group's profit after tax would have been \$2,644,000.

Transaction costs

Transaction costs related to the acquisition of \$306,000 have been recognised under "Administration expenses" in the Group's profit statement for the year ended 30 September 2016.

(b) Disposal of a subsidiary company

On 19 August 2015, the Company completed the disposal of its 55% interest in Myanmar Brewery Limited ("MBL") for a total consideration of US\$560 million (approximately S\$777 million). In accordance with FRS 105, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, the results of MBL were presented separately on the Group Profit Statement as Discontinued Operations.

The effects of the disposal are disclosed in Note 26(a) Discontinued Operations.

(c) Liquidation of a subsidiary company

During the financial year, the Group liquidated Pansing IMM Pty Limited, a wholly owned dormant subsidiary company of Times Publishing Limited.

Fraser & Neave

THE CROLID

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

15. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (cont'd)

(d) Subsidiary company with material non-controlling interest ("NCI")

The Group's subsidiary company that has material NCI is as follows:

	Holdings Bhd	
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
NCI percentage of ownership and voting interest	44.5%	44.5%
Carrying amount of NCI	291,136	269,479
Profit after taxation allocated to NCI	57,394	45,443
Dividends paid to NCI	33,578	28,849
Summarised financial information before inter-group elimination		
Non-current assets	506,771	485,480
Current assets	549,885	490,205
Non-current liabilities	(148,085)	(119,636)
Current liabilities	(252,943)	(250,151)
Net assets	655,628	605,898
Revenue	1,395,718	1,501,741
Profit for the year	129,060	102,394
Other comprehensive income	(16,394)	21,003
Total comprehensive income	112,666	123,397
Net cash from operating activities	160,979	109,026
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(41,556)	(22,632)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(48,867)	(87,376)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	70,556	(982)

16. JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES

		THE GROUP	
		2016	2015
		(\$'000)	(\$'000)
(a)	Unquoted investment, at cost	165	161
. ,	Share of post acquisition reserves, net	(2,227)	(1,660)
		(2,062)	(1,499)
	Shareholder's loan	48,073	45,235
		46,011	43,736

Shareholder's loan

On 11 November 2011, the Group had through its non-wholly owned subsidiary, Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd ("F&NHB"), entered into a conditional subscription cum shareholders' agreement ("SSA") with FCL Centrepoint Pte Ltd ("FCLC") to form a joint venture, Vacaron Company Sdn Bhd ("VCSB") for the purpose of carrying out a proposed mixed development on the land held under PN 3679 for Lot No. 35 and PN 3681 for Lot No. 37, Seksyen 13, Bandar Petaling Jaya, Daerah Petaling, Selangor.

The Group and FCLC had both granted shareholder's loans to VCSB pursuant to the SSA. The loans are unsecured, bear interest at KLIBOR + 1.25% (2015: KLIBOR + 1.25%) per annum, not repayable within the next 12 months and are denominated in Malaysia Ringgit.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

16. JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES (cont'd)

(b) The summarised financial information of the joint venture company held by the Group is as follows:

	THE GROUP	
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Expenses	(790)	(3,178)
Loss before taxation	(790)	(3,178)
Taxation	(290)	720
Loss after taxation	(1,080)	(2,458)
Non-current assets Cash and bank balances Other current assets	760 102 91,639	1,031 2,040 85,246
Other current liabilities	•	
Net liabilities	(96,632) (4,131)	(91,321)
Proportion of F&NHB's ownership Group's share of net liabilities	50% (2,065)	50% (1,502)
Goodwill	(2,003)	(1,502)
Shareholder's loan	48,073	45,235
Carrying amount of the investment	46,011	43,736

- (c) The share of the results as stated in paragraph (b) above are based on the accounts of the joint venture company for the financial year ended 30 September.
- (d) The amounts owing from joint venture companies classified under current assets are unsecured, trade and non-trade in nature, interest free, repayable on demand, to be settled in cash and are denominated mostly in Singapore Dollar.
- (e) The Group's share of capital commitments of the joint venture company as at 30 September 2016 is \$Nil (2015: \$37,956,000). Details of significant joint venture company is included in Note 39.

17. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
Quoted investments, at cost	113,380	112,913	93,783	93,783
Share of post acquisition reserves, net	(6,914)	(7,590)	-	-
Allowance for impairment	(63,463)	(63,463)	(75,683)	(75,683)
	43,003	41,860	18,100	18,100
MARKET VALUE				
Quoted shares	65,793	57,902	26,014	21,001

- (a) The amounts due from/to associated companies classified under current assets and current liabilities are unsecured, trade and non-trade in nature, interest free, repayable on demand, to be settled in cash and are denominated mostly in Malaysia Ringgit and Chinese Renminbi.
- (b) The summarised information of the associated companies held by the Group that are not individually material are as follows:

	THE GROUP	
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
Carrying amount of interest	43,003	41,860
Share of profit before taxation Share of taxation	4,554 (1,368)	5,483 (1,553)
Share of profit after taxation	3,186	3,930
Share of other comprehensive income	(762)	231
Share of total comprehensive income	2,424	4,161

(c) The Group's share of contingent liabilities of the associated companies as at 30 September 2016 is \$276,000 (2015: \$147,000).

Details of significant associated companies are included in Note 39.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	THE GROUP			
	Goodwill (\$'000)	Deferred Development Costs (\$'000)	Other Intangible Assets (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)
For the year ended 30 September 2016				
At cost	F0 072	72.607	40.074	472.022
Balance at beginning of year	59,972	72,687	40,274 321	172,933
Currency realignment Additional expenditure	(177)	(1,976) 10,140	321 747	(1,832) 10,887
Acquisition of subsidiary companies	22,311	10,140	747	22,311
Reclassified from fixed assets	22,311		113	113
Disposal for the year	_	_	(100)	(100)
Write off	_	(834)	(176)	(1,010)
Balance at end of year	82,106	80,017	41,179	203,302
•	,			
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	E 042	EC 024	24 240	04 192
Balance at beginning of year Currency realignment	5,943 36	56,921	31,319 183	94,183 (1,611)
Amortisation charge	50	(1,830) 11,974	2,834	14,808
Impairment charge		162	2,034	162
Write off	_	(834)	(170)	(1,004)
Balance at end of year	5,979	66,393	34,166	106,538
Net book value	76,127	13,624	7,013	96,764
For the year ended 30 September 2015				
At cost				
Balance at beginning of year	66,545	65,872	41,933	174,350
Currency realignment	(2,308)	4,730	(2,946)	(524)
Additional expenditure	-	10,932	836	11,768
Reclassified from fixed assets	-	-	604	604
Write off	(4,265)	(8,847)	(153)	(13,265)
Balance at end of year	59,972	72,687	40,274	172,933
Accumulated amortisation and impairment				
Balance at beginning of year	9,662	47,144	27,857	84,663
Currency realignment	(359)	4,401	(1,927)	2,115
Amortisation charge	-	12,970	3,340	16,310
Impairment charge	905	1,253	2,202	4,360
Write off	(4,265)	(8,847)	(153)	(13,265)
Balance at end of year	5,943	56,921	31,319	94,183
Net book value	54,029	15,766	8,955	78,750

THE COMPANY
Other
Intangible
Assets
and Total
(\$'000)

	(\$'000)
For the year ended 30 September 2016 At cost	
Additional expenditure	200
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	
Amortisation charge	13
Net book value	187

All intangible assets, other than goodwill, have finite useful lives of not more than 20 years.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

19. IMPAIRMENT TESTS FOR INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(a) Goodwill

The carrying value of the Group's goodwill arising from acquisitions of subsidiary companies was assessed for impairment during the financial year.

	(\$'000)	Basis on which recoverable values are determined	Terminal growth rate	Pre-tax Discount rate
Carrying value of capitalised goodwill based on cash generating units				
As at 30 September 2016 Subsidiary companies:				
Printing and Publishing Group	15,401	Value-in-use and Fair value less cost to sell	0%	7.4%
Dairies Group	330	Value-in-use	0%	10.5%
Beverages Group	60,396	Value-in-use and Fair value less cost to sell	0% - 2.0%	7.3% - 10.5%
	76,127			
As at 30 September 2015 Subsidiary companies:				
Printing and Publishing Group	15,966	Value-in-use and Fair value less cost to sell	0%	7.0% -7.5%
Dairies Group	323	Value-in-use	1.0%	10.2%
Beverages Group	37,740	Value-in-use and Fair value less cost to sell	0% - 1.0%	10.2%
	54,029			

Goodwill is allocated for impairment testing purposes to the individual entity which is also the cash generating unit. The value-in-use calculations apply a discounted cash flow model using cash flow projections based on financial budgets and forecasts approved by management covering 3 to 5 year period. Cash flows beyond these periods are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated in the table above. The fair value less cost to sell calculations are based on quoted market prices obtained from active markets or using the net carrying amount adjusted for the unrecognised fair value changes to the properties.

The terminal growth rate used does not exceed the long term average growth rate of the respective industry and country in which the entity operates.

The discount rates applied to the cash flow projections reflect management's estimates of the risks specific to the respective cash generating units at the date of assessment.

During the financial year, no impairment loss was recognised in the profit statement. In the previous financial year, an impairment loss of \$905,000 was recognised in the profit statement. The recoverable amount of the goodwill has been determined based on value-in-use. The value-in-use calculations were determined using 5 year cash flow projections approved by management. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 7.0% and the terminal growth rate was 0%.

(b) Deferred development costs

The carrying value of deferred development costs was assessed for impairment during the financial year.

An impairment loss of \$162,000 (2015: \$1,253,000) was recognised in the profit statement as the carrying value was assessed to be in excess of its recoverable value due to shift in market demand for certain products.

The recoverable amount of the deferred development costs has been determined based on value-in-use calculations using 5 year cash flow projection approved by management. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 7.4% (2015: 7.0% - 7.5%) and the terminal growth rate is 0% (2015: 0%).

For the year ended 30 September 2016

19. IMPAIRMENT TESTS FOR INTANGIBLE ASSETS (cont'd)

(c) Other Intangible Assets

The carrying value of other intangible assets was assessed for impairment during the financial year.

During the financial year, no impairment loss was recognised in the profit statement. In the previous financial year, an impairment loss of 2,202,000 was recognised in the profit statement. The recoverable amount of the other intangible assets has been determined based on value-in-use. The value-in-use calculations were determined using 5 - 10 year cash flow projections approved by management. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 7.5% - 9.4% and the terminal growth rate was 0% - 2.0%.

A reasonable change to the assumptions used by the management to determine the impairment required, particularly the discount rate and terminal growth rate, would not significantly affect the results.

20. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	THE GROUP		THE	THE COMPANY	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Quoted available-for-sale financial assets					
Equity investments					
At fair value	1,363,375	844,741	185,226	120,115	
Unquoted available-for-sale financial assets					
Equity investments					
At cost (less impairment loss)	14	39	14	14	
Total	1,363,389	844,780	185,240	120,129	

- (a) Market value of quoted investments are determined by reference to stock exchange quoted prices.
- (b) Certain unquoted investments do not have quoted market prices in an active market nor are other methods of reasonably estimating the fair values readily available. Hence it is not practicable to determine their fair value with sufficient reliability without incurring excessive costs.

21. CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS

	THE GROUP		THE	THE COMPANY	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Non-Current					
Bank fixed deposits	2,900	3,874	-	-	
Current					
Bank fixed deposits	563,282	446,462	231,018	276,978	
Cash and bank balances	479,347	515,243	270,726	261,494	
	1,042,629	961,705	501,744	538,472	
	1,045,529	965,579	501,744	538,472	

The weighted average effective interest rate for non-current fixed deposits is 1.00% (2015: 3.90%) and current bank fixed deposits is 1.38% (2015: 1.57%).

The Group's non-current bank fixed deposits of \$2,900,000 (2015: \$3,874,000) and current bank deposit of \$3,956,000 (2015: \$Nil) relates to the portion of consideration for acquisition of subsidiary companies held as profit guarantee. The profit guarantee will be released upon the achievement of pre-defined targets as set out in the sale and purchase agreement. These fixed deposits are excluded from the Group Cash Flow Statement.

As at 30 September 2016, cash and bank deposits held by the Group are in the following major currencies: Malaysia Ringgit - 11.8% (2015: 10.2%), Thai Baht - 7.1% (2015: 4.9%) and United States Dollar - 5.1% (2015: 5.1%).

For the year ended 30 September 2016

22. BRANDS

	THE GROUP		THE	THE COMPANY	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
At cost					
Balance at beginning of year	40,747	46,595	8,647	8,647	
Currency realignment	612	(5,848)	-	-	
Balance at end of year	41,359	40,747	8,647	8,647	
Accumulated amortisation and impairment					
Balance at beginning of year	13,266	11,315	8,435	8,435	
Currency realignment	66	(366)	-	-	
Amortisation charge	135	135	-	-	
Impairment charge	-	2,182	-	-	
Balance at end of year	13,467	13,266	8,435	8,435	
Net book value	27,892	27,481	212	212	

Included in the Group's brands are brands with indefinite useful life of carrying amount of \$26,683,000 (2015: \$26,136,000).

The recoverable amount of the brands have been determined based on value-in-use calculations using 3 to 10 year cash flow projections approved by management.

The terminal growth rate used does not exceed the long term average growth rate of the respective industry and country in which the cash generating unit operates.

The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections reflect managements' estimates of the risks specific to the respective cash generating units at the date of assessment.

The pre-tax discount rates applied to the cash flow projections were 10.5% (2015: 10.2% - 13.4%) and terminal growth rates applied were 1.0% - 2.0% (2015: 1.0% - 5.0%).

23. INVENTORIES

	THE GROUP	
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Raw materials	102,836	123,316
Manufactured inventories	101,476	88,239
Engineering spares, work-in-progress and other inventories	9,493	7,973
Packaging materials	10,760	10,927
Goods purchased for resale	22,767	23,463
	247,332	253,918

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense in cost of sales for continuing operations during the year was \$1,160,336,000 (2015: \$1,303,164,000).

For the year ended 30 September 2016

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND RELATED PARTIES

	THE GROUP		THE	THE COMPANY	
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)	
Trade receivables	267,178	278,792	-	-	
Other receivables:					
Current					
Accrued income	2,783	2,358	34	20	
Prepayments	5,043	4,570	120	160	
Deposits paid	4,853	7,465	-	-	
Tax recoverable	15,105	12,435	78	358	
Staff loans	3,541	3,315	-	-	
Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)	549	2,533	22	295	
Sundry debtors	5,986	3,955	-	-	
Other receivables	16,034	17,039	820	554	
	53,894	53,670	1,074	1,387	
Related parties	4,565	1,742	6	-	
	325,637	334,204	1,080	1,387	
Non-current					
Advance project cost paid	-	828	-	-	
Staff loans	615	377	-	-	
Tax recoverable	149	-	-	-	
Deposits paid	367	375	-	-	
	1,131	1,580	-	-	
	326,768	335,784	1,080	1,387	

⁽a) As at 30 September 2016, trade receivables, other receivables and related parties held by the Group are in the following major currencies: Malaysia Ringgit - 37.6% (2015: 36.7%), Thai Baht - 15.8% (2015: 16.5%), United States Dollar - 8.4% (2015: 9.2%) and Chinese Renminbi - 4.7% (2015: 4.6%).

Trade receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has trade receivables amounting to \$58,938,000 (2015: \$66,129,000) that are past due at balance sheet date but not impaired. These receivables are unsecured and the ageing analysis at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	THE GROUP	
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Trade receivables past due:		
1 to 30 days	41,013	44,066
31 to 60 days	8,123	10,652
61 to 90 days	3,210	5,531
91 to 120 days	1,192	1,578
more than 120 days	5,400	4,302
	58,938	66,129

⁽b) Current amounts due from related parties are trade and non-trade related, unsecured, interest free, repayable upon demand and to be settled in cash.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND RELATED PARTIES (cont'd)

Trade receivables that are impaired

The Group's trade receivables that are impaired at the balance sheet date and the movement of the allowance accounts used to record the impairment are as follows:

	THE GROUP			
	Collectiv	Collectively impaired		ually impaired
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Trade receivables - nominal amounts	136	141	7,267	9,064
Less: Allowance for impairment	(136)	(141)	(4,107)	(5,108)
	-	-	3,160	3,956
Movement in allowance accounts:				
Balance at beginning of year	141	266	5,108	5,701
Impairment charge	155	78	1,045	2,875
Write back				
- Continuing operations	(149)	(116)	(788)	(378)
- Discontinued operations	-	-	-	(11)
Disposal of a subsidiary company	-	-	-	(399)
Write off	(16)	(68)	(1,238)	(2,211)
Currency realignment	5	(19)	(20)	(469)
Balance at end of year	136	141	4,107	5,108

Receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the balance sheet date relate to debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancement.

25. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	THE GROUP		THE	THE COMPANY	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Assets					
Current					
Forward currency contracts	549	2,533	22	295	
Liabilities					
Current					
Forward currency contracts	242	338	20	-	
Net position	307	2,195	2	295	

THE GROUP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

26. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE

(a) Discontinued operations

Beverages - Breweries

On 29 August 2013 and 10 September 2013, the Company announced Myanma Economic Holdings Limited ("MEHL")'s intention to commence arbitration proceedings and subsequently, the receipt of notice of arbitration from MEHL, in relation to the Company's shares in Myanmar Brewery Limited ("MBL"). MEHL had sought to compel the Company to sell its 55% stake in MBL ("MBL Stake") to MEHL at US\$246 million (approximately \$313 million) under the terms of the joint venture agreement between the parties. On 31 October 2014, the Company announced that it had received the decision on its arbitration with MEHL. The arbitral tribunal has ruled that MEHL's valuation of US\$246 million does not represent a fair value of the Company's stake in MBL and that the sale should take place at a price to be determined by an independent valuer.

On 22 July 2015, the Company received the valuation report of MBL from the independent valuer. The valuer had determined that the estimated fair value of the MBL Stake is Myanmar Kyat ("MMK") 500 billion. On 7 August 2015, the Company announced the sale of its 55% stake in MBL to MEHL for US\$560 million.

Upon completion of the sale of MBL on 19 August 2015, the Group realised a net divestment gain of \$542 million after deducting the cost of investment and relevant taxes. In accordance with FRS 105, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, the results of MBL has been presented separately on the Group Profit Statement as Discontinued Operations.

Profit statement disclosures

The results of the discontinued operations for the year ended 30 September are as follows:

	111	E GROOP
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
	(+ 000)	(\$ 000)
Revenue	-	335,516
Expenses	-	(212,309)
Profit before interest and taxation	-	123,207
Interest income	-	319
Profit from discontinued operations before taxation	-	123,526
Taxation	-	(28,237)
Profit from discontinued operations after taxation	-	95,289
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	-	541,531
Profit after taxation	-	636,820

Cash flow statement disclosures

The cash flows attributable to the discontinued operations for the year ended 30 September are as follows:

Operating cash inflows	-	70,044
Investing cash outflows	-	(16,422)
Net cash inflows	-	53,622

Earnings per share disclosures

Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to the shareholders of the company:

				cent	s per share
-	Basic	-	before gain on disposal of discontinued operations	Nil cts	3.6 cts
		-	after gain on disposal of discontinued operations	Nil cts	41.0 cts
-	Diluted	-	before gain on disposal of discontinued operations	Nil cts	3.6 cts
		-	after gain on disposal of discontinued operations	Nil cts	41.0 cts

For the year ended 30 September 2016

26. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE (cont'd)

(b) Assets and liabilities held for sale

The assets and liabilities of a subsidiary company, Shanxi Xinhua Times Packaging Printing Co., Ltd ("SXTP") is presented as held for sale following the commitment of the Group's management on 20 August 2015 to a plan to sell the subsidiary company. As at the date of this report, the sale has not been completed.

	TH	E GROUP
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Assets		
Fixed assets	5,476	6,450
Inventories	1,227	1,362
Trade and other receivables	3,575	3,499
Cash and bank balances	97	101
	10,375	11,412
Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	2,339	1,802

27. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES AND RELATED PARTIES

	THI	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Current					
Trade payables	180,548	201,113	-	-	
Other payables					
Accrued operating expenses	76,836	66,859	59	71	
Sundry accruals	38,189	43,111	270	1,689	
Sundry deposits	6,150	5,493	-	-	
Staff costs payable	44,913	42,547	-	-	
Accrual for unconsumed annual leave	3,674	4,197	-	-	
Deferred income	655	460	-	-	
Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)	242	338	20	-	
Interest payable	1,412	1,307	-	-	
Other payables	38,902	28,533	7,074	8,552	
	210,973	192,845	7,423	10,312	
Related parties	12,650	14,523	21	-	
	404,171	408,481	7,444	10,312	
Non-current					
Other payables	2,900	3,874	-	-	
Related parties	1,265	1,265	1,265	1,265	
	4,165	5,139	1,265	1,265	
	408,336	413,620	8,709	11,577	

- (a) As at 30 September 2016, the trade payables, other payables and related parties held by the Group are in the following major currencies: Malaysia Ringgit 39.7% (2015: 40.7%), Thai Baht 22.3% (2015: 21.7%), United States Dollar 3.7% (2015: 4.7%) and Sterling Pound 2.0% (2015: 1.9%).
- (b) Current amounts due to related parties are trade and non-trade related, unsecured, interest free, repayable upon demand and to be settled in cash.
- (c) Non-current amounts due to related parties are non-trade related, unsecured, interest free, have no fixed term of repayment and to be settled in cash.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

28. BORROWINGS

	Weighted average effective		TH	E GROUP
	interest rate	Notes	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
Repayable within one year:				
Unsecured				
Bank loans	2.48%		10,432	591
Bank overdrafts	7.68%		802	669
			11,234	1,260
Term loans	4.90%	(a)	79	531
Secured				
Bank loans	2.50%	(b)	291	748
Term loans	6.50%	(b)	84	-
Finance leases			535	12
			12,223	2,551
Repayable after one year:				
Unsecured				
Bank loans	2.35%		24,625	-
Term loans	4.31%	(a)	99,309	97,899
Secured				
Term loans	6.50%	(b)	691	-
Finance leases			200	25
		(d)	124,825	97,924
Total			137,048	100,475
Fair value		(c)	132,308	99,115

Notes

- (a) As at 30 September 2016 and 2015, term loans include medium term notes issued by certain subsidiary companies.
- (b) The secured bank loans and term loans are secured by way of pledge over certain subsidiary companies' fixed assets (Note 12) and investment properties (Note 13).
- (c) The carrying amounts of bank borrowings and finance leases approximate fair value as they bear interest at rates which approximate the current incremental borrowing rate for similar types of lending and borrowing arrangements except for bank loans and term loans of \$133,355,000 (2015: \$96,840,000) which have a fair value of \$128,615,000 (2015: \$95,480,000).

The aggregate fair value of bank loans and term loans are determined by using present value calculations.

(d) Maturity of non-current borrowings is as follows:

Between 1 and 2 years	49,786	524
Between 2 and 5 years	74,668	97,232
After 5 years	371	168
	124,825	97,924

(e) As at 30 September 2016, the borrowings held by the Group are in the following major currencies: Malaysia Ringgit - 73.5% (2015: 99.2%) and Thai Baht - 25.2% (2015: Nil%).

2016

2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

29. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	THE GROUP	
	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
Defined benefit plan	20,601	18,131
Long service leave/severance allowance/gratuity	70	70
	20,671	18,201

(a) Defined Contribution Plan

The Group makes contributions to several post employment benefit plans. Most of these plans are defined contribution plans whereby contributions are made to approved provident and superannuation funds in Singapore, Malaysia, Hong Kong and Australia.

Accruals for defined contribution plans are included in Other Payables under Note 27.

(b) Defined Benefit Plan

The defined benefit plan in the United Kingdom is a funded, defined benefit pension plan where the assets are held in a separate trustee-administrated fund. The defined benefit plans in Malaysia, Thailand and Indonesia do not have separately funded assets. They provide lump sum benefit at normal retirement age.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense and benefit liability:

	2010	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Net benefit expense		
Current service cost	605	868
Net interest cost on benefit obligation	781	289
Net benefit expense	1,386	1,157
Actual return on plan assets	2,393	470
Benefit liability		
Present value of funded benefit obligation	26,332	27,660
Fair value of plan assets	(20,222)	(22,291)
Deficit of funded plans	6,110	5,369
Present value of unfunded benefit obligation	14,491	12,762
	20,601	18,131

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation as at 30 September 2016 was 13.8 years (2015: 14.3 years).

The Group expects to contribute \$673,000 to the defined benefit plans in the financial year ended 30 September 2017.

Changes in present value of defined benefit plan are as follows:

Balance at beginning of year	40,422	41,238
Interest cost	1,560	1,693
Current service cost	605	868
Benefits paid	(1,461)	(2,551)
Remeasurements:		
- actuarial gain and losses arising from change in demographic assumptions	(1,996)	-
- actuarial gain and losses arising from change in financial assumptions	6,548	752
- experience adjustments	(8)	(465)
Currency realignment	(4,847)	(1,113)
Balance at end of year	40,823	40,422

For the year ended 30 September 2016

29. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

(b) Defined Benefit Plan (cont'd)

	TH	E GROUP
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Changes in fair value of plan assets are as follows:		
Balance at beginning of year	22,291	21,814
Interest income	779	1,404
Contributions by employer	618	755
Benefits paid	(1,020)	(1,703)
Remeasurements on return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	1,614	(934)
Currency realignment	(4,060)	955
Balance at end of year	20,222	22,291
The proportion of fair value of plan assets at the end of the year is analysed as follows:		
Equity instruments	9,099	12,908
Debt instruments	8,086	9,323
Other assets	3,037	60
	20,222	22,291
The major assumptions used by the qualified independent actuaries were:		
Rate of increase in salaries	4.0% to 7.0%	4.0% to 7.0%
Inflation rate	3.3%	3.5%
Discount rate	2.3% to 7.5%	2.7% to 5.5%

Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of each significant assumption on the defined benefit obligation as of the end of the reporting period, assuming if all other assumptions were held constant:

		defined benefit obligation	
	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption (\$'000)	Decrease in assumption (\$'000)
The Group			
Year Ended 30 September 2016			
Rate of increase in salaries	1%	1,615	(1,421)
Inflation rate	1%	903	(1,013)
Discount rate	1%	(5,174)	6,444
Year Ended 30 September 2015			
Rate of increase in salaries	1%	1,142	(1,007)
Inflation rate	1%	558	(718)
Discount rate	1%	(4,771)	5,932

(c) Long Service Leave/Severance Allowances/Gratuity

Long service leave, severance allowances and gratuity are provided based on the number of years of service the employees have rendered at the end of each financial year as required by local legislation.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

29. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

(d) Share Options

The equity-based equity-settled share option scheme of the Group is:

Approval by Shareholders

Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd Executives' Share Option Scheme ("F&NHB 2007 Scheme")

5 April 2007

The options granted under the above scheme are for a term of no longer than 10 years from date of grant.

Information regarding F&NHB 2007 Scheme

- (i) The maximum number of new ordinary shares of RM1.00 each in F&NHB which may be issued on the exercise of the options granted under the F&NHB 2007 Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of F&NHB at any point of time throughout the duration of the F&NHB 2007 Scheme.
- (ii) Eligible full-time executives of the group and executive directors of the company with at least one year service shall be eligible to participate in the F&NHB 2007 Scheme.
- (iii) The allotment of an eligible executive shall not exceed the maximum limits for any specific job grade in any one financial year and 1,000,000 new shares of F&NHB during the tenure of the F&NHB 2007 Scheme, subject to the limits below:
 - (1) not more than 50% of the new shares of F&NHB available under the F&NHB 2007 Scheme shall be allocated, in aggregate, to the directors and senior management of F&NHB group; and
 - (2) not more than 10% of the new shares of F&NHB available under the F&NHB 2007 Scheme shall be allocated to any individual eligible executive who, either singly or collectively through persons connected to that eligible executive, holds 20% or more of the issued and paid-up share capital of F&NHB.
- (iv) The option price shall be the five-day weighted average market price of F&NHB's shares as quoted on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad immediately preceding the date of the offer, or the par value of the shares of F&NHB, whichever is higher.
- (v) The F&NHB 2007 Scheme shall be in force for a period of 10 years from the effective date of the implementation of the F&NHB 2007 Scheme.
- (vi) Following approval by F&NHB shareholders on 13 January 2012, F&NHB adopted the F&NHB Restricted Share Plan ("F&NHB RSP") and F&NHB Performance Share Plan ("F&NHB PSP"). No further options have been granted under the F&NHB 2007 Scheme.

Information with respect to the number of options granted under the share option scheme is as follows:

Options	Offer Date	Balance as at 1.10.2015	Options Exercised	Balance as at 30.9.2016	Exercise Price	Exercise Period
2011	22.11.2010	131,700	(131,700)	-	RM14.52	22.08.2013 - 21.10.2015

No options were granted during the year.

The weighted average share price for options exercised during the year was RM21.48 (2015: RM17.75).

(e) Share Plans

Fraser and Neave Limited Restricted Share Plan ("RSP")

The RSP is a share-based incentive plan for senior executives and key senior management, which was approved by shareholders of the Company at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 22 January 2009.

Information regarding the RSP

- (i) Depending on the level of achievement of pre-determined targets over a two-year performance period for the RSP, the final number of RSP shares to be awarded could range between 0% to 150% of the initial grant of the RSP shares.
- (ii) Based on meeting stated performance conditions over a two-year performance period, 50% of the RSP share awards will vest. The balance will vest equally over the subsequent two years upon fulfillment of service requirements.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

29. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

(e) Share Plans (cont'd)

Fraser and Neave Limited Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") (cont'd)

Information with respect to the number of shares granted under the RSP is as follows:

Shares	Grant Date	Balance as at 1.10.2015 or Grant Date if later	Cancelled	Achievement Factor	Vested	Balance as at 30.9.2016
Year 3	14.12.2011	510,974	-	-	(510,974)	-
Year 4	14.12.2012	817,250	(6,275)	-	(408,625)	402,350
Year 5	01.10.2014	1,013,675	(11,500)	100,825	(557,250)	545,750
Year 6	06.05.2015	1,055,300	(70,500)	-	-	984,800
Year 7	26.02.2016	1,255,976	(25,500)	-	-	1,230,476
		4,653,175 [^]	(113,775)*	100,825	(1,476,849)	3,163,376

[^] This takes into account the adjustments made on 7 October 2014 following F&N's distribution to its shareholders by way of dividend in specie and a capital reduction undertaken by F&N during the financial year ended 30 September 2014.

The expense recognised in profit statement granted under the RSP during the financial year is \$2,815,000 (2015: \$2,916,000).

The estimated fair value of shares granted during the year ranges from \$1.79 to \$1.87 (2015: \$2.56 to \$2.69). The fair value of equity-settled contingent award of shares are determined using Monte Carlo Valuation Model, which involves projection of future outcomes using statistical distributions of key random variables including share price and volatility of returns. The inputs to the model used are as follows:

	2016	2015
Dividend yield (%)	2.5	2.3
Expected volatility (%)	21.0	21.3
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.1 to 1.5	1.1 to 1.5
Expected life (years)	1.9 to 3.9	1.7 to 3.7
Share price at date of grant (\$)	1.97	2.79

Fraser and Neave Limited Performance Share Plan ("PSP")

The PSP is a share-based incentive plan for senior executives and key senior management, which were approved by shareholders of the Company at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 22 January 2009.

Information regarding the PSP

- (i) Depending on the level of achievement of pre-determined targets over a three-year performance period, the final number of PSP shares awarded could range between 0% to 200% of the initial grant of the PSP shares.
- (ii) PSP share awards will vest based on meeting stated performance conditions over a three-year performance period.

Information with respect to the number of shares granted under the PSP is as follows:

Shares	Grant Date	Balance as at 1.10.2015 or Grant Date if later	Cancelled	Achievement Factor	Vested	Balance as at 30.9.2016
Year 4	14.12.2012	68,158	-	(20,358)	(47,800)	-
Year 5	01.10.2014	32,546	-	-	-	32,546
Year 6	06.05.2015	40,500	(10,000)	-	-	30,500
Year 7	26.02.2016	84,383	-	-	-	84,383
		225,587 [^]	(10,000)*	(20,358)	(47,800)	147,429

[^] This takes into account the adjustments made on 7 October 2014 following F&N's distribution to its shareholders by way of dividend in specie and a capital reduction undertaken by F&N during the financial year ended 30 September 2014.

The expense recognised in profit statement granted under the PSP during the financial year is \$87,000 (2015: \$234,000).

^{*} Cancelled due to resignations.

^{*} Cancelled due to resignations.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

29. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

(e) Share Plans (cont'd)

Fraser and Neave Limited Performance Share Plan ("PSP") (cont'd)

The estimated fair value of shares granted during the year ranges from \$1.50 to \$1.95 (2015: \$1.32 to \$2.63). The fair value of equity-settled contingent award of shares are determined using Monte Carlo Valuation Model, which involves projection of future outcomes using statistical distributions of key random variables including share price and volatility of returns. The inputs to the model used are as follows:

	2016	2015
Dividend yield (%)	2.5	2.3
Expected volatility (%)	21.0	21.3
Cost of equity (%)	9.9	7.9
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.2	1.3
Expected life (years)	2.8	2.7
Share price at date of grant (\$)	1.97	2.79

F&NHB Restricted Share Plan ("F&NHB RSP")

The F&NHB RSP is a share-based incentive plan for senior executives and key senior management, which was approved by shareholders of F&NHB at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 13 January 2012.

Information regarding the F&NHB RSP

- (i) Depending on the achievement of pre-determined targets over a two-year performance period, the final number of RSP shares awarded could range between 0% to 150% of the initial grant of the RSP shares.
- (ii) Based on meeting stated performance conditions over a two-year performance period, 50% of the F&NHB RSP awards will vest. The balance will vest equally over the subsequent two years with fulfillment of service requirements.

Information with respect to the number of shares granted under the F&NHB RSP is as follows:

Shares	Grant Date	Balance as at 1.10.2015 or Grant Date if later	Cancelled	Achievement Factor	Vested	Balance as at 30.9.2016
Year 1	15.03.2012	43,225	-	-	(43,225)	-
Year 2	07.02.2013	170,750	(675)	-	(85,800)	84,275
Year 3	12.08.2014	574,200	(2,900)	31,000	(302,600)	299,700
Year 4	15.01.2015	546,700	(29,100)	-	-	517,600
Year 5	05.01.2016	596,500	-	-	-	596,500
		1,931,375	(32,675)*	31,000	(431,625)	1,498,075

^{*} Cancelled due to resignations.

The estimated fair value of shares granted during the year ranges from RM15.36 to RM16.80 (2015: RM16.01 to RM16.80). The fair value of equity-settled contingent award of shares are determined using Monte Carlo Valuation Model, which involves projection of future outcomes using statistical distributions of key random variables including share price and volatility of returns. The inputs to the model used are as follows:

	2016	2015
Dividend yield (%)	3.6	4.0
Expected volatility (%)	8.4	19.2
Risk-free interest rate (%)	3.0 to 3.5	2.9 to 3.3
Expected life (years)	2.0 to 4.0	1.8 to 3.8
Share price at date of grant (RM)	18.50	18.06

For the year ended 30 September 2016

29. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

(e) Share Plans (cont'd)

F&NHB Performance Share Plan ("F&NHB PSP")

The F&NHB PSP is a share-based incentive plan for senior executives and key senior management, which was approved by shareholders of F&NHB at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 13 January 2012.

Information regarding the F&NHB PSP

- (i) Depending on the achievement of pre-determined targets over a three-year performance period, the final number of PSP shares awarded could range between 0% to 200% of the initial grant of the PSP shares.
- (ii) PSP share awards will vest based on meeting stated performance conditions over a three-year performance period. As at 30 September 2016, no share has been granted under F&NHB PSP.

30. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

		THE GROUP			THE	THE COMPANY	
		nce Sheet		Statement		ance Sheet	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Deferred tax liabilities							
Differences in depreciation	16,220	15,956	(222)	(5,785)	-	-	
Provisions, expenses and income taken in a							
different period	1,253	1,811	(338)	(415)	-	-	
Fair value adjustments	2,461	2,348	65	(699)	185	114	
Other deferred tax liabilities	856	409	(47)	(16)	-	-	
Gross deferred tax liabilities	20,790	20,524	(542)	(6,915)	185	114	
Less: Deferred tax assets							
Employee benefits	(778)	(859)	98	88	-	-	
Unabsorbed losses and							
capital allowances	122	(5)	(98)	192	-	-	
Provisions, expenses and							
income taken in a different period	(616)	(521)	(84)	632			
Gross deferred tax assets	(1,272)	(1,385)	(84)	912	-		
Gross deferred tax assets	(1,2/2)	(1,363)	(04)	912			
Net deferred tax liabilities	19,518	19,139	(626)	(6,003)	185	114	
Some subsidiary companies have	net deferred tax	assets relating	g to the followir	ng:			
Employee benefits	(1,639)	(2,081)	472	(79)	-	-	
Differences in depreciation	11,218	10,129	1,132	(517)	-	-	
Unabsorbed losses and							
capital allowances	5,062	5,695	303	2,201	-	-	
Provisions	(8,604)	(8,912)	(521)	(24)	-	-	
Investment allowances	(19,259)	(22,458)	3,895	4,136	-	-	
Fair value adjustments	(45)	(529)	590	(1,689)	-	-	
Net deferred tax assets	(13,267)	(18,156)	5,871	4,028	-	-	

The deferred tax charge relating to fair value adjustment in other comprehensive income during the year is \$525,000 (2015: \$143,000).

Deferred tax liabilities of \$1,285,000 (2015: \$322,000) have not been recognised in the consolidated financial statements for withholding and other taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of \$7,559,000 at 30 September 2016 (2015: \$1,895,000).

THE CROUD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

30. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

Deferred tax liabilities of \$46,000 (2015: \$46,000) have not been recognised in the consolidated financial statements for withholding and other taxes that would be payable on the undistributed earnings of \$458,000 at 30 September 2016 (2015: \$456,000) of certain of the Group's subsidiary companies as the Group has determined that the undistributed earnings of its subsidiary companies will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	In	E GROUP
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Deductible temporary differences	32,404	29,855
Tax losses	132,568	136,665
	164,972	166,520

Tax losses of \$90,920,000 (2015: \$94,701,000) expire in 2027. The remaining tax losses and the deductible temporary differences do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits therefrom.

31. FUTURE COMMITMENTS

Commitments not provided for in the financial statements:

(a)	Commitments in respect of contracts placed Fixed assets	17,482	14,444
(b)	Other amounts approved by directors but not contracted for		
	Fixed assets	94,096	12,780
	Total	111 578	27.224

32. LEASE COMMITMENTS

Operating Leases

Lease commitments under non-cancellable operating leases where the Group is a lessee:

Payable within one year	9,905	13,664
Payable between one and five years	17,102	20,642
Payable after five years	28,191	27,072
	55,198	61,378
Operating lease expense for the year	20,065	21,811

The operating leases do not contain any escalation clauses and do not provide for contingent rents. Lease terms do not contain restrictions on the Group activities concerning dividends, additional debts or entering into other leasing agreements.

Lease commitments under non-cancellable operating leases where the Group is a lessor:

Receivable within one year	723	165
Receivable between one and five years	301	-
	1,024	165

Finance Leases

Lease commitments under non-cancellable finance leases where the Group is a lessee:

	THE GROUP				
		2016		2015	
	(:	\$'000)	((\$'000)	
	Minimum lease payments	Present value of payments	Minimum lease payments	Present value of payments	
Minimum lease payments due: Payable within one year Payable between one and five years	567 214	535 200	14 26	12 25	
Total minimum lease payments Less: Future finance charges	781	735	40	37	
Payable within one year Payable between one and five years	(32) (14)	-	(2) (1)	-	
	(46)	-	(3)	-	
	735	735	37	37	

The finance leases do not contain any escalation clauses and do not provide for contingent rents. Lease terms do not contain restrictions on the Group activities concerning dividends, additional debts or entering into other leasing agreements.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

33. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the direct and indirect ability to control the party, jointly control or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following were the significant related party transactions entered into between the Group and related parties based on agreed fees or terms between the parties.

	THE GROUP	
	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Transactions with TCC Group of Companies		
Sales	3,597	5,188
Corporate service recoveries	1,238	1,655
Management fee income	-	1,245
Advertising & promotion support	2,578	-
Service fee and other income	2,105	-
Purchases	(27,109)	(32,670)
Marketing expense	(4,866)	(6,794)
Insurance premium expense	(1,339)	(1,285)
Management fee expense	(674)	(590)
Payment for intangible assets	(200)	-
Rental and other expenses	(4,566)	(4,355)
Transactions with Joint Operation and Associated Companies		
Sales	1,019	1,272
Receipt of corporate service fees	184	364
Rental income	-	33
Finance income	1,916	1,960
Purchases	(5,766)	(5,315)
Shareholder's loan granted	-	(2,450)

34. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company issued corporate guarantees to the extent of \$2,460,978,000 (2015: \$2,407,680,000) for the purpose of assisting its subsidiary companies to obtain external borrowings. Of the \$2,460,978,000 (2015: \$2,407,680,000) corporate guarantees given by the Company, \$Nil (2015: \$Nil) has been utilised by its subsidiary companies as security for its borrowings.

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks, including primarily the effects of changes in currency exchange rates and interest rates and use derivatives and other instruments in connection with their risk management activities. The Group and the Company do not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

The Group has established processes to monitor and control hedging transactions in a timely and accurate manner.

These policies are reviewed regularly by the Audit Committee to ensure that the Group's policies and guidelines are adhered to. The Group's accounting policies in relation to derivatives are set out in Note 2.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(a) Foreign Currency Risk

The Group and the Company have exposure to foreign exchange risk as a result of transactions denominated in foreign currencies, arising from normal trading and investment activities. Where exposures are certain, it is the Group's and Company's policy to hedge these risks as they arise. For those exposures less certain in their timing and extent, it is the Group's and the Company's policy to cover 50% to 90% of anticipated exposures for a maximum period of 12 months forward. The Group and the Company use foreign currency forward exchange contracts to manage these foreign exchange risks.

At 30 September 2016, the Group had entered into foreign currency forward exchange buy contracts amounting to \$27,171,000 (2015: \$41,076,000) and sell contracts amounting to \$13,480,000 (2015: \$15,288,000). The fair value adjustments of the buy contracts and sell contracts (which is the difference between the notional principal amount and market value of the contracts) are gains of \$266,000 (2015: \$2,001,000) and \$41,000 (2015: \$194,000) respectively.

At 30 September 2016, the Company had entered into foreign currency forward exchange sell contracts amounting to \$2,625,000 (2015: \$3,916,000). The fair value adjustments of the sell contracts (which is the difference between the notional principal amount and market value of the contracts) is a gain of \$2,000 (2015: \$295,000).

The fair values of foreign currency forward exchange contracts have been calculated using rates quoted by the Group's and Company's bankers to terminate the contracts at the balance sheet date.

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's total equity and the Group's profit net of tax to a reasonably possible 10% strengthening of the Australia Dollar, Sterling Pound, United States Dollar, Vietnamese Dong, Euro, Singapore Dollar and Malaysia Ringgit exchange rates against the respective functional currencies of the Group entities, with all other variables held constant.

	THE	THE C	THE COMPANY	
	Equity (\$'000)	Profit (\$'000)	Equity (\$'000)	Profit (\$'000)
Year Ended 30 September 2016				
Australia Dollar	-	393	-	-
Sterling Pound	-	(116)	-	-
United States Dollar	-	5,900	-	1,764
Vietnamese Dong	136,201	2,259	18,504	-
Euro	-	62	-	-
Singapore Dollar	-	190	-	-
Malaysia Ringgit	-	(882)	-	(183)
Year Ended 30 September 2015				
Australia Dollar	_	(678)	_	_
Sterling Pound	_	107	_	_
United States Dollar	-	3,858	-	1,895
Vietnamese Dong	83,771	2,346	11,381	-
Euro	· -	(29)	-	-
Singapore Dollar	-	202	-	-
Malaysia Ringgit	-	(58)	-	(118)

A 10% weakening of the above currencies at the balance sheet date would have had the equal but opposite effect on the respective functional currencies of the Group entities as the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(b) Liquidity Risk

The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises in the general funding of the Group's and the Company's business activities. It includes the risks of being able to fund business activities in a timely manner.

The Group adopts a prudent approach to managing its liquidity risk. The Group maintains sufficient cash and marketable securities, and have available funding through diverse sources of committed and uncommitted credit facilities from various banks.

The table below analyses the maturity profile of the Group's and Company's financial assets and liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) based on contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	_		Cash F	lows	
	Carrying amount (\$'000)	Contractual cash flow (\$'000)	Less than 1 year (\$'000)	Between 1 and 5 years (\$'000)	Over 5 years (\$'000)
The Group					
Year Ended 30 September 2016 Financial Assets					
Trade receivables	267,178	267,178	267,178	-	-
Other receivables (excluding derivative financial instruments)	30,286	30,286	29,671	615	_
Derivative financial instruments	549	549	549	-	-
Related parties	4,565	4,565	4,565	-	-
Joint venture companies	48,631	48,631	558	-	48,073
Associated companies	3	3	3	-	-
Bank fixed deposits	566,182	566,734	563,834	2,900	-
Cash and bank balances	479,347	482,601	482,601	-	-
	1,396,741	1,400,547	1,348,959	3,515	48,073
Financial Liabilities					
Trade payables	180,548	180,548	180,548	_	
Other payables (excluding derivative	100,010	100,010	100,010		
financial instruments)	203,287	203,346	200,446	2,900	-
Derivative financial instruments	242	242	242	-	-
Borrowings	137,048	147,084	17,332	129,355	397
Related parties	13,915	13,915	12,650	1,265	-
Associated companies	1,565	1,565	1,565	-	-
	536,605	546,700	412,783	133,520	397
Total net undiscounted financial					
assets/(liabilities)		853,847	936,176	(130,005)	47,676

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(b) Liquidity Risk (cont'd)

	_		Cash F	lows	
	Carrying amount (\$'000)	Contractual cash flow (\$'000)	Less than 1 year (\$'000)	Between 1 and 5 years (\$'000)	Over 5 years (\$'000)
The Group					
Year Ended 30 September 2015 Financial Assets					
Trade receivables	278,792	278,792	278,792	-	-
Other receivables (excluding derivative financial instruments)	31,696	31,696	31,294	402	-
Derivative financial instruments	2,533	2,533	2,533	-	-
Related parties	1,742	1,742	1,742	-	-
Joint venture companies	45,991	45,991	756	-	45,235
Associated companies	3,403	3,403	3,403	-	-
Bank fixed deposits	450,336	454,693	450,781	3,912	-
Cash and bank balances	515,243	517,120	517,120	-	-
	1,329,736	1,335,970	1,286,421	4,314	45,235
Financial Liabilities					
Trade payables	201,113	201,113	201,113	-	-
Other payables (excluding derivative					
financial instruments)	184,783	184,974	181,062	3,912	-
Derivative financial instruments	338	338	338	-	-
Borrowings	100,475	114,217	7,839	106,202	176
Related parties	15,788	15,788	14,523	1,265	-
Associated companies	1,843	1,843	1,843	-	-
	504,340	518,273	406,718	111,379	176
Total net undiscounted financial assets/(liabilities)		817,697	879,703	(107,065)	45,059

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(b) Liquidity Risk (cont'd)

			Cash F	lows	
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flow	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
The Company					
Year Ended 30 September 2016					
Financial Assets					
Other receivables (excluding derivative					
financial instruments)	854	854	854	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	22	22	22		-
Subsidiary companies	230,142	230,153	13,916	216,237	-
Related parties	6	6	6	-	-
Bank fixed deposits	231,018	231,235	231,235		-
Cash and bank balances	270,726	273,933	273,933	-	-
	732,768	736,203	519,966	216,237	-
Financial Liabilities					
Other payables (excluding derivative					
financial instruments)	7,403	7,403	7,403		-
Derivative financial instruments	20	20	20	-	-
Subsidiary companies	108,364	108,364	6,470	101,894	-
Related parties	1,286	1,286	21	1,265	-
	117,073	117,073	13,914	103,159	-
Total net undiscounted financial assets	_	619,130	506,052	113,078	-
Year Ended 30 September 2015					
Financial Assets					
Other receivables (excluding derivative					
financial instruments)	574	574	574	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	295	295	295	-	-
Subsidiary companies	155,826	155,934	5,755	150,179	-
Bank fixed deposits	276,978	281,143	281,143	-	-
Cash and bank balances	261,494	263,295	263,295	-	-
	695,167	701,241	551,062	150,179	-
Financial Liabilities					
Other payables	10,312	10,312	10,312	-	-
Subsidiary companies	95,789	95,789	692	95,097	-
Related parties	1,265	1,265		1,265	
	107,366	107,366	11,004	96,362	-
Total net undiscounted financial assets		593,875	540,058	53,817	-
	•				

THE CPOLID

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(c) Credit Risk

At the balance sheet date, the Group's and the Company's total exposure to credit risk in the event that the counterparties fail to perform their obligations is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the balance sheets, including derivatives with positive fair values.

Credit risk concentration profile

The Group determines concentrations of credit risk by monitoring the country and business segment profile of its trade receivables on an ongoing basis. The credit risk concentration profile of the Group's trade receivables at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	THE GROUP			
	2	016		2015
	(\$'000)	% of total	(\$'000)	% of total
By Geographical Segment:				
Singapore	92,747	35%	93,810	33%
Malaysia	104,793	39%	108,411	39%
Other ASEAN	49,621	19%	52,335	19%
North/South Asia	19,233	7%	22,676	8%
Outside Asia	784	0%	1,560	1%
	267,178	100%	278,792	100%
By Business Segment:				
Beverages	67,941	25%	68,077	24%
Dairies	128,252	48%	133,265	48%
Printing & Publishing	70,977	27%	77,441	28%
Others	8	0%	9	0%
	267,178	100%	278,792	100%

The Group and the Company have no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group and the Company have policies in place to monitor its credit risk. Sales of products and services are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. Contractual deposits are collected and scheduled progress payments are received from the buyers when due.

Cash and fixed deposits are placed in banks and financial institutions which are regulated. The Group limits its credit risk exposure in respect of investments by only investing in liquid securities and only with counterparties that have a sound credit rating. Management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

Information regarding financial assets that are either past due or impaired and ageing analysis is disclosed in Note 24. Management believes that no additional credit risk beyond that provided for is inherent in the Group's trade and other receivables.

With respect to derivative financial instruments, credit risk arises from the potential failure of counterparties to meet their obligations under the contract or arrangement. The Group's total credit risk exposure for foreign exchange contracts are limited to the fair value adjustments of these contracts. It is the Group's and the Company's policy to enter into financial instruments with a diversity of credit worthy counterparties. The Group and the Company do not expect to incur material credit losses on their financial assets or other financial instruments.

The Group and the Company do not have significant exposure to any individual customer or counterparty.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(d) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relate primarily to debt obligation with financial institutions. The Group's policy is to manage interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate debts, and interest rate economic effect of converting borrowings from fixed rates to variable rates or vice versa.

The following table sets out the carrying amount, by maturity, of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk:

	Floating rates		Fixed rates	
	(\$'000)	Less than 1 year (\$'000)	Between 1 to 5 years (\$'000)	After 5 years (\$'000)
The Group Year Ended 30 September 2016 Assets				
Cash and bank deposits	2,174	933,680	2,900	-
Liabilities Borrowings	2,376	10,967	123,705	-
Other financial liabilities	-	3,955	2,900	-
Year Ended 30 September 2015 Assets				
Cash and bank deposits	215	853,145	3,874	-
Liabilities Borrowings Other financial liabilities	3,007	603	96,865 3,874	-
The Company Year Ended 30 September 2016 Assets				
Cash and bank deposits	-	499,505	-	-
Year Ended 30 September 2015 Assets Cash and bank deposits		538,319		
Cash and palik deposits	-	220,219	-	-

Interest on financial instruments classified as floating rate is repriced at intervals of less than one year. Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until the maturity of the instrument. The other financial instruments of the Group and the Company that are not included in the above tables are non-interest bearing and are therefore not subject to interest rate risk.

The Group and the Company are in a net finance income position for the years ended 30 September 2016 and 2015.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

It is estimated that a hundred basis points (bps) increase in interest rate, with all other variables held constant, would decrease the Group's profit after tax by approximately \$2,000 (2015: \$23,000). A decrease of a hundred bps in interest rate would have an equal but opposite effect. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2015.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(e) Market Price Risk

The Group and the Company are exposed to market price risk and the risk of impairment in the value of investments held. The Group and the Company manage the risk of impairment by evaluation of investment opportunities, continuously monitoring the performance of investments held and assessing market risk relevant to which the investments operate.

Sensitivity analysis for quoted investment risk

If prices for available-for-sale investments increase by 10% with all other variables including tax rate being held constant, the impact on fair value adjustment reserve will be as follows:

TH	E GROUP	THE	THE COMPANY			
2016	2015	2016	2015			
(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)			
136,201	84,285	18,504	11,895			

Fair value adjustment reserve

There will be no impact to profit after tax.

A 10% decrease in the underlying equity prices would have had the equal but opposite effect as the amounts shown above. The analysis is performed on the same basis as for 2015 and assumes that all other variables remain constant.

(f) Fair Values

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

(i) Cash and bank deposits, other receivables and other payables

The carrying amounts of these items in current assets and current liabilities approximate fair value due to their short term nature. The carrying amount of non-current fixed deposits approximates their fair values as these fixed deposits bear interest rate at the market prevailing interest for similar type of fixed deposits instrument at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Trade receivables and trade payables

The carrying amounts of receivables and payables approximate fair value because these are subject to normal trade credit terms.

(iii) Amounts due from/to related companies

The carrying amounts of amounts due from/to related companies in current assets and current liabilities approximate fair value due to their short term nature. For amounts due to related companies included in long term liabilities, no disclosure of the fair value has been made, as it is not practicable to determine the fair value with sufficient reliability since these balances have no fixed terms of repayment.

(iv) Short term and other investments

Market value of quoted investment is determined by reference to stock exchange quoted prices.

Certain unquoted investments do not have quoted market prices in an active market nor are there other methods of reasonably estimating the fair value readily available. It is not practicable to determine fair value with sufficient reliability without incurring excessive costs.

(v) Bank borrowings and term loans

The fair value of fixed rate bank borrowings and term loans are disclosed in Note 28. The carrying values of bank borrowings, and term loans maturing within one year and the floating rate borrowings and loans approximate their fair value.

(vi) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value

The Group classifies fair value measurement using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(f) Fair Values (cont'd)

(vi) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value (cont'd)

The following table shows an analysis of assets and liabilities financial instruments carried at fair value by level of fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 (\$'000)	Level 2 (\$'000)	Level 3 (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)
The Group				
Year Ended 30 September 2016 Financial Assets Other investments (Note 20)				
- Quoted available-for-sale financial assets	1,363,375		-	1,363,375
Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)	-	549	-	549
	1,363,375	549	-	1,363,924
Non-Financial Assets Investment properties (Note 13) - Commercial	_	_	42,863	42,863
Financial Liabilities Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)	-	242	-	242
Year Ended 30 September 2015 Financial Assets Other investments (Note 20)				
- Quoted available-for-sale financial assets	844,741	-	-	844,741
Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)	-	2,533	-	2,533
	844,741	2,533	-	847,274
Non-Financial Assets Investment properties (Note 13) - Commercial	-	-	35,018	35,018
Financial Liabilities Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)	-	338	-	338
The Company				
Year Ended 30 September 2016 Financial Assets Other investments (Note 20)				
- Quoted available-for-sale financial assets	185,226	-	-	185,226
Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)	185,226	22	-	185,248
	103,220			103,240
Financial Liabilities Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)	-	20	-	20
Year Ended 30 September 2015 Financial Assets Other investments (Note 20)				
- Quoted available-for-sale financial assets	120,115	_	-	120,115
Derivative financial instruments (Note 25)		295	-	295
	120,115	295	-	120,410

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(f) Fair Values (cont'd)

(vi) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value (cont'd)

There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 for the Group and the Company during the financial year ended 2016.

The fair value of quoted investments categorised within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy is determined directly by reference to the quoted market price at the balance sheet date.

The fair value of derivatives categorised within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a valuation technique with market observable inputs. These include forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various inputs such as foreign exchange spot and forward rates.

The following table presents the valuation techniques and key inputs that were used to determine the fair value of investment properties categorised under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

Description	Fair value as at 30.9.2016 (\$'000)	Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	Range
Investment Properties	42,863	Investment Approach	Discount rate	7.25%
		Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	8.10%
		Direct Comparison Approach	Market value	0% to 16%
Description	Fair value as at 30.9.2015 (\$'000)	Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	Range
Investment Properties	35,018	Investment Approach	Discount rate	7.25%
		Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	8.70%
		Direct Comparison Approach	Market value	0% to 15%

The investment properties categorised under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are generally sensitive to the various unobservable inputs tabled above. A significant movement of each input would result in significant change to the fair value of the properties.

The following table presents the reconciliation for the investment properties measured at fair value based on unobservable inputs (Level 3):

	2016 (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)
The Group		
Balance at beginning of year	35,018	40,702
Currency realignment	288	(3,373)
Additions	102	-
Reclassified from fixed assets	9,510	-
Reclassified to fixed assets	(523)	-
Net fair value loss recognised in the profit statement	(1,532)	(2,311)
Balance at end of year	42,863	35,018

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(g) Classification of Financial Instruments

Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts of all the Group's and the Company's financial instruments that are carried in the financial statements:

Year Ended 30 September 2016 Assets Fixed assets - - - 490,886 490,886 490,886 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8232 1,8263 1,863 49,0886 478,683 1,8263 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966 1,966		Loans and receivables (\$'000)	Fair value through profit and loss (\$'000)	Available- for-sale (\$'000)	Liabilities at amortised cost (\$'000)	Non- financial assets/ liabilities (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)
Assets Fixed assets C C C 490,886 490,886 Investment properties C C C 42,863 24,863 Properties held for development C C C 18,232 18,232 Joint venture companies 48,631 C C C 20,622 46,569 Associated companies 3 C C 43,003 43,003 43,006 Intangible assets C C C 96,764 96,764 96,764 Brands C C C 09,764 96,764 96,764 Brands C C C 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892 27,892	The Group						
Investment properties	·						
Properties held for development Joint venture companies 48,631 - - 18,232 18,232 18,232 18,232 18,232 18,232 18,232 18,232 18,232 18,232 18,669 46,669 46,669 46,669 46,669 46,669 43,003 43,003 43,003 43,003 43,003 43,006 18,232 43,003 43,003 43,006 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 67,64 87,65 67,64 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 96,764 <td>Fixed assets</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>490,886</td> <td>490,886</td>	Fixed assets	-	-	-	-	490,886	490,886
Dinit venture companies	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	42,863	42,863
Associated companies 3 - - 43,003 43,006 Intangible assets - - - 96,764 96,764 Brands - - - 96,764 96,764 Brands - - - 96,764 96,764 Brands - - - 27,892 27,892 Other investments - - 1,363,389 - 21,390 55,025 Other receivables 30,286 549 - - 24,190 55,025 Deferred tax assets - - - - 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,265 14,565 14,565 14,565 14,565 14,565 14,565 14,565 14,565 14,565 14,565	Properties held for development	-	-	-	-	18,232	18,232
Intangible assets - - - 96,764 96,764 Brands - - - 27,892 27,892 Other investments - 1,363,389 - 24,190 55,025 Other receivables 30,286 549 - - 24,190 55,025 Deferred tax assets - - - 13,267 13,267 Inventories - - - - 247,332 247,332 Inventories 267,178 - - - 267,178 - - - 267,178 Related parties 4,565 - - - - 4,565 Bank fixed deposits 566,182 - - - - 4,565 Bank fixed deposits 566,182 - - - - 479,347 Assets held for sale 3,672 - - - 6,703 10,372 Trade payables - - -<	Joint venture companies	48,631	-	-	-	(2,062)	46,569
Brands - - - - 27,892 27,892 Other investments - 1,363,389 - - 1,363,389 Other receivables 30,286 549 - - 24,190 55,025 Deferred tax assets - - - - 13,267 13,267 Inventories - - - - 247,332 247,332 Inventories - - - - 247,332 247,332 Inventories - - - - - 267,178 Related parties 4,565 - - - - 4,565 Bank fixed deposits 566,182 - - - - - 566,182 Cash and bank balances 479,347 - - - 6,703 10,375 Assets held for sale 3,672 - - - 6,703 10,375 Trade payables - -	Associated companies	3	-	-	-	43,003	43,006
Other investments - 1,363,389 - 1,363,389 Other receivables 30,286 549 - - 24,190 55,025 Deferred tax assets - - - - 13,267 13,267 Inventories - - - - 247,332 247,332 Inventories 2 - - - 247,332 247,332 Trade receivables 267,178 - - - 267,178 Related parties 4,565 - - - 4,565 Bank fixed deposits 566,182 - - - - 566,182 Cash and bank balances 479,347 - - - - 479,347 Assets held for sale 3,672 - - - 6,703 10,375 Trade payables - - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - - 203,287 10,344 2	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	96,764	96,764
Other receivables 30,286 549 - 24,190 55,025 Deferred tax assets - - - 13,267 13,267 Inventories - - - 247,332 247,332 Inventories 267,178 - - 267,178 Related parties 4,565 - - - 4,565 Bank fixed deposits 566,182 - - - 566,182 Cash and bank balances 479,347 - - - 479,347 Assets held for sale 3,672 - - - 6,703 10,375 Trade payables 3,672 - - - 6,703 10,372 Trade payables - - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties <td< td=""><td>Brands</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>27,892</td><td>27,892</td></td<>	Brands	-	-	-	-	27,892	27,892
Deferred tax assets - - - 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 13,267 247,332 247,332 247,332 247,332 247,332 247,332 247,332 247,332 247,378 265,178 366,182 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565 4,565<	Other investments	-	-	1,363,389	-	-	1,363,389
Inventories	Other receivables	30,286	549	-	-	24,190	55,025
Trade receivables 267,178 - - 267,178 Related parties 4,565 - - 4,565 Bank fixed deposits 566,182 - - - 566,182 Cash and bank balances 479,347 - - - 479,347 Assets held for sale 3,672 - - 6,703 10,375 Liabilities Trade payables - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - 242 203,287 10,344 213,873 Associated companies - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision f	Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	13,267	13,267
Related parties 4,565 - - - 4,565 Bank fixed deposits 566,182 - - - 566,182 Cash and bank balances 479,347 - - - 479,347 Assets held for sale 3,672 - - - 6,703 10,375 Liabilities Trade payables Other payables - - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - - - 203,287 10,344 213,873 Associated companies - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - 2,339 - 2,339 <	Inventories	-	-	-	-	247,332	247,332
Bank fixed deposits 566,182 - - - 566,182 Cash and bank balances 479,347 - - - 479,347 Assets held for sale 3,672 - - - 6,703 10,375 Liabilities Trade payables Other payables - - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - - - 242 - 203,287 10,344 213,873 Associated companies - - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - - 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits	Trade receivables	267,178	-	-	-	-	267,178
Cash and bank balances 479,347 - - - 479,347 Assets held for sale 3,672 - - - 6,703 10,375 Liabilities Trade payables Other payables - - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - 242 - 203,287 10,344 213,873 Associated companies - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 19,518 19,518	Related parties	4,565	-	-	-	-	4,565
Assets held for sale 3,672 6,703 10,375 1,399,864 549 1,363,389 - 1,009,070 3,772,872 Liabilities Trade payables Other payables Other payables Associated companies Associated companies Related parties Borrowings Provision for taxation Liabilities	Bank fixed deposits	566,182	-	-	-	-	566,182
Liabilities 1,399,864 549 1,363,389 - 1,009,070 3,772,872 Liabilities Trade payables - - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - 242 - 203,287 10,344 213,873 Associated companies - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 19,518 19,518	Cash and bank balances	479,347	-	-	-	-	479,347
Liabilities Trade payables - - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - 242 - 203,287 10,344 213,873 Associated companies - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 19,518 19,518	Assets held for sale	3,672	-	-	-	6,703	10,375
Trade payables - - 180,548 - 180,548 Other payables - 242 - 203,287 10,344 213,873 Associated companies - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 19,518 19,518		1,399,864	549	1,363,389	-	1,009,070	3,772,872
Other payables - 242 - 203,287 10,344 213,873 Associated companies - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 19,518 19,518	Liabilities						
Associated companies - - - 1,565 - 1,565 Related parties - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 19,518 19,518	Trade payables	-	-	-	180,548	-	180,548
Related parties - - - 13,915 - 13,915 Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 19,518 19,518	Other payables	-	242	-	203,287	10,344	213,873
Borrowings - - - 137,048 - 137,048 Provision for taxation - - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 19,518 19,518	Associated companies	-	-	-	1,565	-	1,565
Provision for taxation - - - - 30,851 30,851 Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 19,518 19,518	Related parties	-	-	-	13,915	-	13,915
Liabilities held for sale - - - 2,339 - 2,339 Provision for employee benefits - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 19,518 19,518	Borrowings	-	-	-	137,048	-	137,048
Provision for employee benefits - - - - 20,671 20,671 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 19,518 19,518	Provision for taxation	-	-	-	-	30,851	30,851
Deferred tax liabilities 19,518 19,518	Liabilities held for sale	-	-	-	2,339	-	2,339
Deferred tax liabilities 19,518 19,518	Provision for employee benefits	-	-	-	-	20,671	20,671
- 242 - 538,702 81,384 620,328	Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	19,518	19,518
		-	242	-	538,702	81,384	620,328

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(g) Classification of Financial Instruments (cont'd)

	Loans and receivables (\$'000)	Fair value through profit and loss (\$'000)	Available- for-sale (\$'000)	Liabilities at amortised cost (\$'000)	Non- financial assets/ liabilities (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)
The Group						
Year Ended 30 September 2015						
Assets						
Fixed assets	-	-	-	-	464,388	464,388
Investment properties	-	-	-	-	35,018	35,018
Properties held for development	-	-	-	-	17,848	17,848
Joint venture companies	45,991	-	-	-	(1,499)	44,492
Associated companies	3,403	-	-	-	41,860	45,263
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	78,750	78,750
Brands	-	-	-	-	27,481	27,481
Other investments	-	-	844,780	-	-	844,780
Other receivables	31,696	2,533	-	-	21,021	55,250
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	18,156	18,156
Inventories	-	-	-	-	253,918	253,918
Trade receivables	278,792	-	-	-	-	278,792
Related parties	1,742	-	-	-	-	1,742
Bank fixed deposits	450,336	-	-	-	-	450,336
Cash and bank balances	515,243	-	-	-	-	515,243
Assets held for sale	3,600	-	-	-	7,812	11,412
	1,330,803	2,533	844,780	-	964,753	3,142,869
Liabilities						
Trade payables	-	-	-	201,113	-	201,113
Other payables	-	338	-	184,783	11,598	196,719
Associated companies	-	-	-	1,843	-	1,843
Related parties	-	-	-	15,788	-	15,788
Borrowings	-	-	-	100,475	-	100,475
Provision for taxation	-	-	-	-	31,712	31,712
Liabilities held for sale	-	-	-	1,802	-	1,802
Provision for employee benefits	-	-	-	-	18,201	18,201
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	19,139	19,139
	-	338	-	505,804	80,650	586,792

For the year ended 30 September 2016

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(g) Classification of Financial Instruments (cont'd)

The Company Year Ended 30 September 2016 Assets Fixed assets 3 3 333 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 302 302 202 202		Loans and receivables (\$'000)	Fair value through profit and loss (\$'000)	Available- for-sale (\$'000)	Liabilities at amortised cost (\$'000)	Non- financial assets/ liabilities (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)
Assets Fixed assets 0 393 393 Subsidiary companies 230,142 - - 906,790 1,136,932 Associated companies - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - 187 187 Brands - - - 187 187 Brands - - - 185,240 - 185,240 Other investments - - - 185,240 - - 185,240 Other receivables - - - - - 185,240 Cher receivables - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	The Company						
Fixed assets 3 393 Subsidiary companies 230,142 - - 906,790 1,136,932 Associated companies - - - 18,100 18,100 Intangible assets - - - 187 187 Brands - - - - 121 212 212 Other investments - - - 185,240 - 198 1,074 Related parties 6 - - - 198 1,074 Related parties 6 - - - 231,018 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - - - -	Year Ended 30 September 2016						
Subsidiary companies 230,142 - - 906,790 1,336,932 Associated companies - - - 18,100 18,100 Intangible assets - - - 187 187 Brands - - - 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 218,240 198 1,074 212 218,240 - 185,240 198 1,074 218 - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>Assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Assets						
Associated companies - - - 18,100 18,100 Intangible assets - - - 187 187 Brands - - - 185,240 212 212 Chher investments 854 22 - - 198 1,074 Related parties 6 - - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - 270,726 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fixed assets	-	-	-	-		393
Intangible assets	Subsidiary companies	230,142	-	-	-	906,790	1,136,932
Brands - - - - 212 212 Other investments - - 185,240 - 185,240 Other receivables 854 22 - - 198 1,074 Related parties 6 - - - - 6 Bank fixed deposits 231,018 - - - - 231,018 Cash and bank balances 270,726 - - - - 270,726 Tother payables - 20 7,403 - 7,423 Subsidiary companies - 20 - 7,403 - 108,364 Related parties - 20 - 7,403 - 108,364 Related parties - 20 - 7,403 - 108,364 Related parties - - 0 108,364 - 108,364 Related parties - - 0 1,286 -	Associated companies	-	-	-	-	•	•
Other investments - 185,240 - 185,240 Other receivables 854 22 - 198 1,074 Related parties 6 - - - 231,018 Bank fixed deposits 231,018 - - - 231,018 Cash and bank balances 270,726 - - - 270,726 Total Time 732,746 22 185,240 - 925,880 1,843,888 Use of payables Subsidiary companies - 20 - 7,403 - 7,423 Subsidiary companies - 20 - 108,364 - 108,364 Related parties - 20 - 1,286 - 1,286 Provision for taxation - - - 1,286 - 1,286 Provision for taxation - - - 1,286 - 1,286 Provision for taxation - - -	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	187	187
Other receivables 854 22 - 198 1,074 Related parties 6 - - - - 6 6 Bank fixed deposits 231,018 - - - 231,018 - - 231,018 - - 231,018 - - 231,018 - - 231,018 - - 231,018 - - 231,018 - - 231,018 - - 270,726 - - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - 270,726 - - 270,278 - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>Brands</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>212</td><td>212</td></td<>	Brands	-	-	-	-	212	212
Related parties 6 - - - 6 Bank fixed deposits 231,018 - - - 231,018 Cash and bank balances 270,726 - - - 270,726 732,746 22 185,240 - 925,880 1,843,888 Liabilities Other payables - 20 - 7,403 - 7,423 Subsidiary companies - 20 - 7,403 - 7,423 Related parties - - - 108,364 - 108,364 Related parties - - - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - 1,286 - <td>Other investments</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>185,240</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>185,240</td>	Other investments	-	-	185,240	-	-	185,240
Bank fixed deposits 231,018 - - 231,018 Cash and bank balances 270,726 - - 270,726 732,746 22 185,240 - 270,726 Total Time Institutes Unber payables Cher payables - 20 - 7,403 - 108,364 Related parties - 20 - 108,364 - 108,364 Related parties - - - - 108,364 - 108,364 Related parties - - - - - - 1286 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>Other receivables</td> <td>854</td> <td>22</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>198</td> <td>1,074</td>	Other receivables	854	22	-	-	198	1,074
Cash and bank balances 270,726 - - - - 270,726 Total payables 732,746 20 - 7,403 - 7,423 Subsidiary companies - 20 - 108,364 - 108,364 Related parties - - - 108,364 - 1,286 Related parties - - - 1,286 - 3,972 3,972 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 1,286 - 3,972 3,972 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 <th< td=""><td>•</td><td>6</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>6</td></th<>	•	6	-	-	-	-	6
Liabilities 732,746 22 185,240 925,880 1,843,888 Cher payables - 20 7,403 7,423 Subsidiary companies - - 108,364 108,364 Related parties - - 1,286 - 1,286 Provision for taxation - - 1,286 - 3,972 3,972 Deferred tax liabilities - - - 18,185 185 185 Deferred tax liabilities - - 0 117,053 4,157 121,230 Vear Ended 30 September 2015 Registration - - 0 117,053 4,157 121,230 Vear Ended 30 September 2015 September 2015 Associated companies 155,826 - - 9 96,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - 96,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - 120,129	Bank fixed deposits	231,018	-	-	-	-	231,018
Liabilities Cother payables Cother payable	Cash and bank balances	270,726	-	-	-	-	270,726
Other payables - 20 7,403 - 7,423 Subsidiary companies - - 108,364 - 108,364 Related parties - - - 1,286 - 1,286 Provision for taxation - - - - 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,121,230 3,138 3,138 3,138 3,138 3,138 3,138 3,138 3,138 </td <td></td> <td>732,746</td> <td>22</td> <td>185,240</td> <td>-</td> <td>925,880</td> <td>1,843,888</td>		732,746	22	185,240	-	925,880	1,843,888
Subsidiary companies - - 108,364 - 108,364 Related parties - - 1,286 - 1,286 Provision for taxation - - - 3,972 3,972 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 3,972 3,972 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 3,972 3,972 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - - 185 185 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Liabilities						
Related parties - - 1,286 - 1,286 Provision for taxation - - - 3,972 3,972 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 185 185 Year Ended 30 September 2015 Assets Subsidiary companies 155,826 - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - - - 212 212 212 Other investments - - 120,129 - - 13,87 138 1,387 Bak fixed deposits 276,978 - - - - 276,978 <td< td=""><td>Other payables</td><td>-</td><td>20</td><td>-</td><td>7,403</td><td>-</td><td>7,423</td></td<>	Other payables	-	20	-	7,403	-	7,423
Provision for taxation - - - 3,972 3,972 3,972 3,972 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810	Subsidiary companies	-	-	-	108,364	-	108,364
Deferred tax liabilities - - - 185 185 Year Ended 30 September 2015 Assets Subsidiary companies 155,826 - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - - 120,129 - 120,129 Other investments - - 120,129 - - 120,129 Other receivables 574 295 - - 518 1,387 Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - 518 1,387 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities - - - <td>Related parties</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,286</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,286</td>	Related parties	-	-	-	1,286	-	1,286
Year Ended 30 September 2015 Assets Subsidiary companies 155,826 - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 18,100 10,212 212 212 <td>Provision for taxation</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>3,972</td> <td>3,972</td>	Provision for taxation	-	-	-	-	3,972	3,972
Year Ended 30 September 2015 Assets Subsidiary companies 155,826 - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - - 212 212 Other investments - - 120,129 - 120,129 Other receivables 574 295 - - 518 1,387 Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - 276,978 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - 261,494 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - <t< td=""><td>Deferred tax liabilities</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>185</td><td>185</td></t<>	Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	185	185
Assets Subsidiary companies 155,826 - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - - 212 212 Other investments - - 120,129 - - 120,129 Other receivables 574 295 - - 518 1,387 Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - 276,978 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265		-	20	-	117,053	4,157	121,230
Subsidiary companies 155,826 - - - 906,790 1,062,616 Associated companies - - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - - - 212 212 Other investments - - 120,129 - - 120,129 Other receivables 574 295 - - - 518 1,387 Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - - 276,978 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - - 261,494 694,872 295 120,129 - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - - 95,789 -	Year Ended 30 September 2015						
Associated companies - - - - 18,100 18,100 Brands - - - - - 212 212 Other investments - - 120,129 - - 120,129 Other receivables 574 295 - - - 518 1,387 Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - - 276,978 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - - 261,494 694,872 295 120,129 - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - - 1,265 - 1,265 <td>Assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Assets						
Brands - - - - 212 212 Other investments - - 120,129 - - 120,129 Other receivables 574 295 - - - 518 1,387 Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - - 276,978 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - - 261,494 694,872 295 120,129 - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - -	Subsidiary companies	155,826	-	-	-	906,790	1,062,616
Other investments - - 120,129 - - 120,129 Other receivables 574 295 - - - 518 1,387 Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - - 276,978 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - - 261,494 694,872 295 120,129 - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - - 114 114	Associated companies	-	-	-	-	18,100	18,100
Other receivables 574 295 - - 518 1,387 Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - - 276,978 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - - 261,494 694,872 295 120,129 - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - - 114 114	Brands	-	-	-	-	212	212
Bank fixed deposits 276,978 - - - - 276,978 Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - - 261,494 694,872 295 120,129 - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - - 114 114	Other investments	-	-	120,129	-	-	120,129
Cash and bank balances 261,494 - - - - 261,494 694,872 295 120,129 - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 114 114	Other receivables	574	295	-	-	518	1,387
Liabilities 694,872 295 120,129 - 925,620 1,740,916 Liabilities 0ther payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 114 114	Bank fixed deposits	276,978	-	-	-	-	276,978
Liabilities Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 114 114	Cash and bank balances	261,494	-	-	-	-	261,494
Other payables - - - 10,312 - 10,312 Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 114 114		694,872	295	120,129	-	925,620	1,740,916
Subsidiary companies - - - 95,789 - 95,789 Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - - 114 114	Liabilities						
Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - - 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 114 114	Other payables	-	-	-	10,312	-	10,312
Related parties - - - 1,265 - 1,265 Provision for taxation - - - - - 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 114 114	. 3	-	-	-		-	
Provision for taxation - - - - 3,138 3,138 Deferred tax liabilities - - - - 114 114		-	-	-		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities 114 114	-	-	-	-	· -	3,138	
	Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	•	•
					107,366	3,252	110,618

For the year ended 30 September 2016

36. UNUSUAL ITEM

On 9 January 2014, Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd ("F&NHB"), a subsidiary of the Company listed on Bursa Malaysia, entered into a settlement agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") with BJC O-I Glass Pte Ltd ("BJC O-I"), Berli Jucker Public Company Ltd ("BJC") and ACI International Pty Ltd ("ACI") in respect of a suit instituted by BJC O-I against F&NHB.

The Settlement Agreement covered all claims pleaded in the Suit and/or in connection with a share purchase agreement dated 14 May 2010 (the "Share Purchase Agreement") between BJC, ACI and F&NHB for the sale by F&NHB to BJC and ACI as purchasers of the entire issued and paid-up share capital of Malay Glass Products Sdn Bhd ("MGP"), save and except for:

- (a) claims relating to Sichuan Malaya Glass Co Ltd ("SMG") as pleaded in the Suit ("SMG Claims"). SMG is one of the subsidiaries of MGP; and
- (b) claims relating to Taxation assessment liabilities pursuant to the terms and conditions in the Share Purchase Agreement ("Tax Claims").

F&NHB, BJC, ACI and BJC O-I expressly agreed, consented to and acknowledged that:

- (a) ACI's right to institute fresh proceedings against the Company in respect of the Share Purchase Agreement is limited to the SMG Claims as pleaded in the Suit; and
- (b) BJC O-I's right to institute fresh proceedings against the Company in respect of the Share Purchase Agreement is limited to the Tax Claims.

As of the date of this report, no claims in respect of the SMG Claims and Tax Claims have been filed against F&NHB. F&NHB has made adequate provision in respect of the SMG Claims and Tax Claims.

37. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios to support its business and maximise shareholder value. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 30 September 2016 and 2015.

The Group monitors its cashflow, debt maturity profile, cost of funds, overall liquidity position and gearing ratio on a continuous basis. The Group's policy is to keep gearing ratio at not more than 80% of total equity.

The gearing ratio is calculated as net borrowings divided by total equity. Net borrowings is calculated as borrowings less cash and bank deposits. Total equity is calculated as shareholders' fund plus non-controlling interests.

	TH	E GROUP	THE	COMPANY
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Cash & bank deposits	1,045,529	965,579	501,744	538,472
Borrowings	(137,048)	(100,475)	-	-
Net cash	908,481	865,104	501,744	538,472
Shareholders' fund	2,843,084	2,268,049	1,722,658	1,630,298
Total equity (including non-controlling interests)	3,152,544	2,556,077	1,722,658	1,630,298

Certain entities in the Group are required to comply with certain externally imposed capital requirements in respect of certain external borrowings. The Group and the Company are in compliance with all externally imposed capital requirements.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

38. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND FRS INTERPRETATION

The Group has not adopted the following relevant standards and interpretations that have been issued as at balance sheet date but are not yet effective:

Description		Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
FRS 114	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 27	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 16 and FRS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 16 and FRS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 111	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 110 and FRS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
Amendments to FRS 110, FRS 112 and FRS 28	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 1	Disclosure Initiative	1 January 2016
Improvements to FRSs 2014		
Amendment to FRS 105	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	1 January 2016
Amendment to FRS 107	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2016
Amendment to FRS 19	Employee Benefits	1 January 2016
Amendment to FRS 34	Interim Financial Reporting	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 7	Disclosure Initiative	1 January 2017
Amendments to FRS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses	1 January 2017
FRS 115	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2018
FRS 109	Financial Instruments	1 January 2018
FRS 116	Leases	1 January 2019

Except for FRS 115, FRS 109 and FRS 116, the Directors expect that the adoption of the other new and amendments to standards above will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. The nature of the impending changes in accounting policy on adoption of the following FRS are described below.

(a) FRS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

FRS 115 establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. FRS 115 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including FRS 18 Revenue, FRS 11 Construction Contracts and the related interpretations when it becomes effective. The core principle of FRS 115 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under FRS 115, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by FRS 115.

The Group is currently determining the impact of the new accounting standard.

(b) FRS 109 Financial Instruments

FRS 109 Financial Instruments replaces the existing guidance in FRS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. FRS 109 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including classification and measurement of financial assets, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting. Retrospective application is required, but comparative information is not compulsory in the year of adoption.

The Group is currently determining the impact of the new accounting standard.

(c) FRS 116 Leases

FRS 116 Leases will result in almost all leases being recognised on the balance sheet, as the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals are recognised, with exceptions to short-term and low-value leases. The accounting for lessors will not change significantly. The standard will affect primarily the accounting for the Group's operating leases.

The Group is currently determining the impact of the new accounting standard.

On 29 May 2014, the Accounting Standards Council (ASC) announced that Singapore-incorporated companies listed on SGX will apply a new financial reporting framework identical to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) for the financial year ending 31 December 2018 onwards. This means that the Group's comparative information for the financial year ended 30 September 2018 and the opening balance sheet as at 1 October 2017 would have to comply with this new financial reporting framework.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

39. SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES, JOINT ARRANGEMENTS AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Effective Shareholding 2016 2015 Principal Activities

		2016	2015	Principal Activities
	SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES OF THE COMPANY			
	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Singapore			
(A)	Fraser & Neave (Singapore) Pte. Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Management Services
(A)	F&N Investments Pte Ltd	100.0%	100.0%	Investment Holding
(A)	F&N Foods Pte Ltd	100.0%	100.0%	Manufacture and Distribution of Dairy Products and Beverages
(A)	Asia Dairies (S) Pte Ltd	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(A)	F&N Dairy Investments Pte Ltd	100.0%	100.0%	Investment Holding
(A)	F&N Interflavine Pte Ltd	100.0%	100.0%	Beverage Base Manufacturing
(A)	InterF&B Pte. Ltd.	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(A)	Times Publishing Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Investment Holding
(A)	F&NBev Manufacturing Pte. Ltd.	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(A)	F&N Treasury Pte Ltd	100.0%	100.0%	Provision of Treasury and Financial Services
(A)	F&N Creameries (S) Pte. Ltd. (Held by a subsidiary company)	100.0%	100.0%	Distribution of Ice-Cream
(A)	Warburg Vending Pte Ltd (Held by a subsidiary company)	100.0%	-	Vending Machine Operator
(A)	Warburg Engineering Pte. Ltd. (Held by a subsidiary company)	100.0%	-	Machine Repair and Servicing
(A)	Warburg Vending Services Pte. Ltd. (Held by a subsidiary company)	100.0%	-	Vending Machine Operator
	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Hong Kong			
(B)	Fraser & Neave Investments (Hong Kong) Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Malaysia			
(B)	Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd	55.5%	55.5%	Investment Holding
(B)	Tiger Tavern Sdn. Bhd.	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(B)	Magnolia - PDL Dairies (1993) Sdn. Bhd.	100.0%	100.0%	Investment Holding
(B)	F&N Services (F&B) Sdn Bhd	100.0%	100.0%	Technical Application and Brand Marketing Support Services
(B)	F&N Services (L) Bhd	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(B)	Yoke Food Industries Sdn Bhd	70.0%	70.0%	Manufacture, Export and Distribution of Soft Drinks
	(Held by a subsidiary company) Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Thailand			DISCIDUCION OF SOIL DINKS
(B)	F&N United Limited (Held by a subsidiary company)	95.0%	95.0%	Manufacture and Distribution of Dairy Products
(C)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Indonesia PT. F&N Indonesia (Held by subsidiary companies)	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(C)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Vietnam F&N Vietnam Limited Liability Company (Held by a subsidiary company)	100.0%	-	Dormant
	SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES OF F&N CREAMERIES GROUP			
(D)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Malaysia F&N Ice Cream Manufacturing (M) Sdn Bhd	100.00/	100.00/	Manufacture and Distribution of
(B)	rain ice cream manufacturing (m) sun bilu	100.0%	100.0%	lce-Cream
(B)	F&N Creameries (M) Sdn Bhd	100.0%	100.0%	Distribution of Ice-Cream
(B)	F&N Ice Cream Manufacturing (Sarawak) Sdn Bhd	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(D)	FOR Companying (Company) Color Db d	400.00/	100 00/	В .

100.0%

100.0% Dormant

Notes:

(B)

- (A) Audited by KPMG LLP Singapore.
- (B) Audited by KPMG in the respective countries.

F&N Creameries (Sarawak) Sdn Bhd

(C) To be appointed.

For the year ended 30 September 2016

39. SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES, JOINT ARRANGEMENTS AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (cont'd)

Effective Shareholding				
		2016	2015	Principal Activities
	SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES OF YOKE FOOD INDUSTRIES GROUP			
3)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Malaysia Lee Fah Marketing Sdn Bhd	70.0%	70.0%	Dormant
3)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Indonesia PT Yoke Food Industries Indonesia	70.0%	70.0%	Distribution of Soft Drinks
	SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES OF FRASER & NEAVE HOLDINGS GROUP			
3)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Malaysia Fraser & Neave (Malaya) Sdn Bhd	55.5%	55.5%	Management Services and Property Investment Holding
3)	F&N Beverages Marketing Sdn Bhd F&N Beverages Manufacturing Sdn Bhd	55.5% 55.5%	55.5% 55.5%	Distribution of Soft Drinks Manufacture and Distribution
3)	F&N Dairies (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd Premier Milk (Malaya) Sdn Bhd	55.5% 55.5%	55.5% 55.5%	of Soft Drinks Distribution of Dairy Products Dormant
	F&N Foods Sdn Bhd Kuala Lumpur Glass Manufacturers Company Sdn Bhd Wimanis Sdn Bhd	55.5% 55.5% 55.5%	55.5% 55.5% 55.5%	Dormant Dormant Dormant
3)	Lettricia Corporation Sdn Bhd Elsinburg Holdings Sdn Bhd	38.9% 55.5%	38.9% 55.5%	Property Development Dormant
3) 3) 3)	Nuvak Company Sdn Bhd Greenclipper Corporation Sdn Bhd Utas Mutiara Sdn Bhd	55.5% 55.5% 55.5%	55.5% 55.5% 55.5%	Dormant Property Development Property Investment Holding
3)	Borneo Springs Sdn Bhd	55.5%	55.5%	Manufacture and Sale of Mineral Water
3)	F&N Dairies Manufacturing Sdn Bhd	55.5%	55.5%	Manufacture and Distribution
3)	F&N Properties Sdn Bhd	55.5%	55.5%	Of Dairy Products Provision of Property Management Services
3)	F&N Capital Sdn Bhd	55.5%	55.5%	Provision of Treasury and Financial Services
3)	Tropical League Sdn Bhd	55.5%	55.5%	Dormant
۸)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Singapore F&N Dairies Distribution (Singapore) Pte Ltd	55.5%	55.5%	Distribution of Dairy Products
3)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Thailand F&N Dairies (Thailand) Limited	55.5%	55.5%	Manufacture and Distribution of Dairy Products
)	F&N Beverages (Thailand) Limited	55.5%	55.5%	Dormant
	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: British Virgin Islands			
3)	Lion Share Management Limited	55.5%	55.5%	Brand Owner
3)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Brunei F&N Marketing (B) Sdn Bhd	55.5%	55.5%	Dormant
	SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES OF TIMES PUBLISHING GROUP			
4) 4) 4)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Singapore Marshall Cavendish International Private Limited Marshall Cavendish International (Asia) Private Limited Marshall Cavendish Education Pte. Ltd. Marshall Cavendish Business Information Private Limited	100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	Investment Holding Publishing of Trade Books Publishing - Education Publishing of Trade Directory
				and Business Information

Notes:

- (A) Audited by KPMG LLP Singapore.
- (B) Audited by KPMG in the respective countries.
- * In voluntary liquidation

For the year ended 30 September 2016

39. SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES, JOINT ARRANGEMENTS AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (cont'd)

			ective eholding 2015	Principal Activities
	SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES OF TIMES PUBLISHING GROUP (cont'd)			
	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Singapore (cont	.'d)		
(E)	Educational Technologies Private Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(A)	Marshall Cavendish Institute Pte. Ltd.	100.0%	100.0%	Publishing - Education
(A)	Pansing Distribution Private Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Distribution of Books and Magazines
(E)	Goodwill Binding Pte. Ltd.	51.0%	51.0%	Dormant
(A)	JCS Digital Solutions Pte. Ltd.	100.0%	100.0%	Digital Printing
(A)	Times Experience Pte. Ltd. (Formerly Times Editions Pte Ltd)	100.0%	100.0%	Organising Conventions/ Conferences and E-retail of Products & Services
(A)	Times Graphics Private Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Dormant
(A)	Times Printers Private Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Commercial Printing
(/-()		100.070	100.070	Commercial Finding
	Country of Incorporation: Singapore			
(A)	Place of Business: Singapore and Malaysia Times The Bookshop Pte Ltd	100.0%	100.0%	Retail of Books, Stationery, Magazines and Periodicals
(B)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Malaysia Marshall Cavendish (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	100.0%	100.0%	Publishing - Education, Business Information and
(D)	CTD Distributers (MA) Condition Dowland	400.00/	100.00/	Trade Books
(B) (B)	STP Distributors (M) Sendirian Berhad Pansing Marketing Sdn Bhd	100.0% 100.0%	100.0% 100.0%	Dormant Distribution of Books and
(B)	Times Offset (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd	100.0%	100.0%	Magazines Commercial Printing
(B)	Pansing Distribution Sdn Bhd	100.0%	100.0%	Distribution of Books and Magazines
(B)	Country of Incorporation: Hong Kong Place of Business: Hong Kong/Thailand Far East Publications Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Distribution of Home Library Reference Books
(B)(1)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Thailand Marshall Cavendish International (Thailand) Co., Ltd	49.0%	49.0%	Publishing - Education
(B)	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Hong Kong Everbest Printing Holdings Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Investment Holding
(B)	Everbest Printing Investment Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Investment Holding
(B)	Everbest Printing Company Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Commercial Printing
	(accounting year ends on 31 March)			_
(B)	Marshall Cavendish Business Information (HK) Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Publishing of Trade Directory and Business Information
(B)	Times Publishing (Hong Kong) Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Education Publishing and Distribution of Magazines
(B)	Educational Technologies Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Publishing and Selling of Home Library Reference Books
	Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: China			
(B)	Everbest Printing (Guangzhou) Company Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Commercial Printing
(B)(2)		51.0%	51.0%	Commercial Printing and

Notes:

- (A) Audited by KPMG LLP Singapore.
- (B) Audited by KPMG in the respective countries.
- (E) Not required to be audited under the laws of the country of incorporation.
- (1) Company is treated as a subsidiary of the Group by virtue of management control over financial and operating policies of the company.

Packaging

(2) Classified as Assets and Liabilities Held for Sale (Note 26(b)).

Effective

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2016

39. SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES, JOINT ARRANGEMENTS AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (cont'd)

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES OF TIMES PUBLISHING GROUP (cont'd) Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: China (cont'd) (D) Marshall Cavendish (Beijing) Co. Ltd. (All the above companies, incorporated in China, accounting year ends on 31 December) Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: India (B) Direct Educational Technologies India Pvt. Ltd. (accounting year ends on 31 March) Principal Activities 100.0% 100.0% Dormant 100.0% Distribution of Home Reference Books	Library
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: China (cont'd) (D) Marshall Cavendish (Beijing) Co. Ltd. (All the above companies, incorporated in China, accounting year ends on 31 December) Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: India (B) Direct Educational Technologies India Pvt. Ltd. 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% Dormant 100.0% 100.0% Distribution of Home	Library
(D) Marshall Cavendish (Beijing) Co. Ltd. (All the above companies, incorporated in China, accounting year ends on 31 December) Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: India (B) Direct Educational Technologies India Pvt. Ltd. 100.0% Dormant 100.0% Dormant	Library
(B) Direct Educational Technologies India Pvt. Ltd. 100.0% Distribution of Home	Library
The transfer of the state of th	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Australia (E) Musicway Corporation Pty Ltd 100.0% Distribution of Lifesty Accessories and Store Products	
(E) Marshall Cavendish (Australia) Pty. Limited 100.0% 100.0% Investment Holding	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: United Kingdom (B) Marshall Cavendish Limited 100.0% 100.0% Investment Holding	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: United States of America	
(E) Marshall Cavendish Corporation 100.0% Publishing of Library Reference Books	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Chile (E) Marshall Cavendish Education Chile SpA (accounting year ends on 31 December) 100.0% Publishing - Education	n
JOINT VENTURE COMPANY OF FRASER & NEAVE HOLDINGS GROUP	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Malaysia (B) Vacaron Company Sdn Bhd 27.8% Property Developme	nt
JOINT OPERATION OF TIMES PUBLISHING GROUP	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Singapore (D) Times Newslink (Accounting year ends on 31 December) 50.0% Retail of Books and Magazines	
ASSOCIATED COMPANY OF THE COMPANY	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Australia (D)(3) PMP Limited (Accounting year ends on 30 June) 12.3% Printing and Packaging	ng
ASSOCIATED COMPANY OF FRASER & NEAVE HOLDINGS GROUP	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Malaysia (D) Cocoaland Holdings Berhad (Accounting year ends on 31 December) 15.1% Investment Holding	
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES OF TIMES PUBLISHING GROUP	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: China (E) Beijing Universal Times Culture Development Co., Ltd. (Accounting year ends on 31 December) 40.0% Jormant	
Country of Incorporation and Place of Business: Nigeria (E) Transworld Times Press (Africa) Limited (Accounting year ends on 31 December) 40.0% Dormant	

Notes:

- (B) Audited by KPMG in the respective countries.
- (D) Audited by other firms of auditors.
- (E) Not required to be audited under the laws of the country of incorporation.
- (3) Company is treated as an associated company of the Group by virtue of significant influence over the company.

PARTICULARS OF GROUP PROPERTIES

The main properties as at 30 September 2016 and their net book values are indicated below: ("F&N" refers to Fraser and Neave Group and "TPL" refers to Times Publishing Group)

			Land (\$'000)	Buildin (\$'00
CLAS	SIFIED	AS FIXED ASSETS		
(Note	12 to 1	he Financial Statements)		
FREEH	OLD			
Cingan	oro			
Singap TPI	- 1.1	hectares industrial property at Times Centre, 1 New Industrial Road	6,100	4,19
			0,.00	.,
F&N	sular Ma - 18.0			
FOIN	- 10.0	hectares industrial property at Lot 3-1 & Lot 3-2, Lion Industrial Park, Shah Alam	16,011	19,21
	- 2.3	hectares industrial property at 3724 to 3726 Sungei Nyior, Butterworth	1,556	59
	- 2.7	hectares industrial property at 217, Jalan Lahat, Ipoh	928	1,13
	- 2.2	hectares industrial property at 701, Jalan Tampoi, Johor Bahru	2,525	4
	- 0.6	hectares industrial property at 598, Jalan Tampoi, Johor Bahru	346	98
	- 0.1	hectares office premise at No. 3, Jalan Metro Pudu, Fraser Business Park,	3.0	50
		Kuala Lumpur	-	4,16
	- 0.4	hectares industrial property at Seksyen 26, Shah Alam, Selangor	538	26
	- 2.0	hectares industrial property at Lot 7399 & 8081, Jalan Mempaga, Mukim Sabai,		
		Karak, Pahang	761	2,44
	- 0.3	hectares office premise at Level 1, 5, 6 & 7, Kompleks Metro Pudu,		
		No. 1 Jalan Metro Pudu 2, Fraser Business Park, Kuala Lumpur	-	4,00
	- Oth	er properties	308	10
TPL	- 1.2	hectares industrial property at Lot 46, Subang Hi-Tech Industrial Park,		
		Batu Tiga, Shah Alam	1,270	1,81
East M	lalaysia			
	- 1.1	hectares industrial property at Lot 924 Block 4, Matang Land District, Sarawak	1,442	1,29
-1 .1		, U	,	, -
Thaila		hartenes in district and a staid and a state of OO Mars O Mitage of David District		
F&N	- 1.2	hectares industrial property at 90 Moo 8 Mitapap Road, Phayayen District, Amphur Pakchong, Nakonratchasima Province 30320		1,09
	- 9.2	hectares industrial property at 668 Moo 4 Rojana Industrial Park Zone 2,	_	1,09
	- 9.2	U-thai, Phra Nakhon Si Ayutthaya 13210	6,680	44,34
		o thai, i ma mainten siriyatanaja 13210	3,000	,.
Austra				
TPL	- 0.2	hectares commercial property at Unit 7 & 8 Monash Business Park, 29 Business Park Drive, Nottinghill, Melbourne - Victoria	794	28
		25 Business Faik Drive, Nottingfilli, Melbourne - Victoria	734	20
United	l States o	of America		
TPL	- 0.2	hectares commercial property at 99 White Plains Road, Tarrytown,		
		New York	683	2,69
Total F	reehold		39,942	88,66
LEASE	HOLD			
Singap	ore			
F&N	- 4.0	hectares industrial property at 214 Pandan Loop		
		(Lease expires year 2040)	-	10,69
	- 0.1	hectares industrial property at 51 Quality Road		
		(Lease expires year 2044)	-	3
	- 0.1	hectares industrial property at 53 Loyang Way		
		(Lease expires year 2029)	1,789	

PARTICULARS OF GROUP PROPERTIES

CLASSIFIED AS FIXED ASSETS (cont'd) (Note 12 to the Financial Statements) LEASEHOLD (cont'd) Singapore (cont'd) TPL - Commercial property at Unit #04-08 - #04-11, The Centrepoint, 176 Orchard Road (Lease expires year 2078) - 1.8 hectares industrial property at 16 & 18 Tuas Avenue 5 (Lease expires year 2043) Peninsular Malaysia F&N - 15.1 hectares industrial property at Lot 56, Section 4, Phase 2B, Mukim Klang, Selangor (Lease expires year 2097) - 2.0 hectares industrial property at Plot 183 & 184, Jalan Cyber 9, Senai, Johor (Lease expires year 2068) - 2.0 hectares industrial property at Plot 182, Jalan Cyber 9, Senai, Johor (Lease expires year 2073) - Other properties East Malaysia F&N - 2.6 hectares industrial property at 5.5 Miles Tuaran Road, Kota Kinabalu (Lease expires year 2062) - 2.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1581 Block 4, Matang Land District, Kuching (Lease expires year 2071) - 2.9 hectares industrial property at Lot 4814 Block 218, KNLD, Kuching (Lease expires year 2074) - Shop office at Lot 142 Block 63, Kuching (Lease expires year 20784) - 0.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	8,896 1,490 997 372	11,43: 51,79: 4,14: 1,56:
TPL Continuation Continuation	1,490 997 372	11,43 51,79 4,14 1,56
TPL - Commercial property at Unit #04-08 - #04-11, The Centrepoint, 176 Orchard Road (Lease expires year 2078) - 1.8 hectares industrial property at 16 & 18 Tuas Avenue 5 (Lease expires year 2043) Peninsular Malaysia F&N - 15.1 hectares industrial property at Lot 56, Section 4, Phase 2B, Mukim Klang, Selangor (Lease expires year 2097) - 2.0 hectares industrial property at Plot 183 & 184, Jalan Cyber 9, Senai, Johor (Lease expires year 2068) - 2.0 hectares industrial property at Plot 182, Jalan Cyber 9, Senai, Johor (Lease expires year 2073) - Other properties F&N - 2.6 hectares industrial property at 5.5 Miles Tuaran Road, Kota Kinabalu (Lease expires year 2062) - 2.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1581 Block 4, Matang Land District, Kuching (Lease expires year 2071) - 2.9 hectares industrial property at Lot 4814 Block 218, KNLD, Kuching (Lease expires year 2074) - Shop office at Lot 142 Block 63, Kuching (Lease expires year 2784) - 0.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) China/Hors Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	1,490 997 372	11,43: 51,79: 4,14: 1,56:
TPL Commercial property at Unit #04-08 - #04-11, The Centrepoint, 176 Orchard Road (Lease expires year 2078)	1,490 997 372	1,565
Peninsular Malaysia	1,490 997 372	51,798 4,144 1,569
F&N - 15.1 Nectares industrial property at Lot 56, Section 4, Phase 2B, Mukim Klang, Selangor (Lease expires year 2097) - 2.0 Nectares industrial property at Plot 183 & 184, Jalan Cyber 9, Senai, Johor (Lease expires year 2068) - - 2.0 Nectares industrial property at Plot 182, Jalan Cyber 9, Senai, Johor (Lease expires year 2073) - Other properties F&X - 2.5 Nectares industrial property at 5.5 Miles Tuaran Road, Kota Kinabalu (Lease expires year 2062) - 2.4 Nectares industrial property at Lot 1581 Block 4, Matang Land District, Kuching (Lease expires year 2071) - 2.9 Nectares industrial property at Lot 4814 Block 218, KNLD, Kuching (Lease expires year 2074) - 3.5 Shop office at Lot 142 Block 63, Kuching (Lease expires year 2784) (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand F&N - 3.5 Nectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand - - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hors Kors Sasidential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	1,490 997 372	4,144 1,565
F&N F&N	1,490 997 372	4,144 1,565
Clease expires year 2068 - 2.0 hectares industrial property at Plot 182, Jalan Cyber 9, Senai, Johor (Lease expires year 2073) - Other properties	997 372	,
Clease expires year 2073 Clease expires year 2073 Clease expires year 2073 Clease expires year 2062 Clease expires year 2062 Clease expires year 2062 Clease expires year 2062 Clease expires year 2071 Clease expires year 2071 Clease expires year 2071 Clease expires year 2074 Clease expires year 2784 Clease expires year 2784 Clease expires year 2035 Clease expires year 2035 Clease expires year 2035 Clease expires year 2029 Clease expires year 2029 Clease expires year 2021 Clease expires year 2054	372	1,565 165
F&N 2.6 hectares industrial property at 5.5 Miles Tuaran Road, Kota Kinabalu (Lease expires year 2062) - 2.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1581 Block 4, Matang Land District, Kuching (Lease expires year 2071) - 2.9 hectares industrial property at Lot 4814 Block 218, KNLD, Kuching (Lease expires year 2074) - Shop office at Lot 142 Block 63, Kuching (Lease expires year 2784) - 0.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand		165
F&N - 2.6 hectares industrial property at 5.5 Miles Tuaran Road, Kota Kinabalu (Lease expires year 2062) - 2.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1581 Block 4, Matang Land District, Kuching (Lease expires year 2071) - 2.9 hectares industrial property at Lot 4814 Block 218, KNLD, Kuching (Lease expires year 2074) - Shop office at Lot 142 Block 63, Kuching (Lease expires year 2784) - 0.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	650	
(Lease expires year 2062) - 2.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1581 Block 4, Matang Land District, Kuching (Lease expires year 2071) - 2.9 hectares industrial property at Lot 4814 Block 218, KNLD, Kuching (Lease expires year 2074) - Shop office at Lot 142 Block 63, Kuching (Lease expires year 2784) - 0.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	650	
(Lease expires year 2071) - 2.9 hectares industrial property at Lot 4814 Block 218, KNLD, Kuching (Lease expires year 2074) - Shop office at Lot 142 Block 63, Kuching (Lease expires year 2784) - 0.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	659	1,588
(Lease expires year 2074) - Shop office at Lot 142 Block 63, Kuching (Lease expires year 2784) - 0.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	1,331	913
(Lease expires year 2784) - 0.4 hectares industrial property at Lot 1008, Bintawa Industrial Estate, Kuching (Lease expires year 2035) Thailand F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	2,228	5,456
Thailand F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	75	50
F&N - 3.5 hectares industrial property at No. 19/111 Moo 7, 95 Thakarm Road, Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	6	96
Samaedam, Bangkhuntien, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2029) TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)		
TPL - Warehouse at Soi Wat Kok #20/526-527, Rama II Road, Bangkok (Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)		
(Lease expires year 2021) China/Hong Kong TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	-	110
TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)	-	15
TPL - Residential property at Unit 1AF Riverside Garden, Shenyang, China (Lease expires year 2054)		
(Lease expires year 2054)		
	_	159
 Industrial property at Dachong Western Industrial District, Nansha Panyu, Guangdong, China 		133
(Lease expires year 2044)	2,311	12,250
 Offices at Seaview Estate - 10th Floor, Block C, No. 8 Watson Road, North Point, Hong Kong 		
(Lease expires year 2057) - Offices at Seaview Estate - 9th Floor, Block C, No. 8 Watson Road, North Point,	4,260	102
Hong Kong		01
(Lease expires year 2057) Total Leasehold	4 020	90 100,665
TOTAL PROPERTIES (CLASSIFIED AS FIXED ASSETS)	4,039 28,453	

PARTICULARS OF GROUP PROPERTIES

		Land (\$'000)	Building (\$'000)
(B)	CLASSIFIED AS COMPLETED INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Note 13 to the Financial Statements)		
	Singapore		
	TPL - 0.7 hectares industrial property at 438 Ang Mo Kio Industrial Park Leasehold (Lease expires year 2038)	-	15,700
	Peninsular Malaysia		
	F&N - A building comprising office (LG to 5th Floor) at Kompleks Metro Pudu, No. 1 Jalan Metro Pudu 2, Fraser Business Park, Kuala Lumpur		
	Freehold, lettable area - 4,702 sqm - Office at Lot 682 Seksyen 92, Fraser Business Park, Off Jalan Yew, Kuala Lumpur	-	16,076
	Freehold, lettable area - 3,787 sqm	-	168
	Hong Kong		
	 TPL - Shop unit at Houston Centre, 63 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Leasehold (Lease expires year 2053), lettable area - 68 sqm 0.2 hectares office at Unit 1, 10th Floor of Block A & Unit 5, 10th Floor of Block C, Ko Fai Industrial Building 	1,256	118
	No. 7 Ko Fai Road, Yau Tong, Kowloon		0.545
	Leasehold (Lease expires year 2047) TOTAL PROPERTIES (CLASSIFIED AS INVESTMENT PROPERTIES)	1,256	9,545 41,607
	TOTAL PROPERTIES (CLASSIFIED AS INVESTIMENT PROPERTIES)	1,230	41,007
	Stage of Completion	Estimated Date of	Effective Group Interest
		Completion	%
(C)	CLASSIFIED AS PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT (Note 14 to the Financial Statements)		
	Peninsular Malaysia		
	F&N - Freehold land of approximately 3,787 sqm at Fraser Business Park, Off Jalan Yew, Kuala Lumpur	-	56
	 Freehold land of approximately 188,182 sqm for a residential property development at Lot 609, Geran 24235, Mukim Hulu Semenyih, District of Hulu Langat, Selangor. - 		56
	- Freehold land of approximately 57,105 sqm for a residential property development at Lot 1954, Geran 243472,		30
	Mukim Hulu Semenyih, District of Hulu Langat, Selangor Freehold land of approximately 12,759 sqm for a commercial	-	56
	property development at Lot 15350 to 15351 & Lot PTB 20048, Jalan Balau 1, Jalan Dato Sulaiman, Jalan Tebrau, Mukim Bandar, Johor Bahru.	-	56

SHAREHOLDING STATISTICS

As at 12 December 2016

Class of Shares - Ordinary shares Voting Rights - One vote per share

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	%	No. of Shares	%*
1 - 99	114	1.48	3,767	0.00
100 – 1,000	1,463	18.95	1,322,321	0.09
1,001 - 10,000	4,724	61.17	20,197,238	1.40
10,001 - 1,000,000	1,408	18.23	66,700,787	4.61
1,000,001 and above	13	0.17	1,357,549,590	93.90
TOTAL	7,722	100.00	1,445,773,703	100.00

TOP TWENTY SHAREHOLDERS (as shown in the Register of Members and Depository Register)

No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholdings	%*
1	DBS Nominees Pte Ltd	442,070,970	30.58
2	United Overseas Bank Nominees Pte Ltd	430,500,071	29.78
3	InterBev Investment Limited	412,423,822	28.53
4	Citibank Nominees Singapore Pte Ltd	41,714,396	2.89
5	DBS Vickers Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd	10,276,430	0.71
6	UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd	6,714,860	0.46
7	Raffles Nominees (Pte) Ltd	5,325,193	0.37
8	Lee Seng Tee	2,500,000	0.17
9	Phay Thong Huat Pte Ltd	1,799,000	0.12
10	CIMB Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd	1,101,348	0.08
11	Chua Eng Him	1,065,000	0.07
12	HSBC (Singapore) Nominees Pte Ltd	1,051,780	0.07
13	The Titular Roman Catholic Archbishop of Kuala Lumpur	1,006,720	0.07
14	Choo Meileen	906,065	0.06
15	Chee Swee Cheng & Co Pte Ltd	846,610	0.06
16	Morgan Stanley Asia (Singapore) Securities Pte Ltd	780,942	0.05
17	DB Nominees (Singapore) Pte Ltd	747,065	0.05
18	DBSN Services Pte Ltd	661,206	0.05
19	OCBC Nominees Singapore Pte Ltd	658,760	0.05
20	OCBC Securities Private Ltd	655,460	0.04
TOTA	L	1,362,805,698	94.26

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (as shown in the Register of Substantial Shareholders)

	Direct	Deemed Interest		
	No. of Shares	%*	No. of Shares	%*
TCC Assets Limited	858,080,062	59.35	-	-
InterBev Investment Limited	412,423,822	28.53	-	-
International Beverage Holdings Limited (1)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	412,423,822	28.53
Thai Beverage Public Company Limited (2)	-	-	412,423,822	28.53
Siriwana Company Limited (3)	-	-	412,423,822	28.53
MM Group Limited (4)	-	-	412,423,822	28.53
Maxtop Management Corp. (4)	-	-	412,423,822	28.53
Risen Mark Enterprise Ltd. (4)	-	-	412,423,822	28.53
Golden Capital (Singapore) Limited (4)	-	-	412,423,822	28.53
Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi (5)	-	-	1,270,503,884	87.88
Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi (5)	-	-	1,270,503,884	87.88

To the best of the Company's knowledge and based on records of the Company as at 12 December 2016, approximately 12%* of the issued shares (excluding treasury shares) of the Company are held in the hands of the public and this complies with Rule 723 of the Listing Manual.

- *Percentage is based on 1,445,773,703 shares (excluding 1,304,051 treasury shares) as at 12 December 2016.
 (1) International Beverage Holdings Limited ("IBHL") holds a 100% direct interest in InterBev Investment Limited ("IBIL") and is therefore deemed to be interested in all of the shares of The international Beverage Holdings Limited ("BHL) floids a 100% direct interest in Interest in Interest in Interest in Relations of Fraser and Neave, Limited ("BRN") in which IBIL has an interest.

 Thai Beverage Public Company Limited ("ThaiBev") holds a 100% direct interest in IBHL, which in turn holds a 100% direct interest in IBIL. ThaiBev is therefore deemed to be interested in all of the shares of F&N in which IBIL has an interest.

 Siriwana Company Limited holds an approximate 45.27% direct interest in ThaiBev;
- - ThaiBev holds a 100% direct interest in IBHL; and
 - IBHL holds a 100% direct interest in IBIL.

Siriwana Company Limited is therefore deemed to be interested in all of the shares of F&N in which IBIL has an interest.

- MM Group Limited ("MM Group") holds a 100% direct interest in each of Maxtop Management Corp. ("Maxtop"), Risen Mark Enterprise Ltd. ("RM") and Golden Capital (Singapore) Limited ("GC");
 - Maxtop holds a 17.23% direct interest in ThaiBev;
 - RM holds a 3.32% direct interest in ThaiBev;
 - GC holds a 0.06% direct interest in ThaiBev;
 - ThaiBev holds a 100% direct interest in IBHL; and
 - IBHL holds a 100% direct interest in IBIL.

MM Group is therefore deemed to be interested in all of the shares of F&N in which IBIL has an interest.

- Each of Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and his spouse, Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi, owns 50% of the issued share capital of TCC Assets Limited ("TCCA"), and is therefore deemed to be interested in all of the shares of F&N in which TCCA has an interest. Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi also jointly hold:

 - a 51% direct interest in Siriwana Company Limited, which in turn holds an approximate 45.27% direct interest in ThaiBev; and
 a 100% direct interest in MM Group. MM Group holds a 100% direct interest in each of Maxtop, RM and GC. Maxtop holds a 17.23% direct interest in ThaiBev; RM holds a 3.32% direct interest in ThaiBev; and GC holds a 0.06% direct interest in ThaiBev.

ThaiBev holds a 100% direct interest in IBHL, which in turn holds a 100% direct interest in IBIL. Each of Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi is therefore deemed to be interested in all of the shares of F&N in which IBIL has an interest.

INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS

Particulars of interested person transactions ("IPTs") for the period from 1 October 2015 to 30 September 2016 as required under Rule 907 of the SGX Listing Manual are set out below.

Name of interested person	Aggregate value of all IPTs during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than \$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920) (\$'000)	Aggregate value of all IPTs conducted during the financial year under review under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 (excluding transactions less than \$100,000) (\$'000)
TCC Group of Companies ⁽¹⁾		
- Sale of products and provision of services	127	1,533
- Provision of management and support services	1,224	386
- Reimbursement and recovery of advertising and		
promotional expenses	8,213	Nil
- Purchase of products and obtaining of services	Nil	7,331
- Obtaining of marketing services	368	Nil
- Lease of office/commercial space	Nil	262
- Purchase of business and assets	1,033	Nil

Note:

MATERIAL CONTRACTS (RULE 1207(8) OF THE SGX LISTING MANUAL)

There were no material contracts entered into by the Company or any of its subsidiaries involving the interests of any director or controlling shareholder of the Company during the financial year under review, save as disclosed above and in this Annual Report.

⁽¹⁾ This refers to the companies and entities in the TCC Group which are controlled by Mr Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi and Khunying Wanna Sirivadhanabhakdi.

FRASER AND NEAVE, LIMITED

(Company Registration No. 189800001R) (Incorporated in Singapore)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Date: Tuesday, 24 January 2017

Place: Ballrooms II and III

Level 2, InterContinental Singapore

80 Middle Road Singapore 188966

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 118th Annual General Meeting of FRASER AND NEAVE, LIMITED (the "**Company**") will be held at Ballrooms II and III, Level 2, InterContinental Singapore, 80 Middle Road, Singapore 188966 on Tuesday, 24 January 2017 at 9.30 a.m. for the following purposes:

ROUTINE BUSINESS

- 1. To receive and adopt the Directors' statement and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2016 and the auditor's report thereon.
- 2. To approve a final tax-exempt (one tier) dividend of 3.0 cents per share in respect of the year ended 30 September 2016.
- 3. To pass the following resolutions on the recommendation of the Nominating Committee and endorsement of the Board of Directors in respect of appointment of Directors¹:
 - (a) "That Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming, who will retire by rotation pursuant to article 117 of the Constitution of the Company and who, being eligible, has offered himself for re-election, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company."
 - Subject to his re-appointment, Mr Chia, who is considered an independent Director, will be re-appointed as Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a Member of the Audit Committee.
 - (b) "That Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan, who will retire by rotation pursuant to article 117 of the Constitution of the Company and who, being eligible, has offered herself for re-election, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company."
 - Subject to her re-appointment, Mrs Siripen, who is considered an independent Director, will be re-appointed as Chairman of the Audit Committee and a Member of each of the Remuneration and Nominating Committees.
 - (c) "That Mr Chotiphat Bijananda, who will retire by rotation pursuant to article 117 of the Constitution of the Company and who, being eligible, has offered himself for re-election, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company."Subject to his re-appointment, Mr Chotiphat will continue in office as a Director of the Company.
- 4. To approve Directors' fees of up to S\$2,000,000 payable by the Company for the year ending 30 September 2017 (last year: up to S\$2,000,000).
- 5. To re-appoint KPMG LLP as the auditor of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolutions, which will be proposed as Ordinary Resolutions:

- 6. "That authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to:
 - (a) (i) issue shares of the Company ("shares") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
 - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "**Instruments**") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures, or other instruments convertible into shares,

at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and

¹ Detailed information on the Directors who are proposed to be re-appointed can be found under "Board of Directors" and "Corporate Governance" in the Annual Report 2016 of the Company.

(b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any Instrument made or granted by the Directors while this Resolution was in force,

provided that:

- (1) the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this Resolution (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 50% of the total number of issued shares, excluding treasury shares (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below), of which the aggregate number of shares to be issued other than on a *pro rata* basis to shareholders of the Company (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) shall not exceed 20% of the total number of issued shares, excluding treasury shares (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below);
- (2) (subject to such manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST")) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (1) above, the percentage of issued shares shall be based on the total number of issued shares, excluding treasury shares, at the time this Resolution is passed, after adjusting for:
 - (i) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities or share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed; and
 - (ii) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of shares;
- (3) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Constitution for the time being of the Company; and
- (4) (unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting) the authority conferred by this Resolution shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier."
- 7. "That authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to:
 - (a) grant awards in accordance with the provisions of the F&N Restricted Share Plan (the "Restricted Share Plan") and/or the F&N Performance Share Plan (the "Performance Share Plan"); and
 - (b) allot and issue such number of ordinary shares of the Company as may be required to be delivered pursuant to the vesting of awards under the Restricted Share Plan and/or the Performance Share Plan,

provided that the aggregate number of new ordinary shares allotted and issued and/or to be allotted and issued, when aggregated with existing ordinary shares (including shares held in treasury) delivered and/or to be delivered, pursuant to the Restricted Share Plan and the Performance Share Plan, shall not exceed 10% of the total number of issued ordinary shares of the Company, excluding treasury shares, from time to time."

- 8. "That authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to allot and issue from time to time such number of ordinary shares of the Company as may be required to be allotted and issued pursuant to the Fraser and Neave, Limited Scrip Dividend Scheme."
- 9. "That:
 - (a) approval be and is hereby given, for the purposes of Chapter 9 of the Listing Manual ("Chapter 9") of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, for the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are considered to be "entities at risk" under Chapter 9, or any of them, to enter into any of the transactions falling within the types of interested person transactions described in the Appendix to the Company's Letter to Shareholders dated 5 January 2017 (the "Letter"), with any party who is of the class of interested persons described in the Appendix to the Letter, provided that such transactions are made on normal commercial terms and in accordance with the review procedures for such interested person transactions (the "IPT Mandate");
 - (b) the IPT Mandate shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company; and
 - (c) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing all such documents as may be required) as they and/or he may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the IPT Mandate and/or this Resolution."

10. "That:

- (a) for the purposes of Sections 76C and 76E of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "**Companies Act**"), the exercise by the Directors of the Company of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary shares of the Company ("**Shares**") not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Percentage (as hereafter defined), at such price or prices as may be determined by the Directors from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereafter defined), whether by way of:
 - (i) market purchase(s) on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") transacted through the SGX-ST trading system and/or any other securities exchange on which the Shares may for the time being be listed and quoted ("Other Exchange"); and/or
 - (ii) off-market purchase(s) (if effected otherwise than on the SGX-ST or, as the case may be, Other Exchange) in accordance with any equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the Directors as they consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Companies Act,

and otherwise in accordance with all other laws and regulations and rules of the SGX-ST or, as the case may be, Other Exchange as may for the time being be applicable, be and is hereby authorised and approved generally and unconditionally (the "Share Purchase Mandate");

- (b) unless varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred on the Directors of the Company pursuant to the Share Purchase Mandate may be exercised by the Directors at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the date of the passing of this Resolution and expiring on the earliest of:
 - (i) the date on which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is held;
 - (ii) the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held; and
 - (iii) the date on which purchases and acquisitions of Shares pursuant to the Share Purchase Mandate are carried out to the full extent mandated;
- (c) in this Resolution:

"Average Closing Price" means the average of the closing market prices of a Share over the five consecutive market days on which the Shares are transacted on the SGX-ST or, as the case may be, Other Exchange, immediately preceding the date of the market purchase by the Company or, as the case may be, the date of the making of the offer pursuant to the off-market purchase, and deemed to be adjusted, in accordance with the listing rules of the SGX-ST, for any corporate action that occurs after the relevant five-day period;

"date of the making of the offer" means the date on which the Company makes an offer for the purchase or acquisition of Shares from holders of Shares, stating therein the relevant terms of the equal access scheme for effecting the off-market purchase;

"Maximum Percentage" means that number of issued Shares representing 7% of the issued Shares as at the date of the passing of this Resolution (excluding any Shares which are held as treasury shares as at that date); and

"Maximum Price" in relation to a Share to be purchased or acquired, means the purchase price (excluding related brokerage, commission, applicable goods and services tax, stamp duties, clearance fees and other related expenses) which shall not exceed 105% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares; and

(d) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing all such documents as may be required) as they and/or he may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Resolution."

By Order of the Board

Anthony Cheong Fook Seng Company Secretary

5 January 2017

NOTES:

- 1. (a) A member of the Company who is not a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the meeting. Where such member's form of proxy appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy.
 - (b) A member of the Company who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member's form of proxy appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy.

"Relevant intermediary" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50.

- 2. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be deposited at the office of the share registrar of the Company, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (A division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.), 80 Robinson Road #11-02, Singapore 068898, not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting.

EXPLANATORY NOTES:

- (a) The Ordinary Resolution proposed in item 6 above is to authorise the Directors of the Company from the date of the Annual General Meeting until the next Annual General Meeting to issue shares and/or make or grant instruments that might require shares to be issued, and to issue shares in pursuance of such instruments, up to a limit of 50% of the total number of issued shares of the Company, excluding treasury shares, with a sub-limit of 20% for issues other than on a *pro rata* basis, calculated as described in the Resolution.
- (b) The Ordinary Resolution proposed in item 7 above is to authorise the Directors of the Company to offer and grant awards and to issue ordinary shares of the Company pursuant to the F&N Restricted Share Plan (the "Restricted Share Plan") and the F&N Performance Share Plan (the "Performance Share Plan") provided that the aggregate number of new ordinary shares allotted and issued and/or to be allotted and issued, when aggregated with existing ordinary shares (including shares held in treasury) delivered and/or to be delivered, pursuant to the Restricted Share Plan and the Performance Share Plan, shall not exceed 10% of the total number of issued ordinary shares of the Company, excluding treasury shares, from time to time. The Committee administering the Restricted Share Plan and the Performance Share Plan currently does not intend, in any given year, to grant awards under the Restricted Share Plan and the Performance Share Plan which would comprise more than 1% of the total number of issued ordinary shares from time to time (the "Yearly Limit"). However, if the Yearly Limit is not fully utilised in any given year, the balance of the unutilised Yearly Limit may be used by the Company to make grants of awards in subsequent years.
- (c) The Ordinary Resolution proposed in item 8 above is to authorise the Directors of the Company to allot and issue ordinary shares of the Company pursuant to the Fraser and Neave, Limited Scrip Dividend Scheme to eligible members who, in respect of a qualifying dividend, have elected to receive scrip in lieu of the cash amount of that qualifying dividend.
- (d) The Ordinary Resolution proposed in item 9 above is to renew the mandate to enable the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are considered to be "entities at risk" under Chapter 9 of the Listing Manual, or any of them, to enter into certain interested person transactions with specified classes of interested persons, as described in the Letter to Shareholders dated 5 January 2017 (the "Letter"). Please refer to the Letter for more details.
- (e) The Ordinary Resolution proposed in item 10 above is to renew the mandate to allow the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire its issued ordinary shares, on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the Resolution.

The Company intends to use internal resources or external borrowings or a combination of both to finance the purchase or acquisition of its ordinary shares. The amount of financing required for the Company to purchase or acquire its ordinary shares, and the impact on the Company's financial position, cannot be ascertained as at the date of this Notice as these will depend on the number of ordinary shares purchased or acquired, whether the purchase or acquisition is made out of capital or profits, and the price at which such ordinary shares were purchased or acquired and whether the ordinary shares purchased or acquired are held in treasury or cancelled.

Purely for illustrative purposes only, the financial effects of an assumed purchase or acquisition of (i) 28,915,474 ordinary shares on 12 December 2016 (the "Latest Practicable Date"), representing 2% of the issued ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) as at that date, and (ii) 101,204,159 ordinary shares on the Latest Practicable Date, representing 7% of the issued ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) as at that date, at the maximum price of \$\$2.20 for one ordinary share (being the price equivalent to 5% above the average of the closing market prices of the ordinary shares for the five consecutive market days on which the ordinary shares were traded on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited immediately preceding the Latest Practicable Date), in the case of a market purchase and an off-market purchase respectively, based on the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 30 September 2016 and certain assumptions, are set out in paragraph 3.7 of the Letter.

Please refer to the Letter for more details.

PERSONAL DATA PRIVACY

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, take-over rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), and (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents or service providers), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes.

FRASER AND NEAVE, LIMITED

(Company Registration No. 189800001R) (Incorporated in Singapore)

PROXY FORM **ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

IMPORTANT

- 1. Relevant intermediaries as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act,
- Relevant intermediaries as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting.
 For CPF/SRS investors who have used their CPF/SRS monies to buy Fraser and Neave, Limited shares, this form of proxy is not valid for use and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them. CPF/SRS investors should contact their respective Agent Banks/SRS Operators if they have any queries regarding their appointment as proxies.
- 3. By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s), the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of Annual General Meeting dated 5 January 2017.

I/We		(Name) _			(NRIC/Pa	sspor	t/Co Reg Number)
of (Address)							
		and Manya Limited (the WCan					(/tda/e33)
being	g a member/members of Fra	aser and Neave, Limited (the " Co i	mpany "), nereby	appoint:		-	
	Name	Adduses	NDIC/Daggnowt	Number			Shareholdings
	Name	Address	NRIC/Passport	Number	No. of Shar	es	%
and/d	or (delete as appropriate)						
					Proporti	on of S	Shareholdings
	Name	Address	NRIC/Passport	Number	No. of Shar		%
me/u Level proxy voting	s on my/our behalf at the A 2, InterContinental Singar A/proxies to vote for or aga	an of the Annual General Meetin AGM of the Company to be held pore, 80 Middle Road, Singapon hinst the resolutions to be propo es may vote or abstain from vo	at 9.30 a.m. on at e 188966 and at esed at the AGM	Tuesday, 24 any adjou as indicate	4 January 201 urnment ther d below. If no	7 at B eof. I/ o spec	Ballrooms II and III, 'We direct my/our cific direction as to
NO.	RESOLUTIONS RELATING TO:				No. of Vote For*	:S	No. of Votes Against*
	ROUTINE BUSINESS						
1.	To receive and adopt the Directors' statement and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2016 and the auditor's report thereon.						
2.	2. To approve a final tax-exempt (one-tier) dividend of 3.0 cents per share in respect of the year ended 30 September 2016.						
3.	3. (a) To re-appoint Director: Mr Timothy Chia Chee Ming						
	(b) To re-appoint Director: Mrs Siripen Sitasuwan						
	(c) To re-appoint Director:	Mr Chotiphat Bijananda					
4.							
5.	To re-appoint KPMG LLP a	s the auditor of the Company and	d to authorise the	è			
	SPECIAL BUSINESS						
6.							
7. To authorise Directors to grant awards and to allot and issue shares pursuant to the F&N Restricted Share Plan and/or the F&N Performance Share Plan.				nt to the			
8.							
9.							
10. To approve the proposed renewal of the share purchase mandate.							
b		If you wish to exercise all your votes ou wish to exercise your votes both '					
Date	Dated this day of 2017. Total Number of Shares held (Note 1)						

NOTES TO PROXY FORM:

- If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register (maintained by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares registered in his name in the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, this instrument appointing a proxy or proxies will be deemed to relate to all the shares held by the member.
- 2. (a) A member of the Company who is not a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the meeting. Where such member's form of proxy appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy.
 - (b) A member of the Company who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member's form of proxy appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy.
 - "Relevant intermediary" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50.
- 3. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 4. This instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be deposited at the office of the share registrar of the Company, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (A division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.), 80 Robinson Road #11-02, Singapore 068898, not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting.
- 5. Completion and return of this instrument appointing a proxy or proxies shall not preclude a member from attending and voting at the meeting. Any appointment of a proxy or proxies shall be deemed to be revoked if a member attends the meeting in person, and in such event, the Company reserves the right to refuse to admit any person or persons appointed under the instrument of proxy, to the meeting.
- 6. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney or a duly authorised officer.
- 7. Where an instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
- 8. The Company shall be entitled to reject an instrument appointing a proxy or proxies which is incomplete, improperly completed, illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument (including any related attachment). In addition, in the case of a member whose shares are entered in the Depository Register, the Company may reject an instrument appointing a proxy or proxies if the member, being the appointor, is not shown to have shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.

Fold here

Affix Postage Stamp

THE COMPANY SECRETARY

FRASER AND NEAVE, LIMITED

c/o Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services

(A division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.)

80 Robinson Road #11-02

Singapore 068898

Fold here



This annual report is printed on environmentally-friendly paper which contains wood pulp from well-managed forests using an elemental chlorine free process.

Fraser and Neave, Limited

438 Alexandra Road #20-00 Alexandra Point Singapore 119958 Tel: (65) 6318 9393 Fax: (65) 6271 0811 www.fraserandneave.com

(Company Registration No. 189800001R) (Incorporated in Republic of Singapore)

For online version of F&N FY2016 Annual Report, please refer to www.fraserandneave.com/investor-relations

Accompanying this report: F&N Sustainability Report

